Meetings and procedure of Councils and Boards.

Power to make regulations.

Power to District Council to pass resolution relating to fees and expenses.

7. The District Council, the Administrative Council, the Poor Board and the Church Board shall conduct their meetings and proceedings in accordance with regulations made from time to time by the District Council and approved by the Archbishop.

8. The District Council, the Administrative Council. the Poor Board and the Church Board shall exercise such powers and perform such duties and functions in the control and administration of the properties and funds of the Church or otherwise as may be assigned to them respectively by regulations made from time to time by the District Council and approved by the Archbishop, and in manner prescribed by such regulations.

9. The District Council may by a resolution of the Council passed by a majority of at least two-thirds of those members who shall be present at a meeting of the Council specially convened for the purpose after notice of not less than four certain costs, days before such meeting authorize the payment from the funds of the Church of all or any costs, fees and expenses-

- (a) adjudged to be paid or paid to the plaintiff by the defendants under the judgment of the Divisional Court of Nicosia-Kyrenia, dated the twenty-third day of December, 1936, in Action bearing No. 172/1932 of the District Court of Nicosia-Kyrenia, Registry of Nicosia, and No. 553 in the Divisional Court ; and/or
- (b) incurred by the defendants in defending the said Action or for which such defendants may be liable in connection therewith.

and thereupon such costs, fees and expenses shall be defrayed out of the funds of the Church.

Repeal.

10. The Ottoman Enactment is hereby repealed.

No. 7 of 1937.

A LAW FURTHER TO AMEND THE GOATS LAWS, 1913 TO 1935.

H. R. PALMER,] Governor.

[20th May, 1937.

BE it enacted :--

Short title.

12 of 1913. 18 of 1930. 31 of 1935.

1. This Law may be cited as the Goats (Amendment) Law, 1937, and shall be read as one with the Goats Laws, 1913 to 1935, (hereinafter called "the Principal Law"), and the Principal Law and this Law may together be cited as the Goats Laws, 1913 to 1937.

"Sale or disposal of goats or kids prohibited in certain cases. 14.—(1) Where any Police Officer, District Inspector or Rural Constable has reasonable grounds to believe that an offence has been committed against the provisions of section 8 (1) or 11 (1), such Police Officer, District Inspector or Rural Constable shall forthwith serve or cause to be served upon the person alleged to have committed the offence, or upon the owner of the goat or kid in respect of which the offence is alleged to have been committed if such owner is not the person who is alleged to have committed the offence, a notice in writing containing the particulars in sub-section (2) prescribed :

Provided that a Rural Constable shall not serve or cause to be served any notice under this sub-section save where such Rural Constable has previously obtained, either generally or in respect of a particular notice, the written authority of the Village Commission.

(2) Every notice under sub-section (1) shall contain the following particulars, that is to say,—

- (a) the date upon which and the place at which the offence is alleged to have been committed;
- (b) the nature of the alleged offence;
- (c) the number and description of the goats or kids in respect of which the offence is alleged to have been committed;
- (d) that the alleged offence is under investigation.

(3) A person upon whom a notice has been served under sub-section (1) shall not, as from the date of the service of such notice, and, subject to the provisions of sub-section (4), pending final determination of any criminal proceedings which may be instituted in respect of such offence, sell, slaughter, part with or otherwise dispose of any goat or kid in respect of which the offence is alleged to have been committed. (4) If within a period of thirty days from the date of the service of a notice under sub-section (1) no summons has been served in respect of the alleged offence on the person concerned, the provisions of sub-section (3) shall no longer apply.

(5) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (4), any person who acts in contravention of subsection (3) shall be guilty of an offence against this Law, and shall on conviction be liable to imprisonment for three months or to a fine of ten pounds or to both."

No. 8 of 1937.

A LAW TO AMEND THE IMMIGRATION LAW, 1936.

H. R. PALMER,]

[20th May, 1937.

Governor.

BE it enacted:-

Short title.

16 of 1936.

1. This Law may be cited as the Immigration (Amendment) Law, 1937, and shall be read as one with the Immigration Law, 1936, (hereinafter called "the Principal Law"), and the Principal Law and this Law may together be cited as the Immigration Laws, 1936 and 1937.

Amendment of section 2 of Law 16 of 1936. 2. Section 2 of the Principal Law is hereby amended by the insertion of the following definition immediately after the definition of "destitute person":—

"'enactment' means any Law, and includes any regulations made under the authority of any Law and any order made in the exercise of powers conferred by any such regulations;"