

with regard to the turn of irrigation and the distribution of such water, due regard being also had to the quantity of water available and to the number of donums of land to be irrigated by each proprietor.

16. The Committee may with the consent of the Commissioner enter into any agreement or arrangement with the Committee of any other Irrigation Division formed under the provisions of the Law with regard to any dams or channels which are shared in common between the Irrigation Division and such other Irrigation Division, the maintenance thereof and the proportion of any contribution for any expenses incurred in connection therewith, to be paid by the Irrigation Division.

17.—(1) Upon an application to the Commissioner signed by not less than two-thirds of the proprietors mentioned in the list requesting that the Irrigation Division be dissolved, the Commissioner shall call a meeting of the proprietors for the purpose of determining whether the Irrigation Division should be dissolved.

(2) Every meeting so convened shall be held in the presence of the Commissioner at the time and place appointed and if at such meeting a majority of two-thirds of the proprietors or the authorized proxies thereof who are present decide that the Irrigation Division should be dissolved, the Irrigation Division shall be so dissolved accordingly :

Provided that all rates due and unpaid on the date of dissolution shall be levied and paid as if the Irrigation Division had not been dissolved.

(3) The provisions of sections 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of the Law with respect to public meetings shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to a meeting convened under the provisions of this rule.

(4) Any money in the hands of the Committee or the treasurer at the time of the dissolution of the Irrigation Division and any money recovered at any time thereafter on account of the rates due and unpaid at the time of such dissolution, shall be paid to the Commissioner and shall be passed in the books of the Commissioner to the credit of the village of Odhou, and shall be utilized by the Commissioner for such purpose of public utility in the village of Odhou as may be approved by him.

(M.P. 2177/50.)

No. 290.

THE VILLAGES (ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT) LAWS, 1950.

BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE IMPROVEMENT BOARD OF DHIORIOS.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by section 24 of the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Laws, 1950, the Improvement Board of Dhiorios hereby make the following bye-laws :—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Dhiorios Bye-laws, 1951.

2.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this bye-law, the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Pedhoulas Bye-laws, 1951, published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951 (hereinafter called "the model bye-laws") shall—

(a) be deemed to be bye-laws made by the Improvement Board of Dhiorios and to be incorporated herein, and

(b) apply to the improvement area of Dhiorios :

Provided that for the word "Pedhoulas" and for the word "Nicosia" wherever they occur in the model bye-laws, the word "Dhiorios" and the word "Kyrenia" shall be substituted respectively.

(2) The bye-laws set out in the First Appendix hereto shall be substituted for the corresponding bye-laws of the model bye-laws.

(3) The bye-laws of the model bye-laws mentioned in the Second Appendix hereto shall not apply to the improvement area of Dhiorios.

FIRST APPENDIX.

(Bye-law 2 (2).)

BYE-LAWS TO BE SUBSTITUTED.

Bye-law 26. The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person slaughtering any animal in the appropriate slaughter-house, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox not exceeding thirty okes in weight	1	0
(b) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox exceeding thirty okes in weight	2	0
(c) For every goat, kid, lamb or sheep of six okes or over in weight	—	6
(d) For every kid or lamb under six okes in weight	—	3
(e) For every swine not exceeding five okes in weight	—	3
(f) For every swine exceeding five okes in weight but not exceeding ten okes in weight	—	6
(g) For every swine exceeding ten okes in weight but not exceeding thirty okes in weight	1	0
(h) For every swine exceeding thirty okes in weight	2	0

Provided that when any animal which has been slaughtered is to be used exclusively by the owner and his family for the purpose of salting, 3*p.* shall, irrespective of the weight of the animal, be paid in lieu of the fees hereinbefore prescribed.

Bye-law 37.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any perishable goods in the market of perishable goods, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) When the value of such goods is under two shillings	—	1
(b) When the value of such goods exceeds two shillings but does not exceed four shillings	—	2
(c) When the value of such goods exceeds four shillings but does not exceed eight shillings	—	3
(d) When the value of such goods exceeds eight shillings but does not exceed fifteen shillings	—	6
(e) When the value of such goods exceeds fifteen shillings but does not exceed twenty shillings	—	8
(f) When the value of such goods exceeds twenty shillings but does not exceed forty shillings	1	3
(g) When the value of such goods exceeds forty shillings but does not exceed eighty shillings	2	0

(2) If the value of such goods exceeds £4, a fee of 2*p.* for each additional pound or fraction thereof shall be added to the aforementioned fee of two shillings.

(3) Every fee payable under this bye-law shall be paid to the inspector.

Bye-law 51.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every carcass of sheep or goat or part thereof	—	6
(b) For every carcass of a young lamb or kid of less than 6 okes in weight or part thereof	—	4
(c) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof not exceeding 30 okes in weight	1	0
(d) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight	2	0
(e) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 60 okes in weight	3	0

(2) The fees in paragraph (1) of this bye-law prescribed shall not be payable by any person exposing for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, who is a monthly or yearly lessee of any shop, stall, place or space in the meat market under bye-law 50 of these bye-laws.

(3) Every fee payable under this bye-law shall be paid to the inspector.

Bye-law 58.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person exposing for sale any carcass of swine or fresh pork in the pork market, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork not exceeding 30 okes in weight	1	0
(b) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight	2	0
(c) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 60 okes in weight	3	0

(2) Every fee payable under this bye-law shall be paid to the inspector.

Bye-law 75.—(1) The following tolls shall be paid by the owner of or the person exposing for sale any animal in the market of animals, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every horse or mule	1	0
(b) For every ox or ass	1	0
(c) For every camel	1	0
(d) For every sheep, goat or swine	—	3
(e) For every kid, lamb or suckling pig	—	4½
(f) For every live chicken	—	1
(g) For every live fowl	—	1
(h) For every live turkey	—	1

(2) Every such toll shall be paid to the inspector on admission of the animal into the market of animals.

Bye-law 110.—(1) No owner or occupier of any premises within the improvement area shall supply or cause to be supplied to such premises, or shall allow or suffer such premises to be supplied with, any water other than the domestic water without a licence first obtained therefor in every year from the Board :

Provided that the owner of any water found in the improvement area may use such water for his own domestic purposes, but before he can do so he must satisfy the Board that such water is free from contamination and chemically and bacteriologically satisfactory.

(2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this bye-law, the supply to any premises within the improvement area, or the use of any water, other than the domestic water is prohibited.

(3) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this bye-law, the owner or occupier of any premises within the improvement area supplied with water other than the domestic water shall, within one month of the date of the coming into operation of these bye-laws, discontinue such supply.

(4) The fee payable for any licence granted under paragraph (1) of this bye-law shall be determined in each case by the Board but shall in no case exceed £3 per year or part thereof.

Bye-law 117. The following rates shall be paid by the owner or occupier of any premises or place supplied with the domestic water, that is to say :—

(a) In respect of a house, coffee-house, shop or store a rate, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £5 per year or part thereof.

(b) In respect of a hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, khan, factory or industrial undertaking a rate, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £10 per year or part thereof :

Provided that the Board may install water-meters on any water line supply for measuring the quantity of the domestic water supplied to any premises and in every such case the rate to be paid by the owner or occupier of any premises shall be determined in each case by the Board but shall in no case exceed three shillings per thousand gallons.

Bye-law 136.—(1) No person shall put up, erect, construct, keep or use, within the improvement area, any kiln for making, baking or burning tiles or bricks or for any other purpose unless such person has obtained in every year a licence from the Board.

(2) The fee payable for any licence granted under this bye-law shall be five shillings per year or part thereof.

Bye-law 139.—(1) No person shall establish or keep a threshing floor within the improvement area without a licence from the Board first obtained.

(2) The Board may attach to such licence such conditions as it may deem necessary.

(3) The fee for such licence shall be 1s. per year or part thereof.

Bye-law 155.—(1) No person shall, within the improvement area, hawk any goods without a licence first obtained therefor in every year from the Board or the person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

(2) The following fees shall be paid by every hawker in respect of every day upon which he hawks goods within the improvement area, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £1	—	2
(b) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £3	—	3
(c) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3 but does not exceed £10 ..	—	6
(d) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £10	1	0

(3) Every fee payable under this bye-law shall be paid to the person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

Bye-law 160.—(1) The following charges shall be paid by every person posting or exhibiting any advertisement or notice on any hoarding, that is to say :—

	<i>Size of advertisement or notice not exceeding :</i>	
	2 × 2 ft.	3 × 3 ft.
	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For each day	—	1
(b) For each week or part thereof	—	6
(c) For each month or part thereof	2	0

(2) Every such charge shall be paid to the person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

Bye-law 163.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person obtaining a licence under this Part of these bye-laws, that is to say :—

(a) For a period of one month a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £1.

(b) For a period of one week a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding 5/-.

(c) For a single performance, cinematograph exhibition, dance, entertainment or public meeting a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding 2/-.

(2) Every such fee shall be paid to the person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

Bye-law 172.—(1) No person shall keep within the improvement area any dog unless he has obtained a licence therefor from the Board or any person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

(2) The person authorized by the Board in that behalf shall keep a register of all such licences granted by the Board in which shall be entered—

(a) the name, address and occupation of each person to whom a licence is issued ;

- (b) the description and sex of the dog in respect of which such licence is issued; and
 (c) the number of the badge or duplicate badge to be worn by the dog for which the licence is issued.

(3) Every licence shall expire on the 31st day of December in the year in which it is issued and may be renewed annually by endorsement thereon.

(4) The following fees shall be paid by every person for a licence or renewal of a licence to keep any dog within the improvement area, that is to say:—

	s.	p.
(a) For every bitch in every year	4	0
(b) For every other dog in every year	2	0

Bye-law 173.—(1) The Board shall supply free of charge to every licensee a numbered metal badge to be worn by the dog for which the licence is issued and the number of such badge shall be recorded on the licence.

(2) Where it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board that a metal badge supplied under this bye-law has been lost or destroyed, the Board may issue to the licensee a duplicate metal badge on payment of 6p.

(3) The licensee shall, on the expiration of the licence, or if he ceases to keep the dog in respect of which the badge or duplicate badge has been issued, or if the dog dies during the currency of the licence, forthwith return such badge or duplicate badge to the Board.

(4) Every licensee shall, within a reasonable time after demand, produce his licence for inspection by an officer of the Board or any member of the Cyprus Police Force.

Bye-law 178.—(1) Whenever any authorized weigher is requested by any person to weigh, measure or test any goods other than any of the goods enumerated in the Second Schedule hereto, such person shall pay to the authorized weigher upon such weighing, measuring or testing a fee at the rate of two paras per oke in respect thereof and such authorized weigher shall give to the person paying the same a printed receipt in respect thereof from a counterfoil book in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe and every person paying any such fee shall require the authorized weigher to whom the same is paid to furnish him with such printed receipt:

Provided that—

- (a) Fractions under ten paras shall not be collected.
 (b) For fractions of ten paras and over and under thirty paras the sum of twenty paras shall be collected.
 (c) For fractions of thirty paras and over and under forty paras the sum of forty paras shall be collected:

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing, measuring or testing shall be one piastre.

(2) Nothing in this bye-law contained—

- (a) shall apply or shall be taken to apply to the measuring or testing of any goods enumerated in the Second Schedule hereto; or
 (b) shall be taken or construed to give any authorized weigher or to the Board any right to demand the compulsory weighing, measuring or testing of any goods to which this bye-law applies.

Bye-law 179. The fee to be levied and paid under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 29 of the Law on any carobs weighed under the provisions of sub-section (1) of the said section shall be four piastres per aleppo cantar of such carobs.

Bye-law 180.—(1) There shall be paid in every year by the owner of any premises within the improvement area let or in the occupation of such owner during the summer season or any part thereof a fee at a rate to be fixed by the Board in each year not exceeding two per centum of the value of such premises as assessed for Immovable Property Tax under the Immovable Property Tax Laws, 1932 to 1942.

(2) The provisions of this bye-law shall not apply to any premises let or in the occupation of the owner during the summer season or any part thereof and used as a hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house or khan.

Bye-law 181.—(1) There shall be paid in every year by every owner of any premises within the improvement area, let or in the occupation of such owner during the summer season or any part thereof and used as a hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, or khan a fee at a rate to be fixed by the Board in each year, not exceeding two per centum of the value of such premises as assessed for Immovable Property Tax under the Immovable Property Tax Laws, 1932 to 1942.

(2) In addition to the fees in paragraph (1) of this bye-law provided, there shall be paid—

- (a) by every occupier of any premises, within the improvement area, used as a first class hotel, a fee as fixed by the Board from time to time but in no case exceeding one shilling per night for every person of over ten years of age, staying or residing at such hotel;
 (b) by every occupier of any premises, within the improvement area, used as a second class hotel, a fee as fixed by the Board from time to time but in no case exceeding 6p. per night for every person of over ten years of age, staying or residing at such hotel;
 (c) by every occupier of any premises, within the improvement area used as a third class hotel a fee as fixed by the Board from time to time but in no case exceeding 4p. per night for every person of over ten years of age, staying or residing at such hotel;
 (d) by every occupier of any premises, within the improvement area, used as a hotel other than of the first, second or third class or as a boarding-house a fee as fixed by the Board from time to time but in no case exceeding two piastres per night for every person of over ten years of age, staying or residing at such hotel or boarding-house;

- (e) by every occupier of any premises, within the improvement area, used as a lodging-house, a fee as fixed by the Board from time to time but in no case exceeding one piastre per night for every person of over ten years of age, staying or residing at such lodging-house;
- (f) by every occupier of any premises, within the improvement area used as a khan, a fee as fixed by the Board from time to time but in no case exceeding one piastre per night for every person of over ten years of age, staying or residing at such khan.
- (3) Every keeper of a hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house or khan shall—
- (a) enter daily in a book the name and surname of each person who stays or resides at his hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house or khan; and
- (b) shall produce such book for inspection at all times on request to the person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

Bye-law 185.—(1) Every person who, within the improvement area, carries on, exercises or practises any profession, business, trade or other calling, as hereinafter mentioned, shall, in every year, pay a fee in accordance with the following scale, as the Board may in each case determine :—

*An annual
fee not
exceeding :
shillings.*

(a) Barbers	5
(b) Bakers, butchers, clubs, contractors, dentists, medical practitioners, chemists, pharmacists, mineral water manufacturers, pianists or bandmasters, photographers, shoemakers, telegraph agencies	20
(c) Camp-keepers	5
(d) Hotel-keepers, boarding-house keepers, lodging-house keepers or khan keepers	10
(e) Keepers of coffee-houses, drapery-shops, grocery-shops, restaurants or any other class of shops	40
(f) Muleteers, per horse or mule or donkey	5
(g) Persons keeping carriages for public hire, per carriage	5
(h) Individuals keeping motor cars for public hire, per motor car	10
(i) Motor car companies, partnerships or agencies keeping motor cars for public hire	20
(j) Merchants, money-lenders, business men, manufacturers	40
(k) Persons carrying on within the improvement area any profession, business, trade or other calling not enumerated above	10

(2) Every fee payable under this bye-law shall be paid to the person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

Bye-law 187. The Board shall on or before the 30th day of April in each year prepare a list (hereinafter in this Part of these bye-laws referred to as "the occupiers list") showing the name, occupation and place of abode of every occupier in the improvement area and the amount of the annual rate assessed on each such occupier. The occupiers list shall be dated and signed by the Chairman.

Bye-law 189. Every occupier in the improvement area whose name appears in the occupiers list shall on or before the 30th day of November pay to the Chairman or to the Treasurer of the Board the amount of the annual rate assessed on such occupier.

Bye-law 214. The Board shall in every year charge on and pay out of the revenues of the Board a sum of £10 into the Gratuities and Pension Fund: Provided that the Board may from time to time increase, reduce or suspend the above payment as circumstances may require.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

GOODS TO BE WEIGHED, MEASURED OR TESTED UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE LAW AND FEES PAYABLE FOR THE WEIGHING, MEASURING OR TESTING THEREOF.

(Bye-law 177).

Item No.	Goods	Minimum Weight. okes	Fees cp.	Fees for any quantity in excess of the minimum weight. Paras per oke or part thereof
1.	Almonds	10	1	2
2.	Aniseed	20	1	2
3.	Barley	20	1	1
4.	Beans	20	1	1
5.	Butter (of milk)	10	1	2
6.	Butter, other, such as cocoline, vegetaline, etc.	10	1	2
7.	Carobs, natural or ground	40	1	1
8.	Carobs, natural or ground, on exportation	40	1	1
9.	Charcoal	20	1	1
10.	Coal	40	1	1
11.	Colocas	20	1	2
12.	Cotton, unginned	40	2	2
13.	Cotton, ginned	20	1	2

Item No.	Goods	Minimum Weight. okes	Fees cp.	Fees for any quantity in excess of the minimum weight. Paras per oke or part thereof	
14. Cotton seed	20	1		1
15. Cumin seed	20	1		2
16. Favetta	20	1		1
17. Flour	20	1		1
18. Fruit, fresh (other than oranges and lemons)	10	1		1
19. Fruit, dry (raisins, dry or boiled)	20	1		2
20. Fruits, dry, with shells removed	10	1		2
21. Fuel	40	1		1
22. Gypsum	40	1		1
23. Gypsum, on exportation outside the Colony	75	2		1
24. Hazelnuts	10	1		2
25. Hay	40	1		1
26. Konary	20	1		2
27. Lime	40	1		1
28. Linseed	20	1		2
29. Mavrokokko	20	1		2
30. Nuts	10	2½		10
31. Oats	20	1		1
32. Oil, Olive	10	5		20
33. Oil, other	10	2½		10
34. Olives	20	1		2
35. Olive stones	40	1		1
36. Onions	20	1		1
37. Peas and other pulse	20	1		2
38. Potatoes	20	1		1
39. Pumice stone	40	1		1
40. Sesame	20	2½		5
41. Silk	3	9	360	
42. Silk cocoons, dry	10	20		80
43. Silk cocoons, fresh	5	5		40
44. Straw	40	1		0½
45. Straw, on exportation, outside the Colony	75	1		0½
46. Vetches	20	1		1
47. Vikos	20	1		1
48. Wheat	20	1		0½
49. Wines and Spirits	20	1		1
50. Wood	40	1		1
51. Wool	40	10		10
52. Zivania : weighing and testing by Sikes's hydro- meter	40	1		1
53. Zivania : weighing and testing by Carter's hydro- meter	40	1		1

Fees for any
quantity in excess
of the minimum
measure.

Paras per 100 or
part thereof

	Minimum Measure	
54. Lemons	100	1
55. Oranges (Jaffa)	100	1
56. Oranges (other kinds) and grapefruit	100	1

Fees shall be calculated on the actual weight of the goods weighed at the above rates :

Provided that—

(a) Fractions under 10 *paras* shall not be collected.

(b) For fractions of 10 *paras* and over and under 30 *paras* the sum of 20 *paras* shall be collected.

(c) For fractions of 30 *paras* and over and under 40 *paras* the sum of 40 *paras* shall be collected :

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing or measuring or testing shall be 1cp.

SECOND APPENDIX.

(Bye-law 2 (3).)

BYE-LAWS NOT APPLICABLE.

Bye-laws 76 to 85, 134, 144 to 146, 166, 169 to 171, 191 to 195.

The above bye-laws have been approved by the Colonial Secretary.

(M.P. 1112/51.)