



**SUPPLEMENT No. 2**

**TO**

**THE CYPRUS GAZETTE No. 399<sub>2</sub> OF 1ST NOVEMBER, 1956.**

**LEGISLATION.**

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**THE STATUTE LAWS OF CYPRUS**

**No. 32 OF 1956.**

**A LAW TO AMEND THE WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' PENSIONS CAP. 291  
LAW.**

**JOHN HARDING,]**

**[27th October, 1956.**

**Governor.**

**BE** it enacted by His Excellency the Governor and  
Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Cyprus as  
follows :—

**1.** This Law may be cited as the Widows' and Orphans' Short title.  
Pensions (Amendment) Law, 1956, and shall be read as one  
with the Widows' and Orphans' Pensions Law (hereinafter Cap. 291  
referred to as "the principal Law").

Amendment  
of section 2  
of the  
principal  
Law.

2. Section 2 of the principal Law is hereby amended as follows :—

(a) by the insertion of the following further proviso to the definition of “ beneficiary ” in sub-section (1) (the semicolon at the end thereof being substituted by a colon) :—

“ Provided further that a child shall not be a beneficiary in respect of more than one contributor; ”;

(b) by the insertion in sub-section (1) in its proper alphabetical place of the following definition :—

“ ‘ Oversea Superannuation Scheme ’ means the Oversea Superannuation Scheme established by the Secretary of State for the Colonies with effect from the 1st January, 1951 ; ”;

(c) by the insertion of the following proviso to sub-section (2) (the full stop at the end thereof being substituted by a colon) :—

“ Provided that a child who, at the date of the contributor’s death, is twenty-five years old or under and who, at that date is receiving full-time education at an educational institution approved by the Government, shall be deemed to be of pensionable age for the purposes of this Law. ”;

(d) by the addition immediately after sub-section (5) of the following new sub-section :—

“ Adoption.

(6)—(a) A child adopted by a contributor while he is married to any wife shall, for the purposes of this Law, be deemed to be the child of the contributor by that marriage if—

(i) the contributor adopted the child before he retired from the public service ;

(ii) the contributor was under the age of fifty-five at the time of the adoption ; and

(iii) the adoption was in accordance with the law of the place where the contributor was resident at the time of the adoption.

(b) The child of a contributor who is adopted by any other person in accordance with the law of the place where such person was resident at the time of the adoption shall not be entitled to benefit under this Law unless the contributor so elects by notice in writing to the Accountant-General or to the Crown Agents given within

twelve months of the date of the adoption order or within such longer period as the Governor may permit.

(c) Nothing in this sub-section shall entitle an adopted child to be paid a pension or a share in any pension where the payment to him of such pension or such share would diminish the pension or the share of any pension immediately payable or being paid at the date of the coming into operation of the Widows' and Orphans' Pensions (Amendment) Law, 1956, to the widow or to any child or children by marriage of the contributor."

3.—(1) Section 3 of the principal Law is hereby amended by the substitution for sub-section (6) of the following sub-section :—

Amendment  
of section 3  
of the  
principal  
Law.

"(6) Annual accounts of the transactions of the Fund during the year ended the preceding last day of December, and a statement of the assets of the Fund at that date shall be prepared by the Accountant-General and shall be audited and certified every year by the Government Auditor and shall thereafter be laid before the Governor, together with a report by the Board on the working of the Fund, not later than the ensuing thirtieth day of June."

(2) This section shall be deemed to have come into operation on the first day of January, 1956.

4. Section 7 of the principal Law is hereby amended by the substitution for the word "less" (line 1) of the word "more".

Amendment  
of section 7  
of the  
principal  
Law.

5.—(1) Section 8 of the principal Law is hereby amended by the insertion therein immediately after paragraph (c) thereof of the following sub-paragraph (the full stop at the end thereof being substituted by a semicolon) :—

Amendment  
of section 8  
of the  
principal  
Law.

"(d) any officer who has claimed exemption from the obligation to become a contributor under section 8A and who subsequently becomes ineligible to continue as a contributor to the Oversea Superannuation Scheme, shall become a contributor under the provisions of this Law from the date on which he ceases to be a contributor in the said Scheme unless he is otherwise ineligible or not liable to do so."

(2) This section shall be deemed to have come into operation on the first day of January, 1951.

Amendment  
of the  
principal  
Law by the  
insertion of  
a new section  
8A.

6.—(1) The principal Law is hereby amended by the insertion therein, immediately after section 8, of the following new section —

“Contributors to the Oversea Superannuation Scheme.

8A.—(1) Any officer who is or becomes a contributor to the Oversea Superannuation Scheme may claim exemption from the obligation to become or to continue to be a contributor under this Law, provided that every such claim shall be made in writing and shall be received by the Accountant-General within three months from the date upon which such officer first became a contributor to the said Scheme or not later than three months after the appointed date, whichever shall be the later.

(2) Every such claim for exemption shall take effect from the date upon which the officer first became a contributor to the said Oversea Superannuation Scheme and the amount of any contributions which he shall have made under this Law since that date shall be refunded to him without interest.

(3) As from the date upon which any such claim to exemption shall take effect, the officer by whom the claim was made shall be deemed, in respect of all rights arising from his contributions made under this Law prior to that date, be subject to the provisions of sections 18 and 19 to the same extent as if he had left the service of the Government on that date.

(4) For the purposes of this section ‘appointed date’ means the date appointed by the Governor by a notice in the *Gazette*.”.

(2) This section shall be deemed to have come into operation on the first day of January, 1951.

Amendment  
of section 9  
of the  
principal  
Law.

7.—(1) Sub-section (1) of section 9 of the principal Law is hereby amended as follows :—

(a) by the substitution for paragraph (f) of the following paragraph :—

“(f) persons whose salary for the time being does not exceed four hundred and fifty pounds per annum ;”;

(b) by the deletion of the word “and” at the end of paragraph (g) and the substitution for the full stop at the end of paragraph (h) of a semicolon and the insertion immediately thereafter of the following new paragraphs :—

“(i) contributors to the Oversea Superannuation Scheme for so long as they are required to contribute thereto, unless already contributing under this Law ; and

(j) members of the Cyprus Police Force below the rank of Assistant Superintendent of Police and members of the Prison Service below the rank of Assistant Superintendent of Prisons.”.

(2) Paragraphs (f) and (j) as inserted in sub-section (1) of section 9 of the principal Law by paragraphs (a) and (b) respectively of sub-section (1) of this section shall be deemed to have come into operation on the first day of January, 1953 :

Provided that a person who, immediately prior to the date of the coming into operation of this Law, is a contributor shall continue to be such a contributor irrespective of whether his salary does or does not exceed four hundred and fifty pounds per annum.

8. Sub-section (1) of section 10 of the principal Law is hereby amended by the substitution for the words “ per annum of his annual salary or pension for the time being : ” (lines 3 and 4) of the words “ of the monthly salary or pension for the time being calculated to the nearest multiple of five mils : ”.

Amendment of section 10 of the principal Law.

9.—(1) Section 11 of the principal Law is hereby amended as follows :—

Amendment of section 11 of the principal Law.

(a) by the substitution in sub-section (1) for the words “ at the rate of four per centum per annum of his annual salary ” (lines 5 and 6) of the words “ equal to the contribution of the officer ” ;

(b) by the substitution in sub-section (3) for the words “ at the rate of four per centum per annum of the annual amount of such pension ” (lines 4 and 5) of the words “ equal to his contribution ” ;

(c) by the deletion of sub-section (5) and the re-numbering of sub-section (6) as sub-section (5).

(2) For the purpose of the calculation of any pension of any contributor who is a contributor under an approved scheme Government’s contribution in respect of the period between the first day of March, 1952, and the date of the coming into operation of this Law shall be deemed to have been the four-fifths of such contributor’s contribution to the Fund during that period.

10. Sub-section (2) of section 17 of the principal Law is hereby amended by the substitution for the words “ thirty-first day of March ” (line 3) of the words “ thirty-first day of December ”.

Amendment of section 17 of the principal Law.

11. The First and Second Schedules to the principal Law are hereby repealed and the following Schedules substituted therefor :—

Repeal of the First and Second Schedules to the principal Law and substitution of new Schedules.

## " FIRST SCHEDULE.

(Section 23.)

TABLE A.

The yearly pension, payable by monthly instalments, which a single payment of 1 will secure.

Age of husband last birthday	Age of wife last birthday										Age of husband last birthday	
	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65		
20	.296	.350	.418	.508	.621							20
1	.281	.333	.398	.483	.595							1
2	.267	.317	.379	.461	.568							2
3	.255	.302	.361	.439	.541							3
4	.244	.287	.344	.417	.515							4
25	.234	.273	.327	.397	.490	.610						25
6	.224	.260	.312	.377	.467	.581						6
7	.214	.249	.297	.360	.444	.556						7
8	.205	.238	.282	.342	.424	.532						8
9	.196	.227	.270	.327	.405	.508						9
30	.188	.217	.257	.312	.386	.485	.621					30
1	.181	.208	.246	.297	.368	.465	.595					1
2	.173	.200	.235	.283	.351	.444	.568					2
3	.167	.191	.224	.270	.334	.424	.543					3
4	.160	.183	.214	.258	.318	.403	.521					4
35	.154	.175	.204	.246	.303	.385	.498	.658				35
6	.148	.168	.195	.234	.288	.366	.476	.629				6
7	.143	.161	.187	.223	.275	.348	.455	.602				7
8	.137	.155	.179	.213	.262	.331	.433	.575				8
9	.132	.149	.172	.203	.249	.314	.412	.549				9
40	.128	.143	.164	.194	.238	.299	.392	.526	.725			40
1	.123	.138	.158	.186	.226	.285	.373	.503	.694			1
2	.119	.132	.151	.177	.216	.271	.355	.478	.667			2
3	.115	.128	.145	.170	.205	.258	.337	.455	.637			3
4	.111	.123	.139	.163	.196	.245	.319	.433	.610			4
45	.107	.118	.134	.156	.187	.233	.303	.412	.581	.840		45
6	.104	.114	.129	.149	.179	.222	.287	.391	.552	.806		6
7	.100	.110	.124	.143	.171	.211	.272	.370	.524	.775		7
8	.097	.106	.119	.137	.163	.201	.258	.351	.498	.741		8
9	.094	.103	.115	.132	.156	.191	.245	.332	.472	.704		9
50	.091	.099	.110	.126	.149	.181	.233	.313	.446	.671		50
1	.088	.096	.106	.121	.142	.173	.221	.296	.422	.637		1
2	.086	.093	.103	.116	.136	.164	.209	.279	.398	.602		2
3	.083	.090	.099	.112	.130	.157	.198	.264	.376	.571		3
4	.080	.087	.096	.108	.125	.150	.188	.249	.355	.541		4

TABLE B.

The yearly pension, payable by monthly instalments, which a yearly contribution of 1, payable by monthly instalments, will secure.

Age of husband last birthday	Age of wife last birthday										Age of husband last birthday	
	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65		
20	6.06	7.17	8.56	10.41	12.72							20
1	5.66	6.70	8.01	9.72	11.98							1
2	5.27	6.26	7.49	9.11	11.22							2
3	4.94	5.85	6.99	8.51	10.48							3
4	4.63	5.45	6.53	7.92	9.78							4
25	4.35	5.08	6.08	7.38	9.11	11.34						25
6	4.07	4.73	5.67	6.85	8.49	10.56						6
7	3.80	4.42	5.28	6.40	7.89	9.88						7
8	3.55	4.13	4.89	5.93	7.35	9.22						8
9	3.31	3.84	4.56	5.53	6.84	8.59						9
30	3.09	3.57	4.23	5.13	6.35	7.98	10.22					30
1	2.89	3.33	3.93	4.75	5.89	7.44	9.52					1
2	2.69	3.10	3.65	4.39	5.45	6.89	8.82					2
3	2.51	2.87	3.37	4.06	5.02	6.37	8.16					3
4	2.33	2.66	3.11	3.75	4.62	5.86	7.57					4
35	2.16	2.45	2.86	3.45	4.25	5.40	6.98	9.23				35
6	2.00	2.27	2.63	3.16	3.89	4.94	6.42	8.49				6
7	1.85	2.08	2.42	2.89	3.56	4.51	5.89	7.79				7
8	1.70	1.92	2.22	2.64	3.25	4.10	5.36	7.12				8
9	1.56	1.76	2.03	2.40	2.94	3.71	4.87	6.48				9
40	1.44	1.60	1.84	2.18	2.67	3.35	4.40	5.90	8.13			40
1	1.30	1.46	1.68	1.97	2.40	3.02	3.96	5.34	7.36			1
2	1.19	1.32	1.51	1.77	2.16	2.70	3.54	4.77	6.66			2
3	1.07	1.19	1.35	1.59	1.91	2.41	3.14	4.24	5.94			3
4	.96	1.06	1.20	1.41	1.70	2.12	2.76	3.75	5.28			4
45	.85	.94	1.07	1.24	1.49	1.86	2.41	3.28	4.63	6.69		45
6	.75	.83	.93	1.08	1.30	1.61	2.08	2.83	4.00	5.84		6
7	.65	.72	.81	.93	1.11	1.37	1.77	2.41	3.41	5.04		7
8	.56	.61	.68	.79	.93	1.15	1.48	2.01	2.86	4.25		8
9	.46	.51	.57	.65	.77	.94	1.21	1.64	2.33	3.48		9
50	.37	.41	.45	.52	.61	.74	.96	1.29	1.84	2.76		50
1	.29	.31	.35	.39	.46	.56	.72	.97	1.38	2.08		1
2	.20	.22	.24	.28	.32	.39	.50	.66	.94	1.43		2
3	.12	.13	.14	.16	.19	.23	.29	.38	.55	.83		3
4	.04	.04	.05	.05	.06	.07	.09	.12	.17	.27		4

TABLE C.

The single payment which will secure a yearly pension of 1, payable by monthly instalments.

Age of husband last birthday	Age of wife last birthday										Age of husband last birthday	
	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65		
20	3.38	2.86	2.39	1.97	1.61							20
1	3.56	3.00	2.51	2.07	1.68							1
2	3.74	3.15	2.64	2.17	1.76							2
3	3.92	3.31	2.77	2.28	1.85							3
4	4.10	3.48	2.91	2.40	1.94							4
25	4.28	3.66	3.06	2.52	2.04	1.64						25
6	4.47	3.84	3.21	2.65	2.14	1.72						6
7	4.67	4.02	3.37	2.78	2.25	1.80						7
8	4.88	4.21	3.54	2.92	2.36	1.88						8
9	5.09	4.40	3.71	3.06	2.47	1.97						9
30	5.31	4.60	3.89	3.21	2.59	2.06	1.61					30
1	5.54	4.80	4.07	3.37	2.72	2.15	1.68					1
2	5.77	5.01	4.26	3.53	2.85	2.25	1.76					2
3	6.00	5.23	4.46	3.70	2.99	2.36	1.84					3
4	6.24	5.46	4.67	3.88	3.14	2.48	1.92					4
35	6.49	5.70	4.89	4.07	3.30	2.60	2.01	1.52				35
6	6.75	5.95	5.12	4.27	3.47	2.73	2.10	1.59				6
7	7.01	6.20	5.35	4.48	3.64	2.87	2.20	1.66				7
8	7.28	6.46	5.59	4.70	3.82	3.02	2.31	1.74				8
9	7.55	6.72	5.83	4.92	4.01	3.18	2.43	1.82				9
40	7.83	6.99	6.08	5.15	4.21	3.34	2.55	1.90	1.38			40
1	8.11	7.27	6.34	5.39	4.42	3.51	2.68	1.99	1.44			1
2	8.40	7.55	6.61	5.64	4.64	3.69	2.82	2.09	1.50			2
3	8.70	7.84	6.89	5.89	4.87	3.88	2.97	2.20	1.57			3
4	9.01	8.14	7.18	6.15	5.11	4.08	3.13	2.31	1.64			4
45	9.32	8.44	7.47	6.42	5.35	4.29	3.30	2.43	1.72	1.19		45
6	9.64	8.75	7.77	6.70	5.60	4.51	3.48	2.56	1.81	1.24		6
7	9.97	9.07	8.08	6.99	5.86	4.74	3.67	2.70	1.91	1.29		7
8	10.30	9.40	8.40	7.29	6.13	4.98	3.87	2.85	2.01	1.35		8
9	10.64	9.73	8.72	7.60	6.42	5.24	4.08	3.01	2.12	1.42		9
50	10.98	10.07	9.05	7.93	6.73	5.51	4.30	3.19	2.24	1.49		50
1	11.33	10.41	9.39	8.26	7.04	5.79	4.53	3.38	2.37	1.57		1
2	11.69	10.76	9.74	8.60	7.36	6.08	4.78	3.58	2.51	1.66		2
3	12.06	11.12	10.10	8.94	7.69	6.38	5.04	3.79	2.66	1.75		3
4	12.44	11.49	10.46	9.29	8.03	6.68	5.31	4.01	2.82	1.85		4

Tables A, B and C shall be deemed to have come into effect from the first day of March, 1952.

## SECOND SCHEDULE.

(Section 23).

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE OF THE TABLES.

For the purpose of this Schedule the words "Contribution" and "Contributions" mean Contribution and Contributions by the Officer *plus* Government Contribution.

For the purpose of this Schedule the words "Child" and "Children" mean Child and Children legitimated by marriage and adopted Child and Children who are deemed to be the Child and Children of the Contributor's marriage under this Law.

The pension as at 1st March, 1952, ("the original pension") registered in respect of every officer who began to contribute before, and was still contributing on, 1st March, 1952, is to be recomputed as follows :—

The original pension is to be treated as consisting of two parts :—

A. the part already purchased by contributions which fell due on or before 29th February, 1952, and

B. the part to be purchased by contributions falling due on or after 1st March, 1952, both parts being computed on the tables in force on 29th February, 1952.

Part A is to be left unaltered, but part B is to be recomputed on the tables in the First Schedule. If part B so recomputed is greater than part B computed on the tables in force on 29th February, 1952, the recomputed part B is to be added to part A ; otherwise the original pension is to be retained unaltered.

The tables in the First Schedule are to apply—

- (a) to all pensions registered in respect of officers who began to contribute on or after 1st March, 1952 ;
- (b) to all pensions registered in respect of officers who were contributing on 1st March, 1952, for the purpose of computing variations when their rates of contribution rise or fall on or after 1st March, 1952 ;
- (c) to all pensions registered on marriage in respect of bachelors who marry on or after 1st March, 1952, in relation to contributions paid both before and after marriage ; and
- (d) to all pensions registered in respect of widowers for the purpose of computing variations when they remarry on or after 1st March, 1952.

#### A.—CONTRIBUTOR WHO COMMENCED TO CONTRIBUTE WHILE A BACHELOR.

##### I.—FIRST WIFE'S PROSPECTIVE PENSION.

The registered pension to be recorded on marriage is found by adding together the two amounts calculated in accordance with rule I (a) and rule I (b).

(a) Pension in consideration of the contribution paid during bachelorhood :—

*Rule I(a).*—Accumulate the contribution at 3 per centum compound interest with yearly rests at each 31st December, and multiply the result by the quantity found from Table A corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of marriage. The product gives the registered pension on account of the contribution paid during bachelorhood.

(b) Pension in consideration of the annual contribution current at the date of marriage—

Rule I(b).—Multiply the amount of the current annual contribution by the quantity found from Table B corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of marriage. The product gives the registered pension on account of the contribution current at the date of marriage.

Examples (1):—

Officer born on 31st July, 1919.

Officer commenced to contribute 1st January, 1948.

Officer married on 30th June, 1951.

Wife born on 12th August, 1925.

Officer's age last birthday at date of marriage : 31.

Wife's age last birthday at date of marriage : 25

	£ mils
Officer's annual contribution 1st January, 1948 to 31st December, 1950 .. .. .	24.000
Officer's annual contribution 1st January, 1951 to date of marriage .. .. .	30.000

Accumulation of contribution paid during bachelorhood :—

RULE 1 (a).

Officer's contributions from 1st January, 1948 to 31st December, 1948 .. .. .	£ mils 24.000
Government contributions from 1st January, 1948 to 31st December, 1948 .. .. .	24.000
Officer's contributions from 1st January, 1949 to 31st December, 1949 .. .. .	24.000
Government contributions from 1st January, 1949 to 31st December, 1949 .. .. .	24.000
One year's interest at 3 per centum on £48 (i.e. Officer's contribution plus Government contribution) .. .. .	1.440
	<hr/> £97.440
Officer's contributions during 1950 .. .. .	24.000
Government contributions during 1950 .. .. .	24.000
One year's interest at 3 per centum on £97.440 .. .. .	2.925
	<hr/> £148.365
Officer's contribution from 1st January, 1951 to 30th June, 1951 ..	15.000
Government contribution from 1st January, 1951 to 30th June, 1951 .. .. .	15.000
Half-year's interest at 3 per centum on £148.365 .. .. .	2.225
	<hr/> Total Accumulation £180.590

Quantity found from Table A :—

Husband .. .. .	31	}	.208
Wife .. .. .	25		

£180.590 × .208 = £37.560 = registered pension in consideration of Officer's plus Government contributions paid during bachelorhood.

## RULE 1 (b).

£ mils

Officer's annual contribution current at date of marriage .. .. 30.000

Quantity found from Table B :—

Husband .. .. .	31	} 3.33
Wife .. .. .	25	

Officer's *plus* Government contribution = £60,000 × 3.33 = £199,800 = registered pension in consideration of annual Officer's *plus* Government contributions current at marriage.

Total registered pension recorded on the bachelor contributor marrying :—

	£ mils
By rule 1 (a) .. .. .	37.560
By rule 1 (b) .. .. .	199.800
	<hr/>
Total .. .. .	£237.360

(c) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the Officer's current annual contribution while the contributor is married to his first wife.

## RULE 1 (c).

Multiply the amount of the increment to, or the decrement from, the current annual contribution by the quantity found from Table B corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of the variation of the contribution. The product gives the amount to be added to the registered pension consequent on the increment to the current annual contribution, or, as the case may be, the amount to be deducted from the registered pension consequent on the decrement from the current annual contribution.

The cessation of the contribution from any cause before the completion of the full period of contribution must be regarded as a decrement from the current annual contribution equal to the amount of such current annual contribution.

*Example of the application of rule 1 (c) :—*

Assume particulars as in the example subjoined to rule 1 (a) and 1 (b).

Officer's annual contribution increased on 31st May, 1961 from £30 to £36.

Officer's annual contribution increased on 30th April, 1966 from £36 to £42.

Annual contribution ceased on 31st March, 1968.

1961, May 31st—Increment to officer's current annual contribution £6.

Quantity found from Table B :—

Husband .. .. .	41	} 1.97
Wife .. .. .	35	

Officer's *plus* Government contribution = £12 × 1.97 = £23.640 = amount to be added to registered pension.

Registered pension at marriage (see example subjoined to Rules 1 (a) and 1 (b)) .. .. .	£ mils
	237.360
Add .. .. .	23.640
	<hr/>

Registered pension at 31st May, 1961 .. .. . £261.000  
 1966, April 30th—Increment to officer's current annual contribution £6.

Quantity found from Table B :—

Husband .. .. .	46	} 1.30
Wife .. .. .	40	

Officer's *plus* Government contribution = £12 × 1.30 = £15,600 = amount to be added to registered pension.

Registered pension at 31st May, 1961, as above .. .. .	£	mils	261.000
<i>Add</i> .. .. .			15.600

Registered pension at 30th April, 1966 .. .. . £276.600  
 1968, March 31st—Cessation of contribution regarded as a decrement from  
 current annual contribution £84.

Quantity found from Table B:—

Husband .. .. .	48	} 1.018
Wife .. .. .	42	

Officer's *plus* Government contribution = £84 × 1.018 = £85.510 = amount to be  
 deducted from the registered pension.

Registered pension at 30th April, 1966, as above .. .. .	£	mils	276.600
<i>Deduct</i> .. .. .			85.510

Registered pension at 31st March, 1968 .. .. . £191.090

## II. SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT WIFE'S PROSPECTIVE PENSION.

(a) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decreases from, recurrent annual contribution while the contributor is a widower.

*Rule II (a).*—Assume that the contributor is married to a wife of the age that his last preceding wife would have been had she survived to the date of the variation of the contribution, and proceed in accordance with rule I (c).

*Example of the application of rule II (a):—*

If the particulars be as in the example subjoined to rule I (c) except that the first wife who was born on the 12th August, 1925, died on 30th November, 1959, it would be assumed that the Contributor was, at the date of each of the three variations of the contribution, married to a wife who was born on the 12th August, 1925. The calculation will then be identical with those given in the example subjoined to rule I (c).

(b) Variations of pension consequent on the re-marriage of the contributor.

If the second or subsequent wife was, at the date of re-marriage of the same age last birthday as the last preceding wife would have been had she survived to that date, the registered pension remains the same.

*Rule II (b).*—If the second or subsequent wife was at the date of the re-marriage of a less or greater age last birthday than the last preceding wife would have been had she survived to that date, multiply the amount of the registered pension by the quantity found from Table C corresponding to the age last birthday of the husband at the date of re-marriage, and the age last birthday which the last preceding wife would have attained had she survived to that date; multiply the product so obtained by the quantity found from Table A corresponding to the respective ages of the husband and of the second and subsequent wife at the date of re-marriage.

The result gives the registered pension to be recorded on the re-marriage of the contributor.

*Example of the application of rule II (b):—*

Assume particulars as in the example subjoined to rule I (c)—

First wife died on .. .. .	30th November, 1959.
Contributor re-married on ..	31st January, 1963.
Contributor's age last birthday at date of re-marriage .. .. .	43
Second wife's age last birthday, at date of re-marriage .. .. .	35
Age last birthday which the first wife would have attained had she survived to date of re-marriage .. .. .	37

1963, January 31st—The second wife being of a less age next birthday at the date of the re-marriage than the first wife would have been had she survived, the registered pension £261.000 (see example subjoined to rule 1 (c) is to be recalculated).

Quantity found from Table C :—

Husband..	..	..	..	43	} 5.482
Wife	..	..	..	37	

Quantity found from Table A :—

Husband..	..	..	..	43	} .170
Wife	..	..	..	35	

Officer's *plus* Government contribution : £261.000 × 5.482 × .170 = £243.235 = registered pension at 31st January, 1963.

(c) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contributions while the contributor is married to his second or subsequent wife.

*Rule II (c) proceed as in rule 1 (c).*

## B. CONTRIBUTOR WHO COMMENCED TO CONTRIBUTE WHILE MARRIED.

### III. FIRST WIFE'S PROSPECTIVE PENSION.

In every case of a public officer who commenced to contribute while married, the wife at the date of commencement of contributions is to be considered as the officer's first wife and no particulars are to be recorded respecting any former wife to whom he may have been married, unless there is issue of such former wife of a pensionable age (see C.V.).

(a) Pension in consideration of the annual contribution current at the date of commencement of the contribution.

*Rule III (a).* Multiply the amount of the current annual contribution by the quantity found from Table B corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of commencement of the contributions.

The product gives the registered pension on account of the annual contribution current at the date of commencement of the contribution.

*Example of the application of Rule III (a) :—*

Officer born on the 31st July, 1917.	
Officer married on the 30th June, 1944.	
Officer commenced to contribute on 1st January, 1948.	
Officer's annual contribution current on 1st January, 1948	.. £40
Wife born on 12th August, 1922.	
Officer's age last birthday on 1st January, 1948	.. .. 30
Wife's age last birthday on 1st January, 1948	.. .. 25

Quantity found from Table B :—

Husband..	..	..	..	30	} 3.57
Wife	..	..	..	25	

Officer's *plus* Government contribution :— £80 × 3.57 = £285.600 = registered pension in consideration of annual contribution current at commencement of contribution.

(b) Variations of pensions consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contribution while the contributor is married to his first wife.

*Rule III (b)—Proceed as in rule I (c).*

#### IV. SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT WIFE'S PROSPECTIVE PENSION.

(a) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contribution while the contributor is a widower.

*Rule IV (a)—Proceed as in rule II (a).*

(b) Variations of pension consequent on re-marriage of the pensioner.

*Rule IV (b)—Proceed as in rule II (b).*

(c) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contribution while the contributor is married to his second or subsequent wife.

*Rule IV (c)—Proceed as in rule I (c).*

### C. CONTRIBUTOR WHO COMMENCED TO CONTRIBUTE WHILE A WIDOWER.

#### V. PROSPECTIVE PENSION TO CHILDREN BY HIS FIRST MARRIAGE.

So long as a contributor's children by his first marriage are eligible for pension, a pension must be registered on their behalf. If there are no such children, the widower should be treated as if he were a bachelor.

*Rule V.*—For the purpose of calculating the registered pension of the children, assume that the deceased wife lived until the date of commencement of contribution and died immediately afterwards and proceed in accordance with rules III (a) and (b).

#### VI. SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT WIFE'S PROSPECTIVE PENSION.

*Rule VI.*—For the purpose of calculating the registered pension of the wife assume that the deceased wife survived to the date of commencement of contribution and died immediately afterwards, then proceed in accordance with the rules applicable to the case of officers who commenced to contribute while married. (*see B.*)

### D. CONTRIBUTOR WITH TWO OR MORE BENEFICIARIES.

*Rule VII.*—Where there are children eligible for pension by two or more deceased wives or where there is a wife and also children eligible for pension by one or more previous marriages, the pension of each beneficiary as found by the above rules must be divided by the total number of beneficiaries then existing in order to find the registered pension of that beneficiary.

### E. TREATMENT OF VOLUNTARY LUMP SUM CONTRIBUTIONS.

*Rule VIII (a)*—If the contributor is a bachelor or a widower without children of a pensionable age, the lump sum contribution should be accumulated as from the date of payment and treated in accordance with rule I (a).

*Rule VIII (b)*—If the contributor is married or a widower with children of a pensionable age, the amount of the lump sum contribution should be multiplied by the quantity found from Table A corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of payment of the contribution. If the contributor is a widower, assume that the deceased wife lived until the date of payment of the lump sum contribution and died immediately afterwards.

F. CALCULATION OF QUANTITIES (OR TABULAR RESULTS) FOR AGES NOT GIVEN IN THE TABLES.

The wife's age in the tables is given at quinquennial intervals only. Ages of husbands and wives younger than the youngest or older than the oldest given are to be dealt with as if identical with the youngest and oldest respectively.

For the intermediate ages of wives, interpolate by exact fifths.

*Examples :—*

To find the quantity in Table A corresponding to the ages of a husband and wife aged respectively 35 and 27 last birthday.

The quantity for ages 35 and 25 given in Table A is .. .. .175

The quantity for ages 35 and 30 given in Table A is .. .. .204

So that the addition of five years to the age of the wife results in an addition of .029 to the quantity given in the table for ages 35 and 25.

Two-fifths of .029=.0116 which added to .175 gives .1866 which is the required quantity corresponding to ages 35 and 27.

Similarly the quantity found from Table B corresponding to the ages of a husband and wife aged respectively 48 and 42 last birthday is two-fifths of .22=.088 added to .93 which gives 1.018.

In the case of Table C, it must be noted that an addition to the age of the wife results in a deduction from the quantity given in the table.

To find the quantity in Table C corresponding to the ages of a husband and wife aged respectively 43 and 37 last birthday.

The quantity for ages 43 and 35 given in the table is .. .. . 5.89

The quantity for ages 43 and 40 given in the table is .. .. . 4.87

So that the addition of five years to the age of the wife results in a deduction of 1.02 from the quantity given in the table for ages 43 and 35.

An addition of two years to the age of the wife accordingly results, by proportion, in a deduction of two-fifths of 1.02 from the quantity given in the table for ages 43 and 35.

Two-fifths of 1.02=.408 which deducted from 5.89 leaves 5.482 which is the required quantity corresponding to the ages 43 and 37."

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A. F. J. REDDAWAY,

*Acting Administrative Secretary.*

27th October, 1956.