

## No. 731. THE CUSTOMS MANAGEMENT LAW, 1954.

## ORDER IN COUNCIL No. 2730

MADE UNDER SECTION 106.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 106 of the Customs Management Law, 1954, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to order as follows :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Management (Exportation of Wines) (Restriction) Order, 1954.
2. No person shall export or attempt to export to any Commonwealth country (as defined in section 2 of the Customs Tariff Law, 1954) any wine manufactured in the Colony except under a licence granted to him in accordance with the provisions of this Order.
- 3.—(1) The Director of Agriculture (hereinafter referred to as "the Director"), may, subject to such terms and conditions as he may think fit, grant to any person, licence to export wine manufactured in the Colony to any such Commonwealth country, for sale therein, after previously obtaining the opinion of an Expert Committee composed of one person nominated by the Director, one person nominated by the Comptroller and one person nominated by the person applying for the exportation of wine, to the effect that the wine to be exported is sound, clean and fit for sale and consumption in British markets.
  - (2) Any licence granted under this Order may be revoked at any time by the Director upon breach of, or failure to comply with, any of the terms or conditions of such licence to be observed or performed by the licensee.
4. Nothing in this Order contained shall apply to the exportation of wine, not exceeding four gallons at any one time, by any person who satisfies the Comptroller that such wine is intended for private consumption and not for sale.

Ordered this 20th day of December, 1954.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor,

G. P. CASSELS,

*Clerk of the Executive Council.*

(M.P. 1585/54.)

## No. 732. THE CUSTOMS MANAGEMENT LAW, 1954.

## ORDER IN COUNCIL No. 2731

MADE UNDER SECTION 133.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 133 of the Customs Management Law, His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to order as follows :—

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs Management (Import Concessions for Educational, Scientific and Cultural Materials) Order, 1954.
2. The several goods and articles in the Schedule hereto shall, subject to the conditions therein laid down, be exempted from the payment of any import duty :

Provided that they are the products of a State which is party to the Agreement on the importation of educational, scientific and cultural materials approved by the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organizations during its fifth session in June, 1950, as ratified in accordance with Article XI of such Agreement,

## 3. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed—

- (a) to prevent the levying on imported materials—
  - (i) of internal taxes or any other internal charges of any kind, imposed at the time of importation or subsequently, not exceeding those applied directly or indirectly to like domestic products ;
  - (ii) of fees and charges, other than customs duties, imposed by governmental authorities on, or in connection with importation, limited in amount to the approximate cost of the services rendered, and representing neither an indirect protection to domestic products nor a taxation of imports for revenue purposes ;
- (b) to affect the right to take measures in conformity with any Law in force for the time being to prohibit or limit the circulation after importation of any goods or articles on grounds relating directly to national security, public order or public morals ;
- (c) to modify or affect any Law or Regulation in force for the time being or any international treaty, convention, agreement or proclamation with respect of copyright, trade marks or patents.

*Gazette :* 4. The Customs (Import Concessions for Educational, Scientific and  
 Suppl. No. 3 Cultural Materials) Order, 1954, is hereby revoked.  
 3.6.1954.

## SCHEDULE.

## PART I.

## BOOKS, PUBLICATIONS AND DOCUMENTS.

- (i) Printed books.
- (ii) Newspapers and periodicals.
- (iii) Books and documents produced by duplicating processes other than printing.
- (iv) Official government publications, that is, official, parliamentary and administrative documents published in their country of origin.
- (v) Travel posters and travel literature (pamphlets, guides, time-tables, leaflets and similar publications), whether illustrated or not, including those published by private commercial enterprises, whose purpose is to stimulate travel outside the country of importation.
- (vi) Publications whose purpose is to stimulate study outside the country of importation.
- (vii) Manuscripts, including typescripts.
- (viii) Catalogues of books and publications, being books and publications offered for sale by publishers or booksellers established outside the country of importation.
- (ix) Catalogues of films, recordings or other visual and auditory material of an educational, scientific or cultural character, being catalogues issued by or on behalf of the United Nations, or any of its Specialized Agencies.
- (x) Music in manuscript or printed form, or reproduced by duplicating processes other than printing.
- (xi) Geographical, hydrographical or astronomical maps and charts.
- (xii) Architectural, industrial or engineering plans and designs, and reproductions thereof, intended for study in scientific establishments or educational institutions approved by the competent authorities of the importing country for the purpose of duty-free admission of these types of articles.

(The exemptions provided by Part I shall not apply to—

- (a) stationery ;
- (b) books, publications and documents (except catalogues, travel posters and travel literature referred to above) published by or for a private commercial enterprise, essentially for advertising purposes ;

- (c) newspapers and periodicals in which the advertising matter is in excess of 70 per cent by space ;
- (d) all other items (except catalogues referred to above) in which the advertising matter is in excess of 25 per cent by space. In the case of travel posters and literature, this percentage shall apply only to private commercial advertising matter).

## PART II.

## WORKS OF ART AND COLLECTORS' PIECES OF AN EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC OR CULTURAL CHARACTER.

- (i) Paintings and drawings, including copies, executed entirely by hand, but excluding manufactured decorated wares.
- (ii) Hand-printed impressions, produced from hand-engraved or hand-etched blocks, plates or other material, and signed and numbered by the artist.
- (iii) Original works of art of statuary or sculpture, whether in the round, in relief, or in intaglio, excluding mass-produced reproductions and works of conventional craftsmanship of a commercial character.
- (iv) Collectors' pieces and objects of art consigned to public galleries, museums and other public institutions, approved by the competent authorities of the importing country for the purpose of duty-free entry of these types of articles, not intended for resale.
- (v) Collections and collectors' pieces in such scientific fields as anatomy, zoology, botany, mineralogy, palaeontology, archaeology and ethnography, not intended for resale.
- (vi) Antiques, being articles in excess of 100 years of age.

## PART III.

## VISUAL AND AUDITORY MATERIALS OF AN EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC OR CULTURAL CHARACTER.

- (i) Films, filmstrips, microfilms and slides, of an educational, scientific or cultural character, when imported by organizations (including, at the discretion of the importing country, broadcasting organizations), approved by the competent authorities of the importing country for the purpose of duty-free admission of these types of articles, exclusively for exhibition by these organizations or by other public or private educational, scientific or cultural institutions or societies approved by the aforesaid authorities.
- (ii) Newsreels (with or without sound track), depicting events of current news value at the time of importation, and imported in either negative form, exposed and developed, or positive form, printed and developed, when imported by organizations (including, at the discretion of the importing country, broadcasting organizations) approved by the competent authorities of the importing country for the purpose of duty-free admission of such films, provided that free entry may be limited to two copies of each subject for copying purposes.
- (iii) Sound recordings of an educational, scientific or cultural character for use exclusively in public or private educational, scientific or cultural institutions or societies (including, at the discretion of the importing country, broadcasting organizations) approved by the competent authorities of the importing country for the purpose of duty-free admission of these types of articles.
- (iv) Films, filmstrips, microfilms and sound recordings of an educational, scientific or cultural character produced by the United Nations or any of its Specialized Agencies.
- (v) Patterns, models and wall charts for use exclusively for demonstrating and teaching purposes in public or private educational, scientific or cultural institutions approved by the competent

authorities of the importing country for the purpose of duty-free admission of these types of articles.

*Note.*—In this Part, “competent authorities” means :

- (a) as regards items (i) to (iv), both inclusive, the Board of Censors appointed under the Cinematograph Films Law (Cap. 61 and Law 35 of 1953) ;
- (b) as regards item (v), the Director of Education.

#### PART IV.

##### SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS OR APPARATUS.

Scientific instruments or apparatus, intended exclusively for educational purposes or pure scientific research, provided :

- (a) that such scientific instruments or apparatus are consigned to public or private scientific or educational institutions approved by the competent authorities of the importing country for the purpose of duty-free entry of these types of articles, and used under the control and responsibility of these institutions ;
- (b) that instruments or apparatus of equivalent scientific value are not being manufactured in the country of importation.

*Note.*—In this Part, “competent authorities” means the Director of Education.

#### PART V.

##### ARTICLES FOR THE BLIND.

- (i) Books, publications and documents of all kinds in raised characters for the blind.
- (ii) Other articles specially designed for the educational, scientific or cultural advancement of the blind, which are imported directly by institutions or organizations concerned with the welfare of the blind, approved by the competent authorities of the importing country for the purpose of duty-free entry of these types of articles.

*Note.*—In this Part, “competent authorities” means the Director of Education.

Ordered this 20th day of December, 1954.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor,

(M.P. 1906/50.)

A. F. BATES,  
*Financial Secretary.*

#### No. 733. THE CUSTOMS MANAGEMENT LAW, 1954.

##### ORDER MADE UNDER SECTION 101.

8 of 1954.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 101 of the Customs Management Law, 1954, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the buildings described in the Schedule hereto, to be Customs Warehouses for the purpose of the Customs Laws.

##### SCHEDULE.

Such buildings, provided by Government, at the Customs Houses at Famagusta, Larnaca, Limassol, Paphos, Karavostasi, Kyrenia, Nicosia and Nicosia aerodrome, as the Comptroller may deem suitable from time to time for use as Customs warehouses, including every such building as has, at any time, been used at any of the Customs Houses mentioned, for the aforesaid purpose.

Ordered this 20th day of December, 1954.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor,

(M.P. 1342/49/A/2.)

A. F. BATES,  
*Financial Secretary.*