No. 71.

THE VILLAGES (ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT) LAW, 1950.

BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE IMPROVEMENT BOARD OF AYIA PHYLA.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by section 24 of the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Law, 1950, the Improvement Board of Ayia Phyla hereby make the following bve-laws :-

- 1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Ayia Phyla Bye-laws, 1952.
- 2.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2), (3) and (4) of this bye-law, the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Pedhoulas Bye-laws, 1951, published in Supplement No. 3 to the Gazette of the 14th March, 1951 (hereinafter called "the model bye-laws") shall—

(a) be deemed to be bye-laws made by the Improvement Board of Ayia Phyla and to be

incorporated herein, and

(b) apply to the improvement area of Ayia Phyla: Provided that for the word "Pedhoulas" and for the word "Nicosia" wherever they occur in the model bye-laws, the words "Ayia Phyla" and the word "Limassol" shall be substituted respectively.

(2) The bye-laws set out in the First Appendix hereto shall be substituted for the corresponding bye-laws of the model bye-laws.

(3) The bye-laws of the model bye-laws referred to in the Second Appendix hereto have been adopted by the Improvement Board of Ayia Phyla subject to the amendments specified in the said Appendix.

(4) The bye-laws of the model bye-laws mentioned in the Third Appendix hereto shall not apply to the improvement area of Ayia Phyla.

FIRST APPENDIX: $(Bye-law\ 2\ (2).)$

Bye-laws to be Substituted.

Bye-law 4. The Board may from time to time by public notification appoint any premises within the improvement area to be a slaughter-house in respect of any animal (hereinafter in these bye-laws referred to as "the slaughter-house").

Bye-law 6. The slaughter-house shall be under the control and management of the inspector,

subject to any instructions which he may from time to time receive from the Medical Officer.

Bye-law 9. The slaughter-house shall be open and shall be kept open for the slaughtering of any animal and the dressing of its carcass on such days and at such hours as may from time to time be determined by the Chairman.

Bye-law 10.—(1) No animal shall be slaughtered for human consumption or for sale within

the improvement area except at the slaughter-house.

(2) No carcass of any such animal shall be cleaned or dressed within the improvement area except at the slaughter-house. Bye-law 14. No animals except animals for slaughter for human consumption shall be

allowed within the slaughter-house.

Bye-law 15.—No person shall slaughter any animal in the slaughter-house unless he produces and leaves with the inspector the certificate of ownership in respect thereof. Bye-law 16.—(2) No animal shall be slaughtered in the slaughter-house without the permission

of the inspector.

Bye-law 19. Any carcass, part or organ, which in the opinion of the inspector or the Medical Officer contains any lesion of disease or other condition which renders the meat unfit for human consumption shall be seized and disposed of in such manner as the inspector or the Medical Officer

Provided that the owner of or the person who slaughtered the animal concerned may appeal to the Chairman whose decision as to the seizure or disposal of the carcass, part or organ, shall be final and conclusive.

Bye-law 20. Every person slaughtering any animal or cleaning or dressing the carcass thereof in the slaughter-house-

(a) shall provide himself with clean and suitable knives, appliances, clothing and overalls to the satisfaction of the inspector;

(b) shall slaughter such animal at such place in the slaughter-house as shall be indicated

from time to time by the inspector;
(c) shall clean the carcass of any such animal from offal and refuse or shall dress it at such place in the slaughter-house as shall be indicated from time to time by the inspector;

- (d) shall dispose of such offal and refuse in such place in the slaughter-house and in such manner as shall be indicated from time to time by the inspector; and
- (e) shall not remove the carcass of any such animal from the slaughter-house until it is inspected by the inspector, it is sealed by the seal and the fee prescribed in bye-law 26 of these bye-laws is paid in respect thereof.

 Bye-law 22.—(1) The inspector shall enter daily in a book—

- (a) the names and surnames of each person who slaughters any animal in the slaughter-house and of the owner, if known, of any such animal;
 (b) the number, kind and description of all animals slaughtered in the slaughter-house by
- each person; and (c) the fees paid by each person in respect of any animal slaughtered in the slaughter-house.

(2) The inspector shall supply such reports, returns and information in connection with the slaughtering of animals in the slaughter-house as may be required by the Chief Veterinary Officer. Bye-law 23. All carcasses shall be conveyed from the slaughter-house to the meat market free of charge by the Board in containers which shall be properly covered to avoid contamination or in such other manner as may from time to time be prescribed by the Chairman. Bye-law 24.—(1) Save as in paragraph (3) hereof provided, no carcass or fresh meat of any animal shall be brought or kept within the improvement area for human consumption or for sale or shall be exposed for sale therein unless-(a) such carcass or fresh meat belongs to an animal which has been slaughtered at the slaughter-house and has been cleaned and dressed therein; and (b) such carcass or fresh meat bears on it the seal in good condition and well preserved. Bye-law 26.—The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person slaughtering any animal in the slaughter-house, that is to say :-(a) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox not exceeding thirty okes in weight 4 0 (b) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox exceeding thirty okes in weight (c) For every goat, kid, lamb or sheep of six okes or over in weight (d) For every kid or lamb under six okes in weight 6 (e) For every swine not exceeding five okes in weight (f) For every swine exceeding five okes in weight but not exceeding ten okes in weight 1 (g) For every swine exceeding ten okes in weight but not exceeding thirty okes in weight (h) For every swine exceeding thirty okes in weight Provided that when any animal which has been slaughtered is to be used exclusively by the owner and his family for the purpose of salting, six piastres shall, irrespective of the weight, be paid in respect of each goat, lamb, sheep or kid and two shillings in respect of other animals in lieu of the fees hereinbefore prescribed. Bye-law 29. In addition to or in substitution for the premises by these bye-laws provided to be the slaughter-house the Board may provide new or other premises to be the slaughter-house: Provided that for the purpose of these bye-laws such new or other premises shall be deemed to be a slaughter-house only after a public notification is made in respect thereof. Bye-law 30. In this part of these bye-laws—
(a) the term "animal" means any bull, calf, camel, cow, goat, kid, lamb, ox, sheep or swine;
(b) the term "carcass" means the carcass of any such animal; (c) the term "fresh meat" means the fresh meat of any such animal. Bye-law 37.-(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any perishable goods in the market of perishable goods, that is to say :-(a) When the value of such goods is under two shillings (b) When the value of such goods exceeds two shillings but does not exceed four (c) When the value of such goods exceeds four shillings but does not exceed eight shillings (d) When the value of such goods exceeds eight shillings but does not exceed fifteen (e) When the value of such goods exceeds fifteen shillings but does not exceed twenty shillings When the value of such goods exceeds twenty shillings but does not exceed forty shillings (g) When the value of such goods exceeds forty shillings but does not exceed eighty (2) If the value of such goods exceeds £4, a fee of one shilling for each additional pound or fraction thereof shall be added to the aforementioned fee of 3 shillings. Bye-law 51.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, that is to say :-(a) For every carcass of sheep or goat or part thereof (b) For every carcass of a young lamb or kid of less than 6 okes in weight or part thereof (c) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof not exceeding 30 okes in weight ... (d) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight . . . `. (e) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 60 okes in weight... Bye-law 58.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person exposing for sale any carcass of swine or fresh pork in the pork market, that is to say :-(a) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork not exceeding 30 okes in weight (b) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight ... (c) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 60 okes in weight... Bye-law 65.—(1) Every person exposing for sale in the fish market any fresh fish, shall pay

in respect thereof a fee of one piastre for every oke or any fraction thereof.

(e) For every sheep or goat. (c) For every sheep or goat. (d) For every sheep or goat. (e) For every sheep or goat. (e) For every sheep or goat. (e) For every kid, lamb or suckling pig. (2) Every such toll shall be paid to the inspector on admission of the animal into the of animals or shall be paid by residents of Ayia Phyla exposing for sale any such animal wouch sale takes place. Bye-law 82. The following tolls shall be paid by every person selling or exposing for the fair market the following animals, goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids of any ki is to say:— (a) For every swine of any age sold (e) For every swine of any age sold (f) For any kind of goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids exposed for sale for the or any part of the period of the said fair, a toll from 1p, to 20s, according to the vigorous part of the period of the said fair, a toll from 1p, to 20s, according to the vigorous within the properties of the said fair, a toll from 1p, to 20s, according to the vigorous within the hawks goods within the improvement area, that is to say:— (a) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £1 (b) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £3 (c) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £3 (d) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3 but does not exceed £10 (d) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3 (e) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3 (f) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3 (g) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3 (h) Every person posting or ex any advertisement or notice on any hoarding, that is to say:— Size of advertise notice not excee 2×2tt. phylam 100—(1) The following charges shall be paid by every person posting or ex any advertisement or notice on any hoarding, that is to say:— Size of advertise notice not excee 2×2tt. phylam 200—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person for a licence or of a licence to keep any dog within the improvement area, that is to say:— (a) For each way the properties of t	
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(c) Shoemakers	20
(d) Clubs, dentists, medical practitioners, chemists, pharmacists, pianists, bandmasters, photographers or quarry owners	<i>(</i> Λ
masters, photographers or quarry owners	60 20
keeners	20
(f) Keepers of coffee houses drapery-shops grocery shops restaurants or any	
(7) Respens of confectiouses, dispery-snops, grocery snops, resonations of any	20
(g) Muletters per horse or mule or donkey	20 20 20
(h) Persons keeping carriages for public hire, per carriage	20 20
 (i) Individuals keeping motor cars for public hire, per motor car (j) Motor car companies, partnerships or agencies keeping motor cars for public 	20 20 20 60 10 20
hire 2	20 20 20 20 60 10
(k) Merchants, money-lenders, business men, manufacturers, contractors, mineral water manufacturers	20 20 20 60 10 20

		76		A							
				An annual fee not exceeding : shillings.							
(l) Telegraph Agencies(m) Persons carrying o	on within the im	provement area any	profession	100 , business,							
trada ar athar calli	na not enumerati	ed above		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •							
(n) Persons carrying or	n within the imp	rovement area more ther enumerated abo	ove or not	120							
SECOND SCHEDULE. SECOND SCHEDULE. SECOND SCHEDULE. SECOND TO BE WEIGHED MEASURED OR TESTED UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE											
GOODS TO BE WEIGHED, MEASURED OR TESTED UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE LAW AND FEES PAYABLE FOR THE WEIGHING, MEASURING OR TESTING THEREOF											
(Bye-law 177) Fees for any quantity											
•		,		in excess of the minimum weight.							
Item		Minimum Weig	ht Fees	Paras per oke or part							
No.	Goods	okes	p.	thereof 2							
1. Almonds 2. Aniseed		10	1	2							
3. Barley		20	1	2							
4. Beans	·	20	1	2 2							
	ocolino vecetalin	10 e. etc 10	1 1	2 2							
6. Butter, other, such as co 7. Carobs, natural or ground		40	2.	2							
8. Carobs, natural or groun		n 40	2	2							
9. Charcoal	• • • • •	$\frac{20}{40}$	1 2	2 2							
10. Coal	. :	40	1	$\overset{2}{2}$							
11. Colocas 12. Cotton, unginned	••	40	2	2							
13. Cotton, ginned		20	1	2							
14. Cotton seed	• • •	20	1	2 2							
15. Cumin seed		20	1	2							
17. Flour		20	1	2							
18. Fruit, fresh (other than	oranges and lem-		. 1	2 2							
19. Fruit, dry (raisins, dry of 20. Fruits, dry, with shells in	or boiled)	20	1	$\frac{2}{2}$							
21. Fuel,	·· ··	40	2	2							
22. Gypsum'		40	2	2							
23. Gypsum, on exportation 24. Hazelnuts	n outside the Col	10	. 4	2							
24. Hazelnuts 25. Hay	• • • •	10	. 1	2 2							
26. Konari	•• ••	20	1	2							
27. Lime		40	2	2 2							
28. Linseed 29. Mavrokokko		20	1 1	$\frac{1}{2}$							
30. Nuts		20	. 1	$\tilde{2}$							
31. Oats		20	1	2							
32. Oil, olive	•••	10	3	10							
33. Oil, other 34. Olives	•• , ••	10	. 1	· 10 5							
35. Olive stones		40	2	2							
36. Onions		20	1	2							
37. Peas and other pulse 38. Potatoes	•• •• ,	20	1 1	2 2 2							
39. Pumice stone	•• ••	20	. 2	$\frac{2}{2}$							
40. Sesame		20	· 1	2							
41. Silk 42. Silk cocoons dry		3	. 3	40							
42. Silk cocoons dry	••	10	5	20 10							
44. Straw		40	2 2	2							
45. Straw, on exportation of		ny 75	· 4	2							
46. Sumac 47. Terra umbra, natural, in		- • 40	2	2							
48. Terra umbra, calcined,	in lumps or groun	id . 40 nd . 40	. 2 2	$\frac{\overline{2}}{2}$							
49. vetches	·· ·· ··	20	1	2_							
50. Vikos 51. Wheat		20	1	2							
EO 137: 1		20	1	2 2							
53. Wood	••	20	1 2	2 2							
54. Wool		40	10	10							
55. Zivania: weighing ar hydrometer	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	40	2	2							
56. Zivania: weighing as	nd testing by	Cartier's	_	•							
hydrometer		40	2	. 2							
		**	, -								

Fees for any quantity in excess of the minimum measure.

Item No.	G	oods		Minim	um Measu	Fees re p.	Paras per 100 or part thereof
57. Lemons				 	100	2	2
58. Oranges (Jaffa)				 . :	100	2	2
59. Oranges (other	kinds) an	d grap	efruit	 	100	2 -	2
	1 1 . 1	. 1		 			

Fees shall be calculated on the actual weight of the goods weighed at the above rates:

Provided that-

(a) Fractions under 10 paras shall not be collected.

(b) For fractions of 10 paras and over and under 30 paras the sum of 20 paras shall be collected.

(c) For fractions of 30 paras and over and under 40 paras the sum of 40 paras shall be collected:

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing or measuring or testing shall be 1p.

SECOND APPENDIX. (Bye-law 2 (3).) BYE-LAWS TO BE AMENDED.

Bye-law 47.—Sub-paragraphs (b) and (c) to be deleted.

Bye-law 110 (4).—The figure of "£20" in the third line to be replaced by the figure "£5".

Bye-law 117 (a).—The figure of "£3" in the second line to be replaced by the figure of "£12".

Bye-law 117 (b).—The figure of "£20" in the third line to be replaced by the figure of "£24". Bye-law 117.—The figure of "3s." in the fifth line of the proviso to be replaced by the figure of "5s.".

Bye-law 134.—(1) (a).—The figure of "£1" in the second line to be replaced by the figure of "£2".

Bye-law 134.—(1) (b).—The figure of "£10" in the fourth line to be replaced by the figure of "£5".

Bye-law 135 (2).—The words "five shillings" in the second line to be replaced by the words "ten shillings".

Bye-law 139 (3).—The words "ten shillings" in the first line to be replaced by the words "two shillings".

By e-law 163.—(1) (a).—The figure of "£6" in the second line to be replaced by the figure of "£3".

Bye-law 163.—(1) (b).—The figure of "£3" in the second line to be replaced by the figure of "£1".

Bye-law 163.—(1) (c).—The figure of "£2" in the third line to be replaced by the figure of "£1".

Bye-law 171.—The figures of "6 piastres" in the third line and "4 piastres" in the fourth line to be replaced by the figures of "4 piastres" and "2 piastres" respectively.

By e-law 173.—(2)—The words "two shillings" in the fourth line to be replaced by the words "six piastres".

Bye-law 178.—(1).—The words "three paras" in the fourth line to be replaced by the words "two paras".

Bye-law 187.—The words "1st day of September" in the first line to be replaced by the words "1st day of June".

Third Appendix. (Bye-law 2 (4).)

BYE-LAWS NOT APPLICABLE.

Bye-laws 5, 8, 9, 11, 12, 180 to 184 (both inclusive), 191 to 215 (both inclusive)

The above bye-laws have been approved by the Colonial Secretary.

(M.P. 1485/52/2.)

No. 72.

THE IRRIGATION (PRIVATE WATER) ASSOCIATION LAW, 1949.

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 12 of the Irrigation (Private Water) Association Law, 1949, the following rules made by the Committee of the Irrigation Association of Akaki ("Neron tou Hadji Constandi" Water), in the District of Nicosia, are published in the Gazette.

Irrigation Association of Akaki ("Neron tou Hadji Constandi" Water). Rules.

1. These rules may be cited as the Irrigation Association of Akaki ("Neron tou Hadji Constandi" Water) Rules, 1953.