No. 26 of 1934.

A LAW TO AMEND AND CONSOLIDATE THE LAW RELATING A.D. 1934. TO THE PRINTING AND PUBLICATION OF NEWSPAPERS 26 of 1934. AND OTHER PUBLICATIONS, THE REGISTRATION OF BOOKS AND THE KEEPING OF PRINTING PRESSES.

H. R. PALMER,

[31st May, 1934.

amended by 1934 Law 49/1936 17/1944

Governor.

BE it enacted:

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Law may be cited as the Newspaper, Books and Short title. Printing Presses Law, 1934.

2. In this Law—

Interpretation.

"Colony" means the Colony of Cyprus;

"company" means a company formed and registered under the Companies (Limited Liability) Laws, 1922 to 1934, or any amendment thereof;

"book" includes every volume, part or division of a volume, and pamphlet in any language, and every sheet of music, map, chart or plan separately printed or lithographed; but does not include any publication which consists merely of a price list, sale catalogue, annual report, trade circular or trade advertisement;

"Judge" means a District Judge of a District Court;

"newspaper" means any paper containing public news, intelligence, or occurrences, or any remarks, observations or comments in relation to such news, intelligence or occurrences, printed for sale or free distribution:

"permit" means a permit granted by the Colonial

Secretary under the provisions of this Law;

" printing press" includes every machine and apparatus adapted or apparently intended for reproducing words, pictures or signs on paper, cloth or other similar material, and every part of any such machine or apparatus, but shall not include any apparatus intended and used for reproducing plans only or any purely photographic apparatus intended and used for reproducing photographs only;

"proprietor" means and includes as well the sole proprietor of any newspaper, as also in the case of a divided proprietorship the persons who, as partners or otherwise, represent and are responsible for any share or interest in the newspaper as between themselves and the persons in like manner representing or responsible for the other shares or interests therein, and no other person.

PART II.

PRINTING AND PUBLISHING OF NEWSPAPERS.

No newspaper shall be printed or published without permit.

- 3.—(1) No newspaper shall be printed or published within the Colony unless the proprietor thereof shall have previously obtained a permit under the hand of the Colonial Secretary.
- (2) Any person who prints or publishes or causes to be printed or published any newspaper in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1) hereof, or in the case of a company the directors and secretary thereof, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds or to both, and every copy of the newspaper so printed or published shall be forfeited.

Qualifications of applicant and conditions under which permit shall be granted.

5. Hamended

- **4.**—(1) No permit shall be granted unless the applicant, or where there is more than one applicant every such applicant,—
 - (a) satisfies the Colonial Secretary that he—

(i) has attained the age of 30 years;

(ii) is a fit and proper person to publish a

newspaper;

(iii) is able to speak, write and read the language in which the proposed newspaper is to be published;

(iv) is not an undischarged bankrupt;

(v) has never been convicted of any crime in respect of which he has been punished with imprisonment exceeding six months;

(vi) has not been debarred from practising as a legal or medical practitioner by order of any competent authority;

(vii) has not been dismissed from the Government service;

(viii) has resided in the Colony for a period of not less than one year immediately preceding his application and intends to continue residing in the Colony during the time the newspaper is published;

(ix) is in fact the proprietor of the proposed

newspaper:

Provided that when application is made on behalf of a company each of the directors and the secretary thereof for the time being shall respectively satisfy the Colonial Secretary that they comply with

such requirements;

- (b) enters into a bond in the sum of two hundred pounds with one or more sureties, or otherwise secured as may be required and approved by the Colonial Secretary, conditioned that such applicant as proprietor of the newspaper shall pay to His Majesty every penalty which may at any time be imposed upon or adjudged against him upon any conviction for printing or publishing or causing to be printed or published any seditious or other libel at any time after the execution of the bond and also any damages or compensation and costs on any judgment for the plaintiff in any action for libel against such proprietor, and all other penalties whatsoever which may be imposed upon or adjudged against him by any Court under the provisions of this Law.
- (2)—(a) Before any permit under this Part of this Law shall be granted, the applicant or applicants therefor shall submit to the Colonial Secretary an application in writing accompanied by a declaration on oath substantiating the facts set out in such application, in the form prescribed in the First Schedule to this Law, to be made and subscribed before a Judge:

Provided that any application on behalf of a company shall be accompanied by such declaration so made upon the prescribed form by each of the directors and the secretary thereof.

(b) All proceedings relating to the making of the declaration referred to in this section shall be deemed to be judicial proceedings.

(3) The Colonial Secretary may at his discretion dispense with any of the requirements of sub-section (1) (a) and sub-section (2) (a) hereof in the case of any director or secretary of a Chamber of Commerce.

R. a. R. by Law 49/34

Power to Colonial Secretary to cancel permit. 5. The Colonial Secretary may, in his discretion, cancel or suspend for such time as to him may seem fit any permit granted under this Part of this Law—

(a) where he is satisfied that it is in the public interest

so to do;

No. 26.

(b) where the holder has ceased to fulfil any of the requirements prescribed in section 4 of this Law:

Provided that in the case of a company such permit may be cancelled or suspended if any director or the secretary thereof ceases or fails to fulfil any of such requirements; or

(c) where the holder has acted in contravention of

sec. 5 A added section 10 or 17 of this Law.

Appeal to Governor in Council.

R. KR.

6. Any person aggrieved by—

(a) the refusal of the Colonial Secretary to grant a permit; or

(b) the cancellation or suspension by the Colonial Secretary of a permit,

may, within ten days from the date of such refusal, cancellation or suspension, appeal to the Governor in Council, whose decision thereon shall be final and conclusive.

Permit and declaration to be registered.

7. Every permit granted and every declaration made under this Part of this Law shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose.

Permit to be exhibited by proprietor.

8. The proprietor shall exhibit or cause to be exhibited in a conspicuous place in his office or place of business the permit granted to him.

The permit granted to a company shall be exhibited in the registered office of the company.

Declaration on person ceasing to be proprietor of newspaper. 9. If any person who has made and subscribed the declaration prescribed in section 4 of this Law ceases to be the proprietor of the newspaper named in such declaration, he shall make and subscribe before a Judge a declaration in the form prescribed in the Second Schedule to this Law and shall forward such declaration when made to the Colonial Secretary:

Provided that where any company ceases to be the proprietor of a newspaper in respect of which a permit has been granted such declaration shall be so made by two directors and the secretary of the company for the time being.

10.—(1) If any change occurs or if any inaccuracy is Notification discovered in any of the specified particulars in a declaration of any change in made as prescribed in section 4 of this Law or if the particulars proprietor proposes to leave the Colony either permanently contained in declaration or temporarily, the proprietor shall within three days of any such change, discovery or departure furnish the Colonial Secretary with full particulars of such change or inaccuracy or departure.

(2) If any change occurs in or any inaccuracy is discovered in any of the specified particulars in any declaration made in support of any application on behalf of a company, or if all the directors of a company to which a permit has been granted under this Law shall be absent from the Colony at one time, the secretary of such company shall, within three days of such change or of the discovery of such inaccuracy or of such absence, furnish the Colonial Secretary with full particulars of such inaccuracy or change or departure.

P. a R. by Law 36/36

11.—(1) Every bond required by this Part of this Law Execution shall be executed before a certifying officer duly appointed of bond and under the Certifying Officers Law, 1888, or any Law proceedings amending or substituted for the same, who shall certify in accordance with the provisions of that Law the signature or signatures of the person or persons who sign the bond either as principal debtors or as guarantors.

and custody

- (2) Every bond executed on behalf of a company shall be executed by such company in its registered name and under the hand of any two directors and the secretary of such company and under the common seal thereof.
- (3) All bonds entered into in pursuance of this Part of this Law shall, upon execution, be deposited with the Colonial Secretary.
- (4) Proceedings may be taken upon any bond entered into in pursuance of this Part of this Law-
 - (a) by or on behalf of the Attorney-General after any conviction against the proprietor for printing or publishing or causing to be printed or published any seditious or other libel or for contravention of any of the provisions of this Law;
 - (b) by the plaintiff in any action for libel for the recovery of any damages or compensation and costs awarded to such plaintiff in such action.

Withdrawal of surety.

No. 26.

- 12.—(1) If any surety shall be desirous of withdrawing from such bond and being discharged from his suretyship thereunder, he shall give notice therefor in writing to the Colonial Secretary and to his principal and other co-sureties, if any.
- (2) Upon the expiration of a period of twenty days from the giving of such notice or, with the consent of the Colonial Secretary, at any time within such period the surety giving such notice shall be discharged from his suretyship under the bond:

Provided that the discharge of the surety under this section shall not affect the liability of—

- (a) any other surety under the bond; or
- (b) the surety so discharged for any forfeiture, fine, penalty, damages, compensation or costs then already imposed or adjudged or which may at any time thereafter be imposed or adjudged in respect of any libel printed or published before the date of such discharge or on any conviction under the provisions of this Law for anything done or omitted before the date of such discharge.

New bond in certain cases.

13.—(1) In every case where—

- (a) any surety under any bond required under this Part of this Law—
 - (i) shall have paid the whole or any part of the sum for which he shall have become bound; or

(ii) shall die; or

- (iii) shall have been declared bankrupt under any Law of Bankruptcy for the time being in force in the Colony; or
- (iv) shall have left the Colony without leaving sufficient property therein to satisfy any sum for which he shall have become bound; or
 - (v) shall have been discharged from such suretyship in manner hereinbefore provided;
- (b) any proceedings shall have been taken under any bond required under this Part of this Law;

then and in every such case the proprietor shall not print or publish or cause to be printed or published any newspaper until such proprietor shall have entered into a new bond to the amount and in the manner in sub-section (1) of section 4 of this Law prescribed.

- (2) Any person who prints or publishes or causes to be printed or published any newspaper in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1) hereof shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to the penalties prescribed in sub-section (2) of section 3 of this Law.
- 14.—(1) At the foot of the last page of each copy of Name and every newspaper published in the Colony, and at the foot of address of the last page of each copy of every supplement thereto, there be printed on shall be printed the true and real name and place of abode of the proprietor, or where the proprietor is a company the registered name and the address of the registered office thereof, and the true and real place of the printing of such newspaper and supplement.

proprietor to

- (2) If any person shall print or publish or cause to be printed or published any newspaper or supplement thereto not containing the particulars aforesaid, such person shall for every such publication be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds and every copy of the newspaper or supplement so printed or published may be seized and forfeited.
- 15.—(1) The proprietor of every newspaper shall, upon Delivery of every day upon which such newspaper shall be published, newspaper and penalty or within three days thereafter, deliver to the Colonial for non-Secretary a copy of every newspaper so published and of every supplement thereto signed by the proprietor or, in his absence, by his agent duly authorized by Power of Attorney deposited in the office of the Colonial Secretary, and such copy shall be filed and kept by the Colonial Secretary.

- (2) In any case in which the proprietor of a newspaper is a company the copy required to be delivered under sub-section (1) hereof shall be signed by the secretary of the company or the person acting as such.
- (3) Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable for each such failure to comply to a fine not exceeding five pounds.
- 16.—(1) Notwithstanding any failure to deliver such Non-delivery newspaper or supplement as aforesaid, and notwithstanding any proceedings had and taken against any proprietor under the last preceding section and notwithstanding the payment of any such fine, it shall be lawful for the Colonial Secretary, by notice under his hand addressed to such person liable

to deliver any newspaper or supplement in manner aforesaid, to require such person to deliver to him a copy of every newspaper or supplement which such person shall have failed to deliver.

(2) If any person liable to deliver such newspaper or supplement as aforesaid after proof of service upon him of such notice, shall within six days fail to deliver a copy of such newspaper or supplement as he may in such notice have been required to deliver, he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds for every day on which he shall fail to comply with such notice.

Publication of official communications.

- 17.—(1) The proprietor shall publish free of charge not later than in the second issue of his newspaper after receipt thereof—
 - (a) any statement under the hand of the Governor or of the Colonial Secretary on his behalf relating to matters of public policy or general interest;
 - (b) a correction without additions or omissions of any statement of fact published in such newspaper if requested so to do by the Colonial Secretary. Any such correction shall be given the same prominence as the original statement.
- (2) The proprietor shall publish at the ordinary rates of charge for advertisements not later than in the second issue of his newspaper after receipt thereof all communications other than those mentioned in the preceding sub-section sent to him for publication by or on behalf of the Colonial Secretary. Any person applying for a permit under the provisions of section 4 hereof shall furnish to the Colonial Secretary particulars of such rates.

Permits to determine in certain cases.

- 18. Any permit granted under this Part of this Law shall cease and determine—
 - (a) if the newspaper in respect of which it was granted is not first published within six months from the date of such permit; or
 - (b) where the newspaper in respect of which it was granted ceases to be published, otherwise than in consequence of an order by a competent Court, at the intervals stated in the form of declaration made under section 4 (2) of this Law for any period exceeding two months.

New sec. 18 A added by how 36 | 36

1934.

PART III. BOOKS.

19. Three printed or lithographed copies of the whole of Three copies every book printed or lithographed in the Colony after the be delivered date of the coming into operation of this Law, together to Colonial with all maps, prints or other engravings belonging thereto, finished and coloured in the same manner as the best published copies of the same, and also of any second or subsequent edition which shall be so produced with any additions or alterations, whether the same shall be in letter-press or in the maps, prints or other engravings belonging thereto, and whether the first edition of the book shall have been produced before or after the date of the coming into operation of this Law, shall, within one month after the day on which any such book shall first be delivered out of the press, and notwithstanding any agreement (if the book be published) between the printer and publisher thereof, be delivered free of any charge, claim or demand whatsoever by the printer, bound, sewed or stitched together, and upon the best paper on which the same shall be printed or lithographed, to the Colonial Secretary. The publisher or other person employing the printer shall, at a reasonable time before the expiration of the said month, supply him with all maps, prints and engravings, finished and coloured as aforesaid, which may be necessary to enable him to comply with the requirements aforesaid.

20. The Colonial Secretary shall thereupon give a receipt Receipt for in writing for the copies so received.

21. Two of the copies shall be transmitted to the Keeper Disposal of of the Department of Printed Books at the British Museum, and the remaining copy shall, after a memorandum containing the particulars hereinafter mentioned respecting the book shall have been registered as hereinafter provided, be deposited in such public library, or be otherwise disposed of, as the Governor shall from time to time determine.

22. There shall be kept at the office of the Colonial Registration Secretary a book to be called "A Catalogue of Books Printed in Cyprus," wherein shall be registered memorandum of every book which shall have been delivered pursuant to section 19 of this Law. The memorandum shall (so far as may be practicable) contain the following particulars, that is to say,-

of books.

(a) the title of the book and the contents of the title-page, with a translation into English of such title and contents, when they are not in the English language;

(b) the language in which the book is written;

(c) the name of the author, translator or editor of the book or any part thereof;

(d) the subject;

(e) the place of printing and the place of publication;

(f) the name or firm of the printer and the name or firm of the publisher;

(g) the date of issue from the press or of the publication;

(h) the number of sheets, leaves or pages;

(i) the size;

(i) the number of the edition;

- (k) the number of copies of which the edition consists;
- (l) whether the book is printed or lithographed;
- (m) the price at which the book is sold to the public; and

(n) the name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright or of any portion of such copyright.

The memorandum shall be made and registered in the case of each book as soon as practicable after the delivery of the copies thereof in the manner aforesaid.

Publication of memoranda registered.

5.23 suspended 5. L. 872 40 Mg.

Penalty for non-delivery of books by printer.

- 23. The memoranda registered during each year in the said catalogue shall be published in the Cyprus Gazette, as soon as may be after the end of the year, and a copy of the memoranda so published shall be sent to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.
- 24. Every printer who neglects to deliver three copies of any such book as is referred to in section 19 of this Law, or of any second or subsequent edition of any such book, to the Colonial Secretary and in the manner hereinbefore prescribed, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two pounds for each such offence.

Penalty for non-supply of maps, etc., by publisher.

25. Every publisher or other person, employing any such printer, who neglects to supply him in the manner aforesaid with maps, prints or engravings finished and coloured as aforesaid, which may be necessary to enable the printer to comply with the provisions of section 19 of this Law, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two pounds for each such offence.

26. The Governor in Council may, by notification in Power to the Cyprus Gazette, exclude any class of books from the exclude any operation of this Part of this Law.

55

PART IV.

PRINTING PRESSES.

27.—(1) No person shall keep or have in his possession No person to any printing press without having previously obtained a in his permit under the hand of the Colonial Secretary.

keep or have

- (2) No permit shall be granted unless the applicant, without or where there is more than one applicant every such permit. applicant, satisfies the Colonial Secretary that he-
 - (a) is of good character;
 - (b) has not been convicted of any offence under section 49 or 52 of the Cyprus Criminal Code Order in Council, 1928, or any amendment thereof;
 - (c) has resided in the Colony for a period of not less than one year preceding his application:

Provided that where application is made on behalf of a company each of the directors and the secretary thereof for the time being shall respectively satisfy the Colonial Secretary that they comply with the requirements of this sub-section.

(3) Before any permit under this part of this Law shall be granted, the applicant or applicants therefor shall submit an application in writing to the Colonial Secretary accompanied by a declaration on oath substantiating the facts set out in such application in the form prescribed in the Third Schedule to this Law, to be made and subscribed before a Judge:

Provided that any application on behalf of a company shall be accompanied by such declaration so made upon the prescribed form by each of the directors and the secretary thereof.

- (4) All proceedings relating to the making of the declaration referred to in sub-section (3) hereof shall be deemed to be judicial proceedings.
- (5) The Colonial Secretary may cancel any permit granted under this section if the person to whom it was granted at any time after the grant of such permit ceases to fulfil any of the requirements prescribed in sub-section (2) hereof or has permanently left the Colony.

- (6) Where any permit has been granted to any company such permit may be cancelled if any director or the secretary thereof for the time being respectively fails to fulfil any of the requirements prescribed in sub-section (2) hereof.
- (7) Every person who keeps or has in his possession any printing press without a permit or if a company so keeps or has in its possession a printing press each of the directors and the secretary thereof shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable for each offence to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding six months or to both.

PART V.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS.

Publications other than newspapers and books.

- 28.—(1) All printed publications, other than newspapers or books and bona fide commercial publications, shall bear at the foot of the last page thereof the name of the printer and publisher thereof.
- (2) Any person printing or publishing any such publication in contravention of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds or to both.

PART VI.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Copies of entries in register. 29. The Colonial Secretary shall, upon application and payment of the prescribed fee, deliver to any person who may require it a copy of any entry in or an extract from any register or a copy of any application, declaration or bond made or executed under this Law certified under his hand.

Certified extracts from register to be evidence. 30. Every copy of an entry in, and every extract from, the register and every copy of any application, declaration or bond made or executed under this Law, purporting to be signed by the Colonial Secretary, shall be received as conclusive evidence of the contents of the register, so far as the same appear in such copy or extract, or of the application, declaration or bond, without proof of the signature thereto; and every such certified copy or extract shall in all proceedings, civil or criminal, be accepted as prima tacie evidence of all the matters therein appearing,

unless and until the contrary thereof be shown. A certificate purporting to be signed by the Colonial Secretary that a permit for a particular newspaper has not been granted and is not registered shall in all proceedings, civil or criminal, be accepted as sufficient prima facie evidence of the fact of such non-grant and non-registration.

31. No person shall be deemed to have printed or Position of published a newspaper solely because in the course of his or distribuemployment or occupation he is taking part in the printing tor of or publication of the newspaper as a compositor or distributor.

32.—(1) Whenever any person is convicted of printing Suspension or publishing or causing to be printed or published in any of newsnewspaper any seditious or other libel, the Court before whom such person is tried may, if it thinks fit, either in lieu of or in addition to any other punishment make orders as to all or any of the following matters, that is to say,—

- (a) prohibiting either absolutely or except conditions to be specified in the order, for such period not exceeding three years as is mentioned in the order, the future publication of that newspaper;
- (b) prohibiting either absolutely or except on conditions to be specified in the order, for such period not exceeding three years as is mentioned in the order, the proprietor from publishing, editing or writing for any newspaper, or from assisting, whether with money or money's worth, material or personal service, or otherwise, in the publication, editing or production of any newspaper;

(c) that for the period aforesaid any printing press used in the production of the newspaper be used only on conditions to be specified in the order or that it be delivered to the Chief Commandant of Police and be kept in his custody for the period

aforesaid;

- (d) that a copy of such conviction as aforesaid shall at the expense of the person so convicted be published in such newspaper, if the publication thereof has not been prohibited hereunder, and in such other newspapers as are specified in the order.
- (2) If any person contravenes an order made under this section, he shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds.

(3) Nothing in this Law shall affect the power of the Court to punish any person contravening an order made under this section for contempt of Court, but so that a person shall not be punished twice for the same offence.

Service of process or notice.

33. Service of any process or notice under this Law shall be good, valid and effectual whenever served by delivering the same to the printer or publisher of any newspaper at the house or building where the newspaper is printed, or by delivering the same to any person actually being in such place of printing, or, in the absence of any such printer or publisher or other person as aforesaid, by affixing the same on the door of any such place of printing as aforesaid.

Power to Governor in Council to prohibit the introduction or circulation of certain newspapers.

34.—(1) The Governor in Council may by Order published in the Cyprus Gazette prohibit the introduction or circulation in the Colony of any newspaper published elsewhere which appears to the Governor in Council to be contrary to religion, morality, order or good government.

(2) Any person who has in his possession or who sells or distributes any such prohibited newspaper shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds and every copy of such

Power to Governor in Council to make regulations.

newspaper shall be forfeited faw 17 of 1944

New subjection (3) added by faw 17 of 1944

35. The Governor in Council may from time to time make regulations to be published in the Cyprus Gazette for all or any of the following matters, that is to say,-

(a) the fees to be paid for permits and for any act, matter or thing under this Law to be done or

Provided that no such fee shall exceed the sum

of one pound; (b) the form of registers to be kept under this Law and such other forms as may be required for the

purposes of this Law; (c) the conduct and regulation of registration under this Law and any matters incidental thereto;

(d) generally, for the better carrying out of the purposes of this Law.

Restriction on prosecutions.

36. A prosecution for an offence under this Law shall not be commenced-

(a) except by or with the consent of the Attorney-General; and

(b) unless it is commenced within six months from the time of the commission of such offence,

37.—(1) All permits to print or publish a newspaper Savings. granted under any of the Lawshereby repealed and subsisting on the date of the coming into operation of this Law shall be deemed to be permits granted under and for the purposes of this Law and shall be valid for a period of three months from the date of the coming into operation of this Law, and no longer:

Provided that if within the aforesaid period of three months a permit to print or publish a newspaper is granted under this Law to any person who is the holder of a permit to print or publish such newspaper granted under any of the Laws hereby repealed and subsisting on the date of the coming into operation of this Law, no fee shall be payable by such person for the permit granted to him under the provisions of this Law.

(2) All bonds entered into under any of the Laws hereby repealed shall be deemed to be bonds entered into under and for the purposes of this Law and shall be valid for a period of three months from the date of the coming into operation of this Law, and no longer.

(3) All permits to keep a printing press granted under any of the Laws hereby repealed and subsisting on the date of the coming into operation of this Law shall be deemed to be permits granted under and for the purposes of this Law.

(4) Any regulations or notifications made or issued under any of the Laws hereby repealed shall be deemed to have been made or issued under this Law and shall remain in force until replaced or revoked.

38. The Laws mentioned in the Fourth Schedule to this Repeal. Law are hereby repealed.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

(Section 4 (2).)

FORM OF DECLARATION TO ACCOMPANY AN APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO PUBLISH A NEWSPAPER.

PARTICULARS.

- 1. Name in full:
- 2. Present full postal address:
- 3. Place and date of birth: (Certificate of birth to be attached.)
- 4. Trade, occupation or profession;

- 5.—(a) State the language in which the newspaper will be published:
 - (b) Can applicant speak, read and write such language?
 - (c) State the intervals at which the newspaper will be published:

6. Where was applicant educated?

7. Has applicant—

No. 26.

- (a) Ever been declared bankrupt and if so has he obtained his discharge or has the bankruptcy been annulled or is he an undischarged bankrupt?

 (Give particulars and dates).
- (b) Ever been convicted of any offence and sentenced to any term of imprisonment exceeding six months? (Give particulars and dates).

(c) Ever been debarred from practising as a legal or medical practitioner? (Give particulars and dates).

(d) Ever been in the Government service and has he been dismissed? (Give particulars and grounds of dismissal, if any).

(e) Resided in Cyprus for a period of not less than one year immediately preceding the application?

(Give places of residence and periods of residence).

8. Does applicant intend to reside in Cyprus during the time the newspaper is published?

DECLARATION.

Signature of applicant.

District Judge of the District Court of......

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(SECTION 9.)
FORM OF DECLARATION BY A PERSON WHO CEASES TO BE PROPRIETOR OF A NEWSPAPER.
I,, of,
(a)
proprietor of the newspaperunder permit Nodatedhereby declare on oath (or solemnly declare) that (b)ceased to be the proprietor of the said newspaper.
Signature of applicant.
Sworn before me thisatby the said
whom I do personally know (or who has been identified
to me on oath bywhom I do personally know).
District Judge of the District Court of

THIRD SCHEDULE.

(SECTION 27 (3)).

FORM OF DECLARATION BY A PERSON APPLYING FOR A PERMIT TO KEEP OR HAVE IN HIS POSSESSION A PRINTING PRESS.

PARTICULARS.

- 1. Name in full:
- 2. Present full postal address:
- 3. Trade, occupation or profession:
- 4. Has applicant—
 - (a) Ever been convicted of any offence under section 49 or 52 of the Cyprus Criminal Code Order in Council, 1928, or any amendment thereof?

(b) Insert "I have" or "the said company has," as the case may be.

⁽a) Insert "being a director or the secretary of ... Company which is the" in case the declaration is made by such director or secretary.

(b) Resided in Cyprus for a period of not less than one year immediately preceding the application?

(Give place of residence and periods of residence).

In token whereof I do hereunder subscribe my signature.

Signature of Applicant.

Sworn before me this

by the said......
whom I do personally
know(or who has been
identified to me on
oath by.....
whom I do personally
know).

District Judge of the District Court of

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

(SECTION 38.)

REPEALS.

The Newspaper, Books and Printing Presses Law, 1930, (No. 23 of 1930).

The Newspaper, Books and Printing Presses (Amendment) Law, 1932, (No. 32 of 1932).

The Newspaper, Books and Printing Presses (Amendment) Law, 1933, (No. 2 of 1933).

This Law came into operation on 1st June, 1934.