

Proceedings
against brothel
keeper,
etc.

3. Any person who—

- (1.) Keeps or manages or acts or assists in the management of a brothel which is a nuisance or annoyance to the public in general or to the people who dwell or occupy property in the vicinity of the brothel; or
- (2.) Being the tenant, lessee, or occupier of any premises, knowingly permits them or any part of them to be used as a brothel which is such a nuisance or annoyance as aforesaid,

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds, or, in the discretion of the Court, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding three months, and on a second or subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding forty pounds, or, in the discretion of the Court, to imprisonment for any term not exceeding four months, and in case of a third or subsequent conviction he may, in addition to such penalty or imprisonment as last aforesaid, be required by the Court to enter into a recognizance with or without sureties, as to the Court seems meet, to be of good behaviour for any period not exceeding twelve months, and, in default of entering into such recognizance, he may be imprisoned for any period not exceeding three months in addition to any such term of imprisonment as aforesaid.

OFFICIAL SECURITY (IMMOVABLE PROPERTY.)

See IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AND LAND (LAW 10 OF 1917).

OFFICIAL TRUSTEES.

7 OF 1912.

TO PROVIDE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF OFFICIAL TRUSTEES.

HAMILTON GOOLD-ADAMS.]

[May 24, 1912.

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the Official Trustees Law, 1912.

Establishment of
Official
Trustees.

2. There shall be established an office, the holders of appointments to which shall be styled Official Trustees.

3. It shall be lawful for the High Commissioner in Council at any time to appoint such persons as he may think fit as Official Trustees and to remove from such office any such person so appointed. How appointed.

4. The full names and addresses of any persons appointed to or removed from the office of Official Trustee shall be published as soon as possible in the *Cyprus Gazette* after such appointment or removal. Notification of appointments and removals.

5. Any person appointed as an Official Trustee, and whilst continuing to hold such office shall be entitled to undertake any of the following duties:— Duties.

(a.) The duties of a guardian to be appointed by any Court under the provisions of the Infants' Estates Administration Law, 1894.

(b.) The duties of any Juge-Commissaire, Trustee in bankruptcy, or Syndic or person to be appointed by any Court of competent jurisdiction to administer in conformity with the provisions of the Ottoman Commercial Code the estate of any person who has been adjudged bankrupt under the said Code.

(c.) The duties of executor or administrator under the will of any person.

6. Any Official Trustee may be appointed by any District Court or the Supreme Court as guardian, trustee or in any other capacity in the previous section mentioned and may at any time on application or on the motion of the Court be dismissed from such appointment. Power of Courts to appoint to and dismiss from matter Official Trustee.

The District Court by which such Official Trustee is appointed or the Supreme Court may at any time make any such order in respect of such appointment or otherwise as to the Court seems right.

Provided that no Official Trustee shall be compelled to undertake any of the duties in the previous section mentioned unless he shall give his consent in writing.

7. An Official Trustee who has been appointed by any Court and has undertaken to perform any such duties as are hereinbefore mentioned shall in respect of such duties and all accounts and other matters connected with the same be deemed to be an officer of the Supreme Court and of the Court by which he is appointed. Official Trustees to be officers of Court.

Responsi-
bility of
Government.

8. The Government of Cyprus will guarantee the estate of any infant or bankrupt or person, in respect of which estate any Official Trustee has been duly appointed, against any loss directly caused by the fraud of such Official Trustee.

Liability of
and security
to be given
by Official
Trustee.

9. Every Official Trustee shall have the same liabilities towards those interested in any estate in respect of which he is acting as he would have if he were not an Official Trustee. Every Official Trustee shall give such security to the Government of Cyprus for the faithful performance of his duties as the High Commissioner in Council may from time to time require and determine.

Rules of
Court.

10. It shall be lawful for the High Commissioner in Council with the advice and assistance of the Chief Justice to make from time to time by Order in Council Rules of Court prescribing:—

- (a.) The fees which shall be chargeable by Official Trustees in carrying out any of the duties hereinbefore referred to.
- (b.) The regulation of any matters relating to the duties of Official Trustees in carrying out any of the duties hereinbefore referred to.
- (c.) Generally the regulation of any matters required for the purposes of more effectively carrying out the provisions of this Law.

OLIVES.

24 OF 1899.

TO REGULATE THE GATHERING OF OLIVES AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE
BETTER PROTECTION OF CERTAIN CROPS.

W. F. HAYES SMITH.]

[August 24, 1899.

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the Olives Law, 1899.

Commis-
sioner to fix
date for gath-
ering of olive
crop to begin.

2. Every District Commissioner shall in each year fix the date at which the gathering of the olive crop shall begin in each village within his district or in each group of villages united under the provisions of the Field Watchmen Law, 1896,⁽¹⁾ and shall cause public notice of every date so fixed to be posted on the door of every church and mosque in the village or group of villages, or, should there be no church or mosque, in some conspicuous place.

Penalty for
gathering
before date.

3. Except in the case provided for in the next following section, any person gathering olives before the date so fixed shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one pound.

⁽¹⁾ Repealed by 16 of 1923.