

No. 623.

THE FEEDING STUFFS (CONTROL) LAW, 1953.  
LAW 29 OF 1953.

REGULATIONS MADE UNDER SECTION 14.

J. FLETCHER-COOKE,  
*Acting Governor.*

In exercise of the powers vested in me by section 14 of the Feeding Stuffs (Control) Law, 1953, I, the Acting Governor, do hereby make the following Regulations.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Feeding Stuffs Regulations, 1953.

2. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires—

“feeding stuff” for the purposes of section 2 of the Law and the Regulations means any of the articles prescribed in the first column of the First Schedule hereto;

“Law” means the Feeding Stuffs (Control) Law, 1953.

3. For the purposes of section 3 (a) of the Law a feeding stuff shall conform with the particulars laid down in the second and third columns of the First Schedule hereto.

4. For the purposes of section 5 (b) of the Law the particulars to be marked on the containers holding any of the compound fodders mentioned in the first column of the Second Schedule shall be those laid down in the second column of the Second Schedule hereto.

5.—(1) For the purposes of section 6 of the Law the following particulars shall be supplied by the seller in respect of the feeding stuffs mentioned in the first column of the Second Schedule hereto :—

(a) the name under which the feeding stuff is sold,

(b) such particulars as are in relation to the feeding stuff contained in the second column of the Second Schedule.

(2) The particulars mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) of this regulation shall be supplied in any of the following manners :—

(a) by packing the feeding stuff in suitable containers on which the aforesaid particulars are legibly marked; or

(b) by handing out the feeding stuff, at the time of sale, from containers or heaps bearing labels or other marks on which the aforesaid particulars are conspicuously marked; or

(c) by handing the buyer, at the time of sale, a written or printed statement containing the aforesaid particulars.

6. Particulars supplied under section 3 (e) of the Law shall be in the following manner :—

*Phosphorus.* Amount of phosphorus expressed as tricalcium phosphate.

*Vitamin A.* International units per gram of compound fodder.

7. No compound fodders intended for sale shall be prepared, produced, made or manufactured except in premises licensed by the Director, who may refuse to grant a licence if in his opinion the premises are not suitable for preparing, producing, making or manufacturing such compound fodders.

8. Any person who fails to comply with or contravenes these Regulations shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to imprisonment not exceeding three months or to fifty pounds fine or to both such imprisonment and fine.

## FIRST SCHEDULE.

Name	Definition	Composition
<i>Animal Products :</i>		
1. Meat Meal.	Ground dried sterilized animal tissues.	Not less than 50 per cent of crude protein, not more than 12 per cent of fat and not more than 10 per cent moisture. Free from vegetable matter, teeth, hair, hoofs, blood, excrements and stomach contents.
2. Meat and Bone Meal.	Ground dried sterilized meat and bone.	Not less than 35 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 12 per cent of fat. Not more than 10 per cent of moisture. Free from vegetable matter, teeth, hair, horn, hoofs, blood, excrements and stomach contents.
3. Fish meal.	Ground dried fish tissue.	Not less than 40 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 12 per cent of fat. Not more than 6 per cent of salt.
4. Blood meal.	Ground dried blood.	Not less than 55 per cent of crude protein.
<i>Oil Cakes.</i>		
1. Groundnut cake.	Groundnut kernel residue after the extraction of oil by solvents or pressure.	Not less than 32 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 15 per cent of fibre.
2. Cottonseed cake (undecorticated or partly decorticated).	Cottonseed residue after the extraction of oil by pressure or solvents.	Not less than 20 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 24 per cent of crude fibre.
3. Cottonseed cake (decorticated).	Cottonseed residue with the hulls removed after the extraction of oil by solvents or pressure.	Not less than 32 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 12 per cent of crude fibre.
4. Coconut cake.	Dried coconut pulp residue after the extraction of the oil by solvents or pressure.	Not less than 32 per cent of crude protein.
5. Sunflower cake.	Sunflower seed residue after the extraction of oil by solvents or pressure.	Not less than 32 per cent of crude protein.
6. Soya bean cake.	Soya bean seed residue after the extraction of oil by solvents or pressure.	Not less than 32 per cent of crude protein.
7. Linseed cake.	Flax seed residue after the extraction of oil by solvents or pressure.	Not less than 35 per cent of crude protein and not more than 8 per cent of oil.
<i>Ground seeds and their by-products.</i>		
1. Wheat meal.	Ground commercially pure wheat as grown.	
2. Barley meal.	Ground commercially pure barley as grown.	
3. Oats meal.	Ground commercially pure oats as grown.	

Name	Definition	Composition
4. Maize meal.	Ground commercially pure maize seeds as grown.	
5. Vicos meal.	Ground commercially pure seeds of the species <i>Vicia sativa</i> , as grown.	
6. Rovi meal.	Ground commercially pure seeds of the species <i>Vicia ervilia</i> as grown.	
7. Kibbled carobs.	Ground commercially pure carobs as grown.	
8. Coarse wheat bran.	The outer covering of the wheat kernel separated in the process of milling.	Not more than 13 per cent of crude fibre.
9. Fine wheat bran.	The outer covering of the wheat kernel as separated in the process of milling.	Not more than 6 per cent of crude fibre.
10. Barley bran.	The outer covering of the barley kernel as separated in the process of milling.	
11. Rice bran.	The outer covering of the rice kernels shelled and ground	Not more than 20 per cent of oil. Not more than 12 per cent of crude fibre. Free of rice hull.
12. Maize gluten feed.	Residue of maize seed after the extraction of the starch and germ in the manufacture of starch and glucose.	
13. Maize germ cake.	Maize germ after the extraction of the oil by pressure.	
14. Carob germ meal.	The germ of the carob seed obtained in the process of manufacture of gum from carob seed.	
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>		
1. Lucerne meal.	Ground lucerne hay.	Not less than 15 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 30 per cent of crude fibre.
2. Vicos hay meal.	Ground vicos hay.	Not less than 15 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 20 per cent of crude fibre.
3. Dried brewers' grain.	The dried extracted residue of barley malt used in brewing.	
4. Dried yeast.	The product obtained by drying yeast or yeast residues.	Not less than 36 per cent of crude protein.
5. Molasses.	A by-product of the manufacture of sugar from sugar beet or sugar cane.	Not less than 48 per cent of sugar.
6. Extracted carobs.	The dried residue remaining after the extraction of carobs with water.	
7. Acorn meal.	Ground acorns.	
8. Grape seed meal.	Ground grape seeds.	
9. Grape marc meal.	The dried, ground residue remaining after the expression of juice from grapes.	

Name	Definition	Composition
10. Ivory nut meal.	The ground residue of coroso and dom nuts used in the manufacture of buttons.	
11. Straw meal.	The ground straw of cereals or legumes.	
12. Compound fodders	Mixtures of two or more feeding stuffs.	Not more than 3 per cent of ivory nut meal. No straw except as provided below.
(a) for work animals		Not less than 13 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 10 per cent of crude fibre. Not more than 6 per cent of oil.
(b) for dairy cows.		Not less than 16 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 8 per cent of crude fibre. Not more than 5 per cent of oil.
(c) for sheep and goats.		Not less than 14 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 10 per cent of crude fibre. Not more than 6 per cent of oil.
(d) for calves.		Not less than 16 per cent. of crude protein. Not more than 7 per cent of crude fibre. Not more than 5 per cent of oil.
(e) for pigs.		Not less than 14 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 7 per cent of crude fibre. Not more than 5 per cent of oil. Not more than 10 per cent of cotton seed cake.
(f) for poultry.		Not less than 16 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 7 per cent of crude fibre. Not more than 5 per cent of oil.
(g) Hay equivalent.		Not more than 50 per cent of straw meal. Not less than 7 per cent of crude protein. Not more than 25 per cent of crude fibre.
<i>Mineral feeds and vitamin supplements.</i>		
1. Bone meal.	Dried ground sterilized undecomposed bones.	Not less than 45 per cent of phosphorus expressed as tricalcium phosphate. Not less than 65 per cent of ash.
2. Calcium phosphate.	Calcium phosphate of mineral origin.	Not more than 0.5 per cent of fluorine. Not more than 5 per cent of magnesium.
3. Cod liver oil.		Not less than 500 international units of vitamin A per gram.

## SECOND SCHEDULE.

## PARTICULARS TO BE SUPPLIED UNDER SECTION 5 (b) AND 6 OF THE LAW.

Feeding Stuff	Particulars
<i>Animal products.</i>	
1. Meat meal.	Amount of crude protein and fat.
2. Meat and bone meal.	Amount of crude protein and fat.
3. Fish meal.	Amount of crude protein, fat and salt.
4. Blood meal.	Amount of crude protein.
<i>Oil Cakes.</i>	
1. Groundnut cake.	Amount of crude protein and crude fibre.
2. Cottonseed cake (undecorticated or partly decorticated).	Amount of crude protein and crude fibre.
3. Cotton seed cake (decorticated).	Amount of crude protein and crude fibre.
4. Coconut cake.	Amount of crude protein.
5. Sunflower cake.	Amount of crude protein.
6. Soya bean cake.	Amount of crude protein.
7. Linseed cake.	Amounts of crude protein and oil.
<i>Ground seeds and their by-products.</i>	
1. Maize gluten feed.	Amount of crude protein.
2. Carob germ meal.	Amount of crude protein.
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>	
1. Lucerne meal.	Amounts of crude protein and crude fibre.
2. Vicos hay meal.	Amounts of crude protein and crude fibre.
3. Dried brewers' gain.	Amounts of crude protein and crude fibre.
4. Dried yeast.	Amount of crude protein.
5. Molasses.	Amount of sugar.
6. Compound fodders.	Amounts of crude protein, crude fibre and oil.
7. Cod liver oil.	Amount of vitamin A.
<i>Mineral feeds.</i>	
1. Bone meal.	Amount of phosphorus expressed as tricalcium phosphate.
2. Calcium phosphate.	Amount of phosphorus expressed as tricalcium phosphate.

Made at Nicosia this 30th day of November, 1953.

(M.P. 1895/49.)

**No. 624.****THE ELECTRICITY DEVELOPMENT LAWS, 1952 AND 1953.****APPOINTMENT OF MEMBER OF THE AUTHORITY AND DESIGNATION OF CHAIRMAN UNDER SECTION 5.**

A. B. WRIGHT,  
Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in me by section 5 of the Electricity Development Laws, 1952 and 1953, and of every other power enabling me in that behalf, I, the Governor, do hereby appoint Mr. Herbert Franklin Carpenter, C.B.E., to be a member of the Electricity Authority of Cyprus and I designate him to be Chairman thereof.

2. This appointment shall be deemed to have been made with effect from the 5th day of December, 1953.