

(3) The election shall be by open vote:

Provided that if any two or more persons shall receive an equal number of votes the election as between such persons shall be decided by the drawing of lots at the meeting under the supervision of the Commissioner or his representative.

*This Law was published in the Cyprus Gazette No. 2198  
of the 13th February, 1932.*

*Repealed by  
Law 12/1934*

NO. 12 OF 1932 (AS AMENDED BY LAW 13 OF 1932).

TO PROVIDE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL CONSTABLES AND FOR THE BETTER PRESERVATION OF THE PEACE. A.D. 1932.  
12 of 1932.

RONALD STORRS.]

[13th February, 1932.

BE it enacted:—

1. This Law may be cited as the Special Constables Law, 1932. Short title.

2. In this Law—

Definitions.

“Commandant” means the Chief Commandant of the Cyprus Military Police.

“Local Commandant” means a Local Commandant of the Cyprus Military Police.

3. It shall be lawful for the Commandant, subject to the approval of the Governor, to accept the services of any persons willing to be enrolled as Special Constables provided always that the first term of enrolment shall be for not less than two years from the date of attestation. Enlistment.

4. Every Special Constable shall upon enrolment take and subscribe the following oath according to the form prescribed by his religion to be administered by the Commandant or a Local Commandant:— Form of  
Oath for  
Special  
Constables.

I, A.B., do sincerely promise and swear that I will well and truly serve our Sovereign lord the King in the office of Special Constable without favour or affection, malice or ill will; and that I will to the best of my power cause the peace to be kept and preserved and prevent all offences against persons and property and that while I continue to hold the said office I will to the best of my skill and knowledge discharge all the duties thereof faithfully according to law

SO HELP ME GOD.

Period of  
service.

5. Every Special Constable who shall have been enrolled for such period of two years shall be liable to be called upon for service at any time within such period and thereafter shall continue to be so liable until he has been duly discharged.

Discharge  
from  
engagement.

6. A Special Constable who has completed such term of two years may resign at any time thereafter, upon giving not less than fourteen days' notice to the Commandant provided always that any Special Constable may for good and sufficient reason, with the permission in writing of the Commandant, be released from his engagement at any time before the expiration of the term of two years upon giving not less than fourteen days' notice in writing to the Commandant.

Appoint-  
ment of  
officers.

7. The Governor may appoint fit and proper persons to be officers and non-commissioned officers in the Special Constabulary.

Powers of  
Special  
Constables.

8. Every Special Constable shall have all the powers, authorities and immunities vested in members of the Cyprus Military Police by virtue of any law now in force or hereafter enacted.

Power to  
call out  
Special  
Constables.

9. The Commissioner within a district or in his absence the Senior Police Officer shall have power to call out all or any Special Constables therein as he may deem necessary for the purposes of preventing or suppressing any riot or disturbance of the peace or in any other emergency requiring their services.

Penalty for  
refusing to  
serve or for  
disobedience  
to orders.

\* 10. Any Special Constable who being called upon to serve shall neglect or refuse to serve or to obey such lawful orders and directions as may be given to him for the performance of the duties of his office shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 unless he shall prove to the satisfaction of the Court that he was prevented by sickness or such other unavoidable cause as may appear to the Court to be a sufficient excuse.

Allowances  
to Special  
Constables.

11. The Governor may order to be paid out of General Revenue such reasonable allowances to Special Constables for their trouble, loss of time and expenses as he may think fit and the reasonable cost of their transport and may order that any sums so expended be recovered from the inhabitants of the district or place where the services of such Special Constables were required in such manner as the Governor may direct.

12. Any person who assaults, resists or wilfully obstructs or aids or incites any person to assault, resist or wilfully obstruct any Special Constable in the execution of his duty shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to imprisonment for two years.

Penalty for assaulting or resisting Special Constables.

\* 13. The Governor may issue directions with regard to,  
(a) the qualifications for membership and manner of enrolment of Special Constables ;

Power to Governor to issue directions.

(b) the issue and custody of arms, ammunitions and equipment ;

(c) the wearing of badges and armlets ;

(d) the manner in which the Special Constabulary is to be organized ;

(e) generally for the better carrying out of this Law.

*This Law was published in the Cyprus Gazette No. 2198  
of the 13th February, 1932.*

#### No. 14 OF 1932.

#### TO REGULATE THE PRACTICE OF MIDWIFERY.

A.D. 1932.

RONALD STORRS.]

[23rd February, 1932.

14 of 1932.

BE it enacted :—

1. This Law may be cited as the Midwifery Law, 1932. Short title.

2. In this Law :—

“Medical Assessors” means the Medical Assessors constituted under the provisions of the Medical Registration Law, 1917.

Interpretation.

“Registrar” means the person appointed by the Governor by notice published in the *Cyprus Gazette* to be the Registrar under this Law.

3.—(1) No person shall practise midwifery who is not  
(a) registered as a midwife in the manner hereinafter provided ;

Who may practise midwifery.

(b) specially licensed as a midwife in the manner hereinafter provided ; or

(c) entitled to practise midwifery under the Medical Registration Law, 1917.

\* Section substituted by Law 13 of 1932.