No. 2 of 1930.

TO PROVIDE FOR THE LICENSING OF STALLIONS AND FOR PURPOSES CONNECTED THEREWITH.

RONALD STORRS. [May 10, 1930.

Be it enacted:—

1. This Law may be cited as the Horse Breeding Law, Short title.

2. In this Law:— Interpretation.

"Inspector" or "Inspectors" means an Inspector or Inspectors appointed by the Governor for carrying out the purposes of this Law.

"Stallion" means an entire male horse.

"Owner" in relation to a stallion means the person to whom for the time being the stallion belongs, whether absolutely or as part owner, lessee or hirer.

3. The Governor may from time to time appoint any fit person or persons to be an Inspector or Inspectors under this Law and may fix his or their pay, salary or remuneration.

4. Any person who being the owner or having the control of a stallion shall whether by act or omission use it or permit it to be used or exhibit it to be used for the service of any mare or she-donkey shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds unless the stallion is at the time licensed under this Law.

5.—(1) The Inspector shall have power to grant, revoke or suspend licences for the purposes of this Law. Licensing of stallions.

(2) The Inspector shall on application being made to him and on compliance with such conditions as to inspection and examination as are stated in this Law or in any regulation thereunder, grant to the owner of any stallion a licence in respect of the stallion and also, if so requested, a certified copy thereof. Provided that the Inspector may refuse to grant a licence and may revoke or suspend a licence if it appears to the Inspector that the stallion:—

(a) is affected with any contagious or infectious disease;
(b) is effected with any of the following diseases or defects, namely, cataract, roaring, whistling, broken wind, ringbone, sidebone, bone spavin, curb, unsound feet, navicular disease, shivering, stringhalt, defective genital organs;

(c) has proved to be inadequately prolific;

(d) is calculated, if used for stud purposes, to injure the breed of horses by reason of its defective conformation or physique; or

(e) begets unsuitable stock.

Provided that any stallion which is proved to the satisfaction of the Inspector to have been used for the service of any mare or she-donkey prior to the coming into operation of this Law shall not be refused a licence on any of the grounds specified in sub-paragraphs (b), (c), (d) or (e) of this section during the three years following the date of the coming into operation of this Law.

6.—(1) A licence, unless suspended or revoked by the Inspector, shall remain in force until the 31st day of December of the year in respect of which the licence is granted, but shall be renewable annually, and the same provisions shall apply to the renewal of a licence as apply to the grant of a licence.

Provided that in the case of a stallion which has attained the age of nine years or upwards and in respect of which a licence has been in force for the two preceding years the renewal of the licence shall not be refused on the ground only of the stallion being affected in its wind.

(2) If a stallion in respect of which a licence is in force is sold or let the Inspector shall, on application being made to him, transfer the licence to the new owner by endorsement of the licence or otherwise, but unless so transferred a licence shall cease to be in force at the expiration of one month after the change of ownership.

(3) A licence granted under this Law or certified copy thereof shall be produced—

(a) at the time of or before the service by the stallion of a mare or she-donkey, if so required by the owner or person in charge of the mare or she-donkey; and
(b) at any time if so required by an Inspector under this Law or by any member of the Police;

and if the person for the time being in charge of or having control of the stallion fails to produce the licence or certified copy when so required he and also the owner of the stallion if the failure is due to his default shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

7. The Inspector shall notify in such manner as he thinks fit the names of the places and dates at which stallions will be inspected and examined for licences, and the owners shall provide all reasonable facilities for the inspection and examination of their stallions at the said places unless the Inspector has specially exempted them from so doing.

8. The owner of a stallion in respect of which a licence is in force under this Law shall—

(a) give notice forthwith to the Inspector in the prescribed manner of any sale or letting or other change in the ownership of the stallion or of its castration or death; and

(b) submit the stallion to inspection and examination by any person authorised in that behalf by the Inspector if and when required by the Inspector; and

(c) return the licence and the certified copy (if any) to the Inspector forthwith on the expiration, revocation or suspension of the licence;

and if he fails to comply with any of the requirements of this section he shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

9. The Inspector or any person duly authorised in writing by the Inspector shall have power to inspect and examine any stallion which is or which he has reason to believe is used for service or exhibited for service, and shall for the purposes of this Law have power to enter at all reasonable times any premises where he has reason to believe any stallion is kept, and if any person refuses to allow the Inspector, or any person who is so authorised and who, if so required, produces his authority, to inspect and examine any such stallion or to enter any premises which he is entitled to enter under this section or obstructs or impedes him in the exercise of his powers under this section, that person shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds.
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10. In any proceedings under this Law for using a stallion for the service of any mare or she-donkey or permitting or exhibiting it to be so used the burden of proof that a licence under this Law in respect of the stallion was in force at the time that it was so used or permitted or exhibited to be so used shall lie on the person charged and until the contrary be proved it shall be assumed that no licence was then in force.

11.—(1) The Governor in Council may by Order make Regulations to be published in the Cyprus Gazette for carrying out the purposes of this Law.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such Regulations may:—

(a) prescribe the form of licence and any other forms for use under this Law;

(b) provide for the keeping of a Register, and for the form of such Register and the manner of controlling the same.

12. This Law shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by notice by the Governor in the Cyprus Gazette.

This Law was published in the Cyprus Gazette No. 2056 of the 19th May, 1930.

No. 3 OF 1930.

A.D. 1930.  TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO THE PUBLIC OFFICERS' GUARANTEE FUND.

RONALD STORRS.]  [May 10, 1930.

Be it enacted:—

1. This Law may be cited as the Public Officers' Guarantee Fund (Amendment) Law, 1930, and shall be read as one with the Public Officers' Guarantee Fund Law, 1896, (hereinafter referred to as the Principal Law), and the Public Officers' Guarantee Fund (Amendment) Law, 1927, and the Principal Law and the said Law and this Law may together be cited as the Public Officers' Guarantee Fund Laws, 1896 to 1930.

2. The Principal Law, section 5, is hereby amended by the deletion of the word "shall" in line 2 and the substitution therefor of the words "may at the direction of the Governor".