#### SILKWORM INDUSTRY PROTECTION.

#### 22 OF 1922.

## TO ENCOURAGE THE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPROVEMENT OF THE SILK INDUSTRY.

MALCOLM STEVENSON. 7

[May 13, 1922.

1. This Law may be cited as the Silkworm Industry Protection Short title. Law, 1922.

2. In this Law: —

" Eggs" means the eggs of the silkworm moth.

"Moths" means silkworm moths.

- "Disease" means hereditary pebrine, flacherie, and any other disease declared by Order of the High Commissioner in Council to be a disease for the purposes of this Law.
- "Sericulture Inspector" means a person appointed by the High Commissioner to be a Sericulture Inspector under this Law.

3. The importation of silkworms into Cyprus is prohibited. Importation Any person who imports or attempts to import silkworms shall of silkworms prohibited. be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds and all silkworms in respect of which an offence shall have been committed shall be confiscated.

4.—(1.) The importation of eggs into Cyprus is prohibited Conditions except under the conditions following: --

- (a.) That the permission in writing of the Director of Agriculture is previously obtained; and
- (b.) That the importation is completed between the first day of October and the thirty-first day of January inclusive; and
- (c.) That the consignment of eggs is sealed by a banderolle affixed by such Government authority as the Director of Agriculture shall consider sufficient to guarantee the quality of the eggs; and
- (d.) That the consignment of eggs is accompanied by such certificate from the vendor as the Director of Agriculture shall prescribe; and
- (e.) Under the conditions and subject to the restrictions imposed by any rules under section 24.

under which eggs may be imported.

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Definitions.

# No. 22.] THE STATUTE LAWS OF CYPRUS: [A.D. 1922.

Penalty for illegally importing eggs.

Penalty for sale, etc., of imported silkworms or eggs illegally imported.

Penalty for raising silkworms from illegally imported eggs.

Licences to raise eggs in the Island. (2.) Any person who imports or attempts to import eggs otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be liable to a fine not less than two pounds or more than ten pounds and all eggs or silkworms derived from such eggs in respect to which an offence shall have been committed shall be confiscated.

5. Any person who sells or otherwise disposes of or purchases or otherwise acquires imported silkworms, or eggs which have been imported into the Island otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of section 4, knowing that they have been so imported, shall be liable to a fine not less than two pounds or more than ten pounds and all silkworms and eggs in respect to which an offence shall have been committed shall be confiscated.

6. Any person who raises or attempts to raise silkworms from eggs which have been imported into the Island otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of section 4, knowing that the eggs have been so imported, shall be liable to a fine not less than two pounds or more than ten pounds and all silkworms and eggs in respect to which an offence shall have been committed shall be confiscated.

7. The Director of Agriculture may, if he shall think fit, issue a licence authorizing the person to whom it is granted to raise eggs on the Pasteur cellular system or such other system as the High Commissioner may by rule prescribe in the Island. Such licence shall be an annual licence expiring on the 28th February in each year. Any person raising eggs without a licence or raising eggs on any other system than the Pasteur cellular system or such other system as the High Commissioner may by rule prescribe shall be liable to a fine not less than one pound or more than five pounds for every ounce or part of an ounce of eggs so raised, and all the eggs raised by him shall be confiscated.

8. All eggs raised in the Island shall be placed in boxes or other packets to be sealed with a banderolle at such time and in such manner as shall be prescribed by Rules to be made under this Law. Any person in possession of eggs between the 1st January and the 15th March, both days inclusive, or such other period as the High Commissioner in Council may prescribe, which are not in boxes duly banderolled in the prescribed manner shall be liable to a fine not less than two pounds or more than ten pounds, and all eggs in respect to which an offence shall have been committed shall be confiscated.

Eggs to be banderolled.

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9. No eggs shall be sold or purchased or otherwise transferred Eggs to be unless such eggs are in a box or other packet sealed with an intact banderolled banderolle as prescribed by this Law or the Rules made there- boxes. under. Any person who sells or purchases or otherwise transfers eggs not in a box or other packet sealed with an intact banderolle as aforesaid shall be liable to a penalty not less than two pounds or more than ten pounds and all eggs in respect of which an offence shall have been committed and any silkworms raised from such eggs shall be confiscated.

10. Any person after the 15th March in any year, or after such Boxes and other date as the High Commissioner in Council may prescribe, who shall be in possession of eggs or silkworms, shall be in possession of and shall produce on demand to the Director of Agriculture or a Sericulture Inspector or member of the Police the box or packet in which the eggs were placed for the purpose of being sealed with a banderolle, together with the banderolle as little injured as possible in opening such box or packet, as a certificate that any eggs or silkworms in his possession are eggs or silkworms derived from eggs imported, purchased, or raised and placed in a box or packet properly banderolled according to this Law or any Rules made thereunder. Any person in possession of eggs or silkworms in respect to which he is unable to produce such box or packet, together with such banderolle as aforesaid, shall be liable to a fine not less than one pound or more than five pounds and all eggs and silkworms in respect to which an offence shall have been committed shall be confiscated.

11. Any person who, either personally or by agent, sells or Vendor otherwise disposes of imported or locally raised eggs or silkworms statement. produced from imported or locally raised eggs shall on or before the 20th April in each year send to the Director of Agriculture and shall at any time on demand by a Sericulture Inspector furnish to such Sericulture Inspector :-

- (1.) A written statement specifying the names and residences of the persons to whom the eggs have been sold or disposed of, the date of such sale or disposition, and the quantity of eggs so supplied to such persons respectively; or
- (2.) A written statement specifying the names and residences of the persons to whom silkworms have been sold or disposed of, the date of such sale or disposition, the quantity of the silkworms so supplied to such persons respectively, and the total amount of eggs from which the silkworms were raised.

banderolles to be retained.

## No. 22. THE STATUTE LAWS OF CYPRUS: [A.D. 1922.

Any person failing to comply with the above provisions in all particulars shall be liable to a fine not less than two pounds or more than ten pounds and any person who shall falsely set out any of the particulars so required in the said statement, knowing them to be false, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten pounds.

12. Any person who obtains locally raised eggs from a person, other than the holder of a licence, shall be liable to a fine not less than one pound or more than five pounds for every ounce or part of an ounce of eggs obtained and all such eggs or silkworms or moths produced therefrom shall be confiscated.

13. Any person who conceals or attempts to conceal eggs, silkworms or moths shall be liable to a fine not less than one pound or more than five pounds for each ounce or part of an ounce of eggs, or one shilling for every thousand silkworms, or one shilling for every moth, so concealed or attempted to be concealed and all such eggs, silkworms or moths shall be confiscated.

14. The Director of Agriculture or a Sericulture Inspector may at any time inspect and examine any eggs, silkworms or moths, and may take specimens of any eggs, silkworms or moths, and may cause to be published the result and particulars of any such inspection and examination.

15. Any moths or any lot of eggs which are certified by the Director of Agriculture or a Sericulture Inspector to be infected with disease shall be liable to be confiscated without compensation.

16. Any silkworms which are certified by the Director of Agriculture or a Sericulture Inspector to be infected with disease to an extent of more than ten per centum shall be liable to be confiscated without compensation.

17. No silkworms which are infected with disease shall be used for the production of eggs.

18. The High Commissioner may for the purposes of scientific investigation only grant a special licence to any person to rear silkworms or raise eggs on such conditions and subject to such provisions as he may think fit.

19. Any person who obstructs the Director of Agriculture or a Sericulture Inspector in the performance of their duties shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

Penalty for purchasing eggs from unlicensed person.

Penalty for concealment of eggs, silkworms or moths.

Power to inspect and to publish result of inspection.

Confiscation of diseased moths or eggs.

Confiscation of diseased silkworms.

Infected silkworms not to be used for the production of eggs. Special licence.

Penalty for obstructing officers.

20. On the conviction of any person for any breach or non- Court may observance or any attempted breach of this Law or of any Rule order licence made thereunder, the Court may in addition to any other penalty cancelled. direct any licence held by such person to be cancelled.

21. Any person who commits any breach or non-observance or Penalty for attempts to commit any breach of this Law or of any Rules breach of Law or made thereunder for which no penalty is prescribed shall be liable Rules not to a fine not exceeding five pounds, and any eggs, silkworms or otherwise moths in respect to which such breach or non-observance has been committed shall be liable to confiscation, and the Court may in addition to any other penalty direct any licence held by such person to be cancelled.

provided for.

22. The High Commissioner may order that the whole or any Reward to portion of any fine inflicted under this Law be paid to the person informers. by whose means the conviction has been obtained.

23. Nothing in this Law contained shall prevent a prosecution Saving. under any other law, but so that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

24. The High Commissioner in Council may make rules regu- Rules. lating any or all of the following matters, that is to say :-

- (a) The issue and granting of licences to raise eggs in the Island:
- (b) The inspection of eggs, silkworms and moths imported or raised;
- (c) Regulating the mode and time for the affixing of banderolles on each box or packet of eggs raised in the Island under the provisions of this Law, and fixing a price for the same at a rate not exceeding four and half copper piastres for each ounce of eggs;
- (d) Declaring any district or area within the Island to be a place infected with disease and making any general or special order for combating the same; and
- (e) Generally for better carrying into effect the provisions of this Law.