

repealed  
2/8/54



**SUPPLEMENT No. 2**

TO

**THE CYPRUS GAZETTE No. 3704 OF 5TH JULY, 1953.**

**LEGISLATION.**

**THE STATUTE LAWS OF CYPRUS**

**No. 27 OF 1953.**

**A LAW TO AMEND THE CUSTOMS LAW.**

CAP. 292  
5 of 1952  
19 of 1953

J. FLETCHER-COOKE,]

[3rd July, 1953.

*Officer Administering the Government.*

**BE** it enacted by His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Cyprus as follows :—

**1.** This Law may be cited as the Customs (Amendment No. 2) Law, 1953, and shall be read as one with the Customs Law (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Law").

Short title.  
Cap. 292  
5 of 1952  
19 of 1953

Amendment  
of the  
First  
Schedule  
to the  
principal  
Law.

2. The First Schedule to the principal Law is hereby amended as follows:—

(a) by the substitution for item 20 of the following item:—

“20. Caviar (sturgeon-roe) *ad valorem* 90 per cent. 100 per cent.”;

(b) by the insertion in item 40 after the word “Fish” (line 1) of the following words:—

“ (excluding fish-roes) ”;

(c) by the substitution for item 25 (as set out in subparagraph (vi) of paragraph (c) of section 11 of Law 5 of 1952) of the following item:—

“25. Cinematograph films, developed  
per yard -- 0 $\frac{3}{4}$ p. -- 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ p.”;

(d) by the substitution for item 63 of the following item:—

“63. Matches (for each point of ignition):—

(a) in boxes not exceeding an average of 60 matches in each box	per gross of boxes	- 7 6	- 11 4 $\frac{1}{2}$
(b) other	per 8,640 matches	- 7 6	- 11 4 $\frac{1}{2}$

Amendment  
of the  
Second  
Schedule  
to the  
principal  
Law.

3. The Second Schedule to the principal Law is hereby amended as follows:—

(a) by the insertion therein, immediately after item 2, of the following new item:—

“2A. Aluminium containers, complete, imported by a manufacturer of essential oils, which the importer declares and the Comptroller is satisfied are to be used solely as containers for essential oils (including terpenes) to be exported from the Colony.”;

(b) by the substitution for item 3 of the following item:—

“3. Anchors, and mooring chain-cable, for ships' use whether for use on a ship or as fixed moorings for ships at any port or shipping place in the Colony.”;

(c) by the substitution for item 38C (as set out in paragraph (e) of section 11 of Law 19 of 1953) of the following items:—

“38C. Copra, edible seeds and nuts, imported by a manufacturer of edible oils, which the importer declares and the Comptroller is satisfied are imported for the purpose of manufacturing edible oils.

38D. Cork, that is to say—

Cork discs, imported by a manufacturer of crown corks, which the importer declares and the Comptroller is satisfied are imported for the purposes of manufacturing crown corks.”;

(d) by the insertion therein, immediately after item 41, of the following new item:—

“41A. Gas cylinders, empty, imported by a manufacturer of gas for filling with gas or compressed air in the Colony, which the importer declares and the Comptroller is satisfied are solely for such use, and which will remain the property of the importer, and bear, legibly stamped thereon upon importation, the name of the importer.”;

(e) by the insertion therein, immediately after item 46, of the following new item:—

“47. Essential oils and essential oil terpenes, imported by a person engaged in the manufacture of perfumery for the manufacture or blending of essential oils and which the importer declares and the Comptroller is satisfied will be solely used for either purpose.”;

(f) by the substitution for item 69 (as set out in paragraph (n) of section 12 of Law 5 of 1952, as amended by paragraph (k) of section 11 of Law 19 of 1953) of the following item:—

“69. Goods imported by the Navy, Army and Air Force Institutes for sale to members of Her Majesty's Forces serving in the Colony duly certified as such by the person in charge of the Navy, Army and Air Force Institutes in the Colony or his deputy, to scales for each four-weekly period for male and female members respectively, as set out hereunder:—

(a) Beer, ale, porter and stout :	
Males .. .. .	20 reputed quarts.
Females .. .. .	12 reputed quarts.
(b) Manufactured tobacco :	
Cigars, cigarettes, pipe or chewing tobacco :	
Males .. .. .	22 ounces.
Cigarettes :	
Females .. .. .	340 in number.
(c) Whisky and gin :	
Males .. .. .	two bottles of each.
Females .. .. .	one bottle of each.
(d) Other potable spirits (excluding wines) :	
Males .. .. .	two bottles of any one description or one bottle each of any two descriptions.
Females .. .. .	one bottle of any one description.

For the purpose of paragraphs (c) and (d) a bottle shall be deemed to be of a capacity exceeding 14 but not exceeding 27 fluid ounces, a half-bottle as of a capacity exceeding 8 but not exceeding 14 fluid ounces, and a quarter-bottle as of a capacity not exceeding 8 fluid ounces.

In this item, the term “members of Her Majesty's Forces” shall include such persons as the Colonial Secretary may, from time to time, direct for the purposes of this item.”;

(g) by the substitution for item 94 of the following item:—

“94. Milk, preserved, (including whole milk condensed or in powder) and infant milk foods.”;

(h) by the substitution for item 113 (as set out in paragraph (u) of section 11 of Law 19 of 1953) of the following item:—

“113. Paper and transparent cellulose sheet imported for use in wrapping fruit or vegetables or bottles of wine or spirits for export and being of such distinctive colour and bearing such distinctive mark as the Comptroller may approve, which the importer declares and the Comptroller is satisfied are to be used solely for such purposes.”;

(i) by the substitution for item 114 of the following item:—

“114. Paper imported solely for the purpose of being used for the lining of any kind of receptacles or utilized in the export of the following:—

- (a) fruit
- (b) vegetables
- (c) powdered amber

which the importer declares and the Comptroller is satisfied is intended solely for such purpose.”;

(j) by the substitution for item 137 of the following item:—

“137. Sacks, empty, and material of coarse jute suitable for the manufacture of sacks, or for use as covering, or lining for receptacles of, agricultural produce which is to be exported.”;

(k) by the substitution for item 166A (as set out in paragraph (ff) of section 12 of Law 5 of 1952, as subsequently modified by the Wireless Sets (Import Duty Exemption) Order, 1952), of the following item:—

“166A. Wireless sets (receiving) complete, the full value of which, landed at the port of importation in the Colony, does not exceed six pounds:

Provided that the importer gives an undertaking that he will not sell any such set at a price which would give a total profit (to the importer and retailer) exceeding 33 per cent. of the full value as aforesaid, that he will notify the Postmaster-General and furnish him with full details of all sales of such sets (including the price at which they have been sold) and that, if he fails to observe any of the conditions of the undertaking, he shall be liable to pay the import duty on such sets at the rate to which they were liable at the time of clearance for home consumption.”.

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3rd July, 1953.

J. F. SYMONS,  
Acting Colonial Secretary.