(2) Every meeting so convened shall be held in the presence of the Commissioner at the time and place appointed and if at such meeting a majority of two-thirds of the proprietors or the authorized proxies thereof who are present decide that the Irrigation Division should be dissolved, the Irrigation Division shall be so dissolved accordingly:

Provided that all rates due and unpaid on the date of dissolution shall be levied and paid as if the Irrigation Division had not been dissolved.

- (3) The provisions of sections 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of the Law with respect to public meetings shall apply mutatis mutandis to a meeting convened under the provisions of this rule.
- (4) Any money in the hands of the Committee or the treasurer at the time of the dissolution of the Irrigation Division and any money recovered at any time thereafter on account of the rates due and unpaid at the time of such dissolution, shall be paid to the Commissioner and shall be passed in the books of the Commissioner to the credit of the village of Ayios Ioannis and shall be utilized by the Commissioner for such purpose of public utility in the village of Ayios Ioannis as may be approved (M.P. 1494/52.) by him.

#### THE VILLAGES (ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT) LAWS, 1950.

Bye-laws made by the Improvement Board of Polemi.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by section 24 of the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Laws, 1950, the Improvement Board of Polemi hereby make following bye-laws :-

- 1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Polemi Bye-laws, 1952.
- 2.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this bye-law, the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Pedhoulas Bye-laws, 1951 and 1952, published in Supplement No. 3 to the Gazettes of the 14th March, 1951 and 14th May, 1952 (hereinafter called "the model bye-laws") shall—
  - (a) be deemed to be bye-laws made by the Improvement Board of Polemi and to be incorporated herein, and
  - (b) apply to the improvement area of Polemi:

Provided that for the word "Pedhoulas" and for the word "Nicosia" wherever they occur the model bye-laws, the word "Polemi" and the word "Paphos" shall be in the model bye-laws, the word substituted respectively.

- (2) The bye-laws set out in the First Appendix hereto shall be substituted for the corresponding bye-laws of the model laws.
- (3) The bye-laws of the model bye-laws mentioned in the Second Appendix hereto shall not apply to the improvement area of Polemi.

## FIRST APPENDIX.

 $(Bye-law\ 2\ (2).)$ 

#### BYE-LAWS TO BE SUBSTITUTED.

Bye-law 7.—In all matters to which bye-laws 16, 18, 19, 20 and 21 of these bye-laws relate, the Medical Officer and the Inspector shall be guided by, and act in accordance with, the instructions issued to them from time to time by the Chief Veterinary Officer. Bye-law 10.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this bye-law-

(a) no animal shall be slaughtered for human consumption or for sale within the improve-

ment area except at the slaughter-houses;
(b) no carcass of any such animal shall be cleaned or dressed within the improvement area except at the slaughter-houses.

(2) Between the 10th day of December in any year to the 10th day of January of the succeeding year any swine intended for private consumption by the owner and his family may, under a permit from the Board, be slaughtered and the carcass thereof be cleaned and dressed in any place other than the slaughter-houses:

Provided that the meat of such swine shall not be used unless such swine has been inspected, and the carcass thereof has been inspected, passed as fit for human consumption and marked as in bye-laws 16 (1) and (18) of these bye-laws provided.

Bye-law 23. All carcasses shall be conveyed by the owner thereof from the slaughter-houses to the meat market or pork market, as the case may be, and during such conveyance shall, in order to avoid contamination, be covered in such manner as the Chairman may from time to time prescribe.

Bye-law 24.—(1) Save as in paragraph (3) hereof and in bye-law 10 (2) of these bye-laws provided, no carcass or fresh meat of any animal shall be brought or kept within the improvement area for human consumption or for sale or shall be exposed for sale therein unless-

(a) such carcass or fresh meat belongs to an animal which has been slaughtered at the slaughter-houses and has been cleaned and dressed therein; and

(b) such carcass or fresh meat bears on it the seal in good condition and well preserved. (2) Any carcass or fresh meat exposed for sale within the improvement area, which does not fulfil any of the requirements of this bye-law, may be seized and detained by the inspector or any other person authorized in writing by the Chairman, and may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the written order of the Chairman.

(3) The Board may from time to time by public notification allow the bringing into the improvement area of any carcass or fresh meat belonging to an animal which has been slaughtered at a slaughter-house of a Municipal Corporation or other improvement area specified in such public notification, subject to such terms and conditions as to the Board may seem fit.

(4) The Board may at any time by public notification cancel a public notification made under paragraph (3) of this bye-law.

Bye-law 26. The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person slaughtering any animal, that is to say :- $_{0}^{p}$ (a) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox not exceeding thirty okes in weight (b) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox exceeding thirty okes in weight 2 0 (c) For every goat, kid, lamb or sheep of six okes or over in weight 1 0 (d) For every kid or lamb under six okes in weight ... 6 For every swine not exceeding five okes in weight (f) For every swine exceeding five okes in weight but not exceeding ten okes in weight (g) For every swine exceeding ten okes in weight but not exceeding thirty okes in weight (h) For every swine exceeding thirty okes in weight ... Provided that when any animal which has been slaughtered is to be used exclusively by the owner and his family for the purpose of salting, one shilling shall, irrespective of the weight of the animal, be paid in lieu of the fees hereinbefore prescribed.

Bye-law 32. No person shall sell or expose for sale any perishable goods at any place within the improvement area except at the market of perishable goods, unless he obtains a permit from the Chairman.

Bye-law 37.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any

perishable goods in the market of perishable goods, that is to say :-(a) When the value of such goods is under two shillings (b) When the value of such goods exceeds two shillings but does not exceed four 2 shillings (c) When the value of such goods exceeds four shillings but does not exceed eight shillings (d) When the value of such goods exceeds eight shillings but does not exceed fifteen (e) When the value of such goods exceeds fifteen shillings but does not exceed twenty shillings (f) When the value of such goods exceeds twenty shillings but does not exceed forty shillings (g) When the value of such goods exceeds forty shillings but does not exceed eighty (2) If the value of such goods exceeds £4, a fee of 2 shillings for each additional pound or fraction thereof shall be added to the aforementioned fee of  $1/4\frac{1}{2}$  shillings.

Bye-law 47. No person shall bring or cause to be brought into the meat market any skin, whether fresh or dry, of any animal.

Bye-law 51 .- (1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, that is to say :p. 4 (a) For every carcass of sheep or goat or part thereof (b) For every carcass of a young lamb or kid of less than 6 okes in weight or part 3 thereof (c) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof not exceeding 30 okes in weight For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight ... 1 (e) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 60 okes 1 in weight

280										
Bye-law 58.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person exp for sale any carcass of swine or fresh pork in the pork market, that is to say:—	osing									
(a) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork not exceeding	- 6									
30 okes in weight  (b) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight	L 0									
(c) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of tresh pork exceeding	l 4½									
Bye-law 68.—(1) Every person selling or exposing for sale in the market of goods any shall pay in respect thereof by way of toll a sum representing 2 per centum of the values goods.	10 01									
	p.									
(a) For every horse, mule, ox, ass or camel	2 0 - <b>2</b>									
(c) For every kid, lamb or suckling pig	- 1									
(d) For every live chicken	- 1 - 1									
(e) For every live fowl	- 2									
Bye-law 82. The following tolls shall be paid by every person selling or exposing for sale is fair market the following animals, goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids of any kind	n the , that									
is to say:—	p.									
(a) For every camel, horse, mule or ox sold(b) For every donkey sold										
(a) For every swipe of any age sold	3									
(d) For any kind of goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids exposed for sale for the whole or any part of the period of the fair, a toll from 1p. to 20s. according										
to the value or quantity thereof, to be determined in each case by the Inspector.										
Bye-law 110.—(4) The fee payable for any licence granted under paragraph (1) of this bye-law shall be determined in each case by the Board but shall in no case exceed two shillings per year										
or part thereof.  Bye-law 117. The following rates shall be paid by the owner or occupier of any premise	s or									
place supplied with the domestic water, that is to say:—										
<ul> <li>(a) in respect of a house, coffee-house, shop or store a rate, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £2 per year or part thereof;</li> <li>(b) in respect of a hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, khan, factory or industrial</li> </ul>										
undertaking a rate, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £10 per year or part thereof:										
Provided that the Board may install water-meters on any water line supply for measuring the quantity of the domestic water supplied to any premises and in every such case the rate to										
be paid by the owner or occupier of any premises shall be determined in each case by the Board but shall in no case exceed one pound per thousand gallons.										
Bye-law 134.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner or occupier of any premises for the removal of buckets or receptacles containing night-soil, fluid refuse or household refuse within the improvement area, that is to say:—										
(a) in respect of a house, coffee-house, shop or store a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £1 per year or part thereof;										
(b) in respect of a hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, khan, factory, industrial under- taking or premises other than those mentioned in paragraph (a) hereof a fee, to be										
determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £3 per year or part thereof.  Bye-law 135.—(2) The fee payable for any licence granted under this bye-law shall	not									
exceed ten shillings per year or part thereof, as the Board may in each case determine.  Bye-law 136.—(2) The fee payable for any licence granted under this bye-law shall not ex-	ceed									
ten shillings per year or part thereof.  Bue-law 139.—(3) No fee shall be paid for any licence issued under this bye-law.										
Bye-law 155.—(2) The following fees shall be paid by every hawker in respect of every upon which he hawks goods within the improvement area, that is to say:—  (a) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £1	$egin{array}{c} \operatorname{day} \ p. \ 3 \end{array}$									
(b) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £3 (c) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3 but does not exceed £10	- 4 6									
(d) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £10  Bye-law 160.—(1) The following charges shall be paid by every person posting or exhibany advertisement or notice on any hoarding, that is to say:—  Size of advertisement	itina									
notice $not$ $exceedi$	ig:									
For each worth an weak $s$ . $p$ . $s$ .	3 ft.									
For each month or part thereof	0									

By e-law 163.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person obtaining a licence under this Part of these by e-laws, that is to say:—

(a) For a period of one month a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding ten shillings.

(b) For a period of one week a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding ten shillings.

(c) For a single performance, einematograph exhibition, dance, entertainment or public meeting a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding five shillings.

Bye-law 171. No person shall use any swimming pool provided by the Board except with the permission of the Board's officer in charge and upon payment of the appropriate fee, which is fixed at one shilling per hour or part thereof for persons of over 18 years of age and at  $4\frac{1}{2}$  piastres per hour or part thereof for persons under this age.

Bye-law 173.—(2) Where it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board that a metal badge supplied under this bye-law has been lost or destroyed, the Board may issue to the licensee a duplicate metal badge on payment of six piastres.

Bye-law 178.—(1) Whenever any authorized weigher is requested by any person to weigh, measure or test any goods other than any of the goods enumerated in the Second Schedule hereto, such person shall pay to the authorized weigher upon such weighing, measuring or testing a fee at the rate of two paras per oke in respect thereof and such authorized weigher shall give to the person paying the same a printed receipt in respect thereof from a counterfoil book in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe and every person paying any such fee shall require the authorized weigher to whom the same is paid to furnish him with such printed receipt:

Provided that---

(a) Fractions under ten paras shall not be collected.

(b) For fractions of ten paras and over and under thirty paras the sum of twenty paras shall be collected.

(c) For fractions of thirty paras and over and under forty paras the sum of forty paras shall be collected:

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one measuring, weighing or testing shall be one piastre.

Bye-law 179. The fee to be levied and paid under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 29 of the Law on any carobs weighed under the provisions of sub-section (1) of the said section shall be four and a half piastres per aleppo cantar of such carobs.

Bye-law 185.—(1) Every person who, within the improvement area, carries on, exercises or practises any profession, business, trade or other calling, as hereinafter mentioned, shall, in every year, pay a fee in accordance with the following scale, as the Board may in each case determine:—

An annual fee not exceeding: shillings.

(a) Barbers		10
(b) Bakers, butchers, clubs, contractors, dentists, medical	oractitioners, c	hemists,
pharmacists, mineral water manufacturers, pianists,	bandmasters,	photo-
		10
(c) Hotel-keepers, boarding-house keepers, lodging-house k		
(d) Keepers of coffee-houses, drapery-shops, grocery-shops,	estaurants or a	${ m ny\ other}$
class of shops		10
(e) Individuals keeping motor cars for public hire, per motor of	ar	10
(f) Motor car companies, partnerships or agencies keeping m	otor cars for pu	ablic hire 40
(a) Merchants, money-lenders, business men, manufacturer	S	20
(h) Persons carrying on within the improvement area a	ny profession,	business,
trade or other calling not enumerated above	••	10

Bye-law 187. The Board shall on or before the 1st day of July in each year prepare a list (hereinafter in this Part of these bye-laws referred to as "the occupiers list") showing the name, occupation and place of abode of every occupier in the improvement area and the amount of the annual rate assessed on each such occupier. The occupiers list shall be dated and signed by the Chairman.

Bye-law 189. Every occupier in the improvement area whose name appears in the occupiers list shall on or before the 1st day of November pay to the Chairman or to the Treasurer of the Board the amount of the annual rate assessed on such occupier.

### SECOND SCHEDULE.

GOODS TO BE WEIGHED, MEASURED OR TESTED UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE LAW AND FEES PAYABLE FOR THE WEIGHING, MEASURING OR TESTING THEREOF.

(Bye-law 177)

						(Dye-i	uw 111	,				
										quantity	or any in exce minimu	
										wei	ght.	
Iter	n						Minim	um Weight.	Fees	Paras per	oke or	part
No.			G	oods				okes .	cp.	thereo	f	-
1.	Almonds							10	1	<b>2</b>		
	Aniseed							20	1	2		
	Barley							20	1	<b>2</b>		
	Beans						• • •	20	1	2		
	Butter (of m	rilk)			• •			10	1	5		
	Butter, othe					ne. etc		10	1	3		
	Carobs, natu							$\overline{40}$	2	2		
	Carobs, natu					ation	• • •	40	$ar{f 2}$	<b>2</b>		
	Charcoal							20	1	. 1		
	Coal							40	ī	1		
	Colocas		• •		• • •	• •		20	ī	1		
	Cotton, ung		• • •					40	$\tilde{2}$	$ar{f 2}$		
	Cotton, ginr		• • •		• • •			20	ī	1		
	Cotton seed		• •		• • •		• • •	20	ī	ī		
	Cumin seed				• • •	• •	••	20	$\tilde{2}$	3		
	Favetta	• •			• • •	• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	20	ĩ	ĭ		
	Flour	•		• • •	••	• • •	•••	20	î.	ĩ		
	Fruit, fresh	other	_		and le	mona)	•	10	î	$\hat{f 2}$		
	Fruit, dry (					110113)	• •	20	i	2	\	
	Fruits, dry,					• •		10	î	$\frac{1}{2}$		
	Fuel	WIDII						40	î	ĩ		
	Gypsum	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		40	i	ī		
	Cypsum on	ovnor!	tation	Outoid	la tha	Colons	,	75	2	ì		
	Hazelnuts	_				Colony		10	ĩ	$\overset{1}{2}$		
	Hay	• •	• •	• •		• • •	• •	40	i	ĩ		
	Konary	• •	• •				• •	20	î	. 2		
	Lime	• •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	• •	40	i	ĩ		
	Linseed						• •	20	i	. 2		
	Mavrokokko	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	20	ì	$\overset{2}{2}$		
	Nuts				• •	• •	• •	10	ì	$\frac{2}{2}$		
	Oats		. • •	• •	. ••	• •	• •	20	1	$\frac{2}{2}$		
	Oil, olive	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	10	3	10		
	Oil, other	• •	• •	• •	••		• •	10	. 3	10		
	Olives	• •	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	20	1	. 10		
	Olive stones	• •			•	• •	, ••		1	1		
	Onions		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	$\frac{40}{20}$	1	1		
	Peas and ot	hon nu		• •	• •	. ••	• •	20	1	$\overset{1}{2}$		
	Potatoes	_		• •	• •	• •	• • •	$\frac{20}{20}$	1	$\frac{2}{2}$		
	Pumice stor	••	• •	• • •	• •	• •	• • .	40	_			
	Sesame		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		1	1		
	~***	• •	• •	••	• •	• •	••	$\frac{20}{2}$	1	2		
			• •	• •	. ••	• •	. ••	3	3	40		
42.	Silk cocoons	, trook	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	10	1	4		
	Silk cocoons			• •	•, •	• •	• •	5	]	4		
	Straw	· ·	tion	outsida	4h. C.		• •	40	1	Ţ		
	Straw, on e	xporta	uton,	outside	ine C	orony	• •	75 40	2	I		
	Sumac			 			• •	40	1	1		
	Terra umbr						• •	40	1	1		
	Terra umbr			-			• •	40	2	2		
	Vetches	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	20	1	2		
	Vikos	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	20	ļ	2		
	Wheat	3-:-:4	• •	• •	• •	• •		20	1	2		-
	Wines and	_		• • •	• • .	• •	• •	20	1	2		
		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	•• 、	40.	.1	1		
	Wool	 		40-4-	. 1	 lno n ! - 1		40	10	10.		
55.	Zivania: w	ergnin	gand	testing	g by Si	kes's h	yaro-					
	meter	21.		\ ·				40	2	2		
56	Zivania: we	ıgnıng		esting	by Car	uer's l	iyaro-		_			
	meter	• •	* *	* *	* *		٠,	40	<b>2</b>	2		

Item No.	Goods			Minis	num Measure	Fees	quantity in excess of the minimum measure. Paras per 100 or part thereof	
57. Lemons					100	$2\frac{1}{3}$	40	
58. Oranges (Jaffa)					100	$2\frac{7}{3}$	40	
59. Oranges (other kin	nds) and grap	efruit			100	$2\overline{i}$	40	
Fees shall be calc	ulated on the	actual	l weigh	t of the	e goods weighe	ed åt tl	ne above rates:	
Provided that—			0		0			

(a) Fractions under 10 paras shall not be collected.

(b) For fractions of 10 paras and over and under 30 paras the sum of 20 paras shall be collected.

(c) For fractions of 30 paras and over and under 40 paras the sum of 40 paras shall be collected:

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing or measuring or testing shall be lcp.

# SECOND APPENDIX.

(Bye-law 2 (3).)

BYE-LAWS NOT APPLICABLE.

Bye-laws 13, 141, 144, 145, 146, 149, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 191-215.

The above bye-laws have been approved by the Colonial Secretary.

(M.P. 1174/52.)

Fees for any