11. The following goods, the essential purpose of which is to induce visits by the public to foreign countries or to attend meetings or events

of a touring or sporting character in such countries:—

Exposed cinematograph films of a maximum width of 16 mm, and a maximum length not exceeding 500 metres each, imported for free exhibition, printing plates, lantern slides, dioramas and photographs not otherwise prohibited.

Made this 6th day of June, 1951.

(M.P. 2047/50.)

A. F. J. REDDAWAY, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Explanatory Note.

The exemptions granted in analogous cases under paragraph (c) of the Fifth Schedule to the Customs Laws, 1936 to (No. 3) 1948, are the 31 of 1936 following :-

15 of 1948

1. Personal baggage; used empty sacks; empty casks, barrels and packages (not including jars or demijohns); firewood; specie; hay and straw; bona fide samples of no marketable value; sulphur.

2. Stores and equipment for yachts used solely for the purpose of

pleasure.

3. Oils and fuels for the use of aeroplanes: Provided that wharfage dues shall in the first instance be paid upon the landing thereof, and the amount paid shall be refunded when such oils or fuels have been taken aboard an aeroplane.

THE CUSTOMS LAWS, 1936 TO (No. 3) 1948. No. 304.

ORDER IN COUNCIL No. 2485

MADE UNDER SECTION 52.

A. B. WRIGHT, Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in me by section 52 of the Customs Laws, 1936 to (No. 3) 1948, I, the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do hereby order as follows:

1. This Order may be cited as the Customs (Import Concessions to Visitors) Order, 1951.

2. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires—

"permanent resident" means a person who has and maintains

in the Colony a permanent place of abode;

"private use" excludes the transport of persons for remuneration or the industrial or commercial transport of goods with or without remuneration;

"temporary importation papers" means the document known as "Carnet de passages en Douane", and includes the document known as "Triptyque", issued by any institution under the provisions of any international convention to which the Colony may be an adherent, which are in conformity with any standard forms contained therein and are endorsed by such institution as valid for importation into the Colony of any goods specified in Part I of the Schedule hereto. and also includes a Customs receipt showing that a cash deposit was made as a security for the payment of any import duties to which such goods may become liable;

"vehicle" includes any road vehicle, aircraft and pleasure boat,

whether self-propelled or not;

"visitor" means a person who, not being a permanent resident of the Colony, is on a temporary visit thereto.

- 3.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2) hereof there shall be exempted from the payment of any import duty the goods set out in the Schedule hereto if—
 - (a) as respects the goods specified in Part I thereof, being the property or under the control of a visitor:—

(i) they are imported into the Colony for his own private use,

- (ii) they are covered by temporary importation papers, and
 (iii) they are proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller to have been imported either within six months prior to the arrival of the visitor or on his arrival or during his stay in the Colony;
- (b) as respects the goods specified in Part II thereof, being the property or under the control of a visitor:—

(i) they are imported into the Colony for his own private use,

and

- (ii) they are proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller to have been imported either within six months prior to the arrival of the visitor or on his arrival or during his stay in the Colony.
- (2) All goods imported under the provisions of paragraph (1) hereof shall be exported from the Colony within six months of the arrival of the visitor, or within such further period as the Comptroller may allow and subject to such other conditions as he may impose:

Provided that the exportation of any such goods shall not be required where such goods have, owing to accident, become damaged and are either abandoned to the Government free of any charge or are destroyed by the importer thereof or his agent in such manner as the Comptroller may direct.

31 of 1936 to 15 of 1948 4. The aforesaid concessions are in addition to and not in derogation of any exemptions from the payment of import duty made under the Second Schedule to the Customs Laws, 1936 to (No. 3) 1948, or any amendment or substitution thereof.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

Vehicles and spare parts thereof, including any wireless receiving set fitted to a vehicle.

PART II.

- 1. Wearing apparel and other personal effects (including jewellery) bearing obvious signs of use regarding which the Collector is satisfied that they are imported to meet the reasonable requirements and needs of the visitor during his stay in the Colony.
 - 2. One camera with twelve plates or two rolls of unexposed films.
- 3. One miniature cinematograph camera with one roll of unexposed film.
- 4. Parts of vehicles exempted from import duty under Part I of this Schedule imported for the repair of such vehicles.
 - 5. One pair of binoculars or one telescope or one monocular.
 - 6. One portable musical instrument.
 - 7. One gramophone with twenty gramophone records.
 - 8. One portable wireless receiving set.
 - 9. One portable typewriter.
- 10. Sporting and camping equipment (excluding any firearms or ammunition).

11. The following goods, the essential purpose of which is to induce visits by the public to foreign countries or to attend meetings or events

of a touring or sporting character in such countries:-

Exposed cinematograph films of a maximum width of 16 mm, and a maximum length not exceeding 500 metres each, imported for free exhibition, printing plates, lantern slides, dioramas and photographs not otherwise prohibited.

Made this 6th day of June, 1951.

A. F. J. REDDAWAY,

(M.P. 2047/50.)

Clerk of the Executive Council.

Explanatory Note.

The exemptions granted in analogous cases under the Second Schedule 31 of 1936 to the Customs Laws, 1936 to (No. 3) 1948, are the following:— 15 of 1948

1. Aeroplanes and their parts, if of British Empire Origin.

3. Anchors and chains (ships').

8. Artists' materials for the importers' own use and not for sale.

9. Atlases, plans and maps (including globes).

10. Baggage (as defined in item 10). 19. Boats and ships and their parts.

21. Books, printed; printed matter and advertising material printed on paper.

34. Cinematograph films depicting news, if of British Empire Origin.

103. Motor vehicles, under the conditions laid down in item 103.

122. Postage stamps, used or unused.

No. 305.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH (VILLAGES) LAWS, 1936 TO 1948.

ORDER IN COUNCIL No. 2486

MADE UNDER SECTION QA.

Authority to the Village Health Commission of Akhyritou (Famagusta District) to contract a loan.

A. B. WRIGHT,

Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in me by section 9A of the Public Health (Villages) Laws, 1936 to 1948, I, the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, do hereby order as follows:-

- 1. The Village Health Commission of Akhyritou (Famagusta District) (hereinafter referred to as "the Village Health Commission") shall be at liberty to borrow from the Loan Commissioners (hereinafter referred to as "the Lender") the sum of three hundred pounds (£300) at a rate of interest not exceeding four per centum (4%) per annum, subject to the following terms and conditions, that is to say :-
 - (a) the sum borrowed shall be repayable by the Village Health Commission to the Lender in three equal annual instalments (comprising sinking fund and interest);
 - (b) the Village Health Commission shall, in each year and until final repayment of the sum borrowed, insert in the annual estimates as a charge on its revenues the annual instalment payable in the year to which such estimates relate;
 - (c) the sum borrowed shall be utilized by the Village Health Commission for the purpose of improving the streets within the village.