

*Fees for any
quantity in excess
of the minimum
weight.*

*Paras per oke or part
thereof*

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Goods</i>	<i>Minimum Weight. okes</i>
31.	Oil, Olive	10
32.	Oil, other	10
33.	Olives	20
34.	Olive stones	40
35.	Onions	20
36.	Peas and other pulse	20
37.	Potatoes	20
38.	Pumice stone	40
39.	Sesame	20
40.	Silk	1
41.	Silk cocoons, dry	5
42.	Silk cocoons, fresh	5
43.	Straw	40
44.	Sumac	40
45.	Terra umbra, natural, in lumps or ground	40
46.	Terra umbra, calcined, in lumps or ground	40
47.	Vetches	20
48.	Vikos	20
49.	Wheat	20
50.	Wines and Spirits	20
51.	Wood	40
52.	Zivania : weighing and testing by Sikes's hydro- meter	20
53.	Zivania : weighing and testing by Carter's hydro- meter	20
54.	Wool	20

*Fees for any
quantity in excess
of the minimum
measure.*

*Paras per 100 or par
thereof*

	<i>Minimum Measure</i>
55. Lemons	100
56. Oranges (Jaffa)	100
57. Oranges (other kinds) and grapefruit	100

Fees shall be calculated on the actual weight of the goods weighed at the above rates :

Provided that—

(a) Fractions under 10 *paras* shall not be collected.

(b) For fractions of 10 *paras* and over and under 30 *paras* the sum of 20 *paras* shall be collected.

(c) For fractions of 30 *paras* and over and under 40 *paras* the sum of 40 *paras* shall be collected :

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing or measuring or testing shall be *lep*.

THIRD APPENDIX.

(Bye-law 2 (4).)

BYE-LAWS NOT APPLICABLE.

Bye-laws 161, 171, 191 to 215 (both inclusive).

The above bye-laws have been approved by the Colonial Secretary.

(M.P. 2189/50.)

No. 252. THE VILLAGES (ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT) LAWS, 1950.

BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE IMPROVEMENT BOARD OF SINDA.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by section 24 of the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Laws, 1950, the Improvement Board of Sinda hereby make the following bye-laws :—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Sinda Bye-laws, 1951.

2.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2), (3) and (4) of this bye-law, the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Pedhoulas Bye-laws, 1951, published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951 (hereinafter called "the model bye-laws") shall—

(a) be deemed to be bye-laws made by the Improvement Board of Sinda and to be incorporated herein, and

(b) apply to the improvement area of Sinda :

Provided that for the word "Pedhoulas" and for the word "Nicosia" wherever they occur in the model bye-laws, the word "Sinda" and the word "Famagusta" shall be substituted respectively.

(2) The bye-laws set out in the First Appendix hereto shall be substituted for the corresponding bye-laws of the model bye-laws.

(3) The bye-laws of the model bye-laws referred to in the Second Appendix hereto have been adopted by the Improvement Board of Sinda subject to the amendments specified in the said Appendix.

(4) The bye-laws of the model bye-laws mentioned in the Third Appendix hereto shall not apply to the improvement area of Sinda.

FIRST APPENDIX.

(Bye-law 2 (2).)

BYE-LAWS TO BE SUBSTITUTED.

Bye-law 26.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person slaughtering any animal in the appropriate slaughter-house, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox not exceeding thirty okes in weight	1	0
(b) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox exceeding thirty okes in weight	2	0
(c) For every goat, kid, lamb or sheep of six okes or over in weight	—	5
(d) For every kid or lamb under six okes in weight	—	4

Provided that when any animal which has been slaughtered is to be used exclusively by the owner and his family for the purpose of salting, one shilling shall, irrespective of the weight of the animal, be paid in lieu of the fees hereinbefore prescribed.

Bye-law 37.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any perishable goods in the market of perishable goods, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) When the value of such goods is under two shillings	—	1
(b) When the value of such goods exceeds two shillings but does not exceed four shillings	—	2
(c) When the value of such goods exceeds four shillings but does not exceed eight shillings	—	3
(d) When the value of such goods exceeds eight shillings but does not exceed fifteen shillings	—	4
(e) When the value of such goods exceeds fifteen shillings but does not exceed twenty shillings	—	5
(f) When the value of such goods exceeds twenty shillings but does not exceed forty shillings	—	6
(g) When the value of such goods exceeds forty shillings but does not exceed eighty shillings	1	0

(2) If the value of such goods exceeds £4, a fee of 4p. for each additional pound or fraction thereof shall be added to the aforementioned fee of one shilling.

Bye-law 51.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every carcass of sheep or goat or part thereof	—	4
(b) For every carcass of a young lamb or kid of less than 6 okes in weight or part thereof	—	3
(c) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof not exceeding 30 okes in weight	1	0
(d) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight	2	0
(e) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 60 okes in weight	3	0

Bye-law 75.—(1) The following tolls shall be paid by the owner of or the person exposing for sale any animal in the market of animals, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every horse, mule or ox	2	0
(b) For every ass	1	0
(c) For every camel	2	0
(d) For every sheep, goat or swine	—	4
(e) For every kid, lamb or suckling pig	—	2
(f) For every live chicken	—	1
(g) For every live fowl	—	1
(h) For every live turkey	—	2

Bye-law 82. The following tolls shall be paid by every person selling or exposing for sale in the fair market the following animals, goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids of any kind, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every camel, horse, mule or ox sold	2	0
(b) For every donkey sold	1	0
(c) For every swine of any age sold	—	4
(d) For any kind of goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids exposed for sale for the whole or any part of the period of the said fair, a toll from 1p. to 20s. according to the value or quantity thereof, to be determined in each case by the inspector,		

Bye-law 155.—(2) The following fees shall be paid by every hawkers in respect of every day upon which he hawks goods within the improvement area, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £1	—	1
(b) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £3	—	2
(c) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3 but does not exceed £10	—	4
(d) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £10	1	0

Bye-law 172.—(4) The following fees shall be paid by every person for a licence or renewal of a licence to keep any dog within the improvement area, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every bitch in every year	4	0
(b) For each additional bitch in every year	5	0
(c) For the first dog in every year	2	0
(d) For each additional dog in every year	3	0

Bye-law 185.—(1) Every person who, within the improvement area, carries on, exercises or practises any profession, business, trade or other calling, as hereinafter mentioned, shall, in every year, pay a fee in accordance with the following scale, as the Board may in each case determine :—

	<i>An annual fee not exceeding : shillings.</i>
(a) Barbers	10
(b) Bakers, butchers, clubs, contractors, dentists, medical practitioners, chemists, pharmacists, mineral water manufacturers, pianists or bandmasters, photographers, shoemakers, telegraph agencies	40
(c) Hotel-keepers, boarding-house keepers, lodging-house keepers or khan keepers	40
(d) Keepers of coffee-houses, drapery-shops, grocery-shops, restaurants or any other class of shops	20
(e) Individuals keeping motor cars for public hire, per motor car	20
(f) Motor car companies, partnerships or agencies keeping motor cars for public hire	100
(g) Merchants, money-lenders, business men, manufacturers	60
(h) Persons carrying on within the improvement area any profession, business, trade or other calling not enumerated above	60

SECOND APPENDIX.

(*Bye-law 2 (3).*)

BYE-LAWS TO BE AMENDED.

Bye-law 23. The words “ or pork market, as the case may be,” in the second line to be deleted. The word “ Board ” in the third line to be replaced by the word “ butcher ”.

Bye-law 29. The words “ or the slaughter-house No. 2 ” in the second and fourth line to be deleted.

The words “ or a slaughter-house No. 2, as the case may be,” in the sixth line to be deleted.

Bye-law 30.—(a) The words “ or swine ” in the second line to be deleted.

(d) The words “ and the slaughter-house No. 2 ” in the second line to be deleted.

Bye-law 68.—(a) The figure of “ 1 per centum ” in the third line to be replaced by the figure “ 2 per centum ”.

Bye-law 86. The words “ (a) The pork market ” in the second line to be deleted.

Bye-law 87. The words “ or fresh pork in the pork market ” in the second line to be deleted.

Bye-law 87.—(1) The words “ or fresh pork ” in paragraph (f) to be deleted.

Bye-law 87.—(2) The words “ or fresh pork ” in the fourth line of paragraph (c) to be deleted.

Bye-law 88. The words “ pork market ” in the second line to be deleted.

Bye-law 90. The words “ fresh pork ” in the first line to be deleted.

Bye-law 92.—(b) The word “ three ” in the second line to be replaced by the word “ five ”.

Bye-law 110.—(4) The figure of £20, in the third line to be replaced by the figure of £2.

Bye-law 117.—(a) The figure of £3 in the second line to be replaced by the figure of £4.

Bye-law 117.—(b) The figure of £20 in the third line to be replaced by the figure of £5.

The figure of 3s. in the fifth line of the proviso to be replaced by the figure of £1.

Bye-law 134.—(1) (b) The figure of £10 in the fourth line to be replaced by the figure of £2.

Bye-law 135.—(2) The words “ five shillings ” in the second line to be replaced by the words “ ten shillings ”.

Bye-law 136.—(2) The words “ ten shillings ” in the second line to be replaced by the words “ fifteen shillings ”.

Bye-law 139.—(3) The words “ ten shillings ” in the first line to be replaced by the words “ not exceed eight shillings ”.

Bye-law 163.—(1) (a) The figure of £6 in the second line to be replaced by the figure of £2.

Bye-law 163.—(1) (b) The figure of £3 in the second line to be replaced by the figure of 10s.

Bye-law 170. The figure of £25 in the fifth line to be replaced by the figure of £5.

Bye-law 173.—(2) The figure of two shillings in the fourth line to be replaced by the figure of one shilling.

Bye-law 178.—(1) The words “ three paras ” in the fifth line to be replaced by the words “ two paras ”.

Bye-law 187. The words "1st day of September" in the first line to be replaced by the words "1st day of April".

Bye-law 189. The words "31st day of October" in the second line to be replaced by the words "15th day of October".

Bye-law 221.—(a) The figure of £25 in the third line to be replaced by the figure of £10.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

GOODS TO BE WEIGHED, MEASURED OR TESTED UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE LAW AND FEES PAYABLE FOR THE WEIGHING, MEASURING OR TESTING THEREOF.

(*Bye-law 177*).

Fees for any quantity in excess of the minimum weight.

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Goods</i>	<i>Minimum Weight. oke</i>	<i>Fees cp.</i>	<i>Paras per oke or part thereof</i>
1.	Almonds	10	1	2
2.	Aniseed	20	1	2
3.	Barley	20	1	1
4.	Beans	20	1	2
5.	Butter (of milk)	3	3	40
6.	Butter, other, such as cocoline, vegetaline, etc. ..	10	5	20
7.	Carobs, natural or ground	40	2	1
8.	Carobs, natural or ground, on exportation ..	40	2	1
9.	Charcoal	20	1	2
10.	Coal	40	2	2
11.	Colocas	20	1	1
12.	Cotton, unginned	40	2	2
13.	Cotton, ginned	20	2	4
14.	Cotton seed	20	1	1
15.	Cumin seed	20	1	2
16.	Favetta	20	1	2
17.	Flour	20	1	2
18.	Fruit, fresh (other than oranges and lemons) ..	10	1	1
19.	Fruit, dry (raisins, dry or boiled)	20	1	2
20.	Fruits, dry, with shells removed	10	1	4
21.	Fuel	40	1	1
22.	Gypsum	40	1	1
23.	Gypsum, on exportation outside the Colony ..	75	—	—
24.	Hazelnuts	10	1	2
25.	Hay	40	1	1
26.	Konary	20	1	2
27.	Lime	40	1	1
28.	Linseed	20	1	2
29.	Mavrokokko	20	1	2
30.	Nuts	10	1	4
31.	Oats	20	1	1
32.	Oil, Olive	10	2	5
33.	Oil, other	10	2	5
34.	Olives	20	1	2
35.	Olive stones	40	1	1
36.	Onions	20	1	1
37.	Peas and other pulse	20	1	2
38.	Potatoes	20	1	1
39.	Pumice stone	40	1	1
40.	Sesame	20	2	3
41.	Silk	3	15	5
42.	Silk cocoons, dry	10	3	10
43.	Silk cocoons, fresh	5	2	5
44.	Straw	40	1	1
45.	Vetches	20	1	1
46.	Vikos	20	1	1
47.	Wheat	20	1	2
48.	Wines and Spirits	20	1	2
49.	Wood	40	1	1
50.	Wool	40	5	5
51.	Zivania : weighing and testing by Sikes's hydro-meter	40	5	5
52.	Zivania : weighing and testing by Carter's hydro-meter	40	5	5

*Fees for any
quantity in excess
of the minimum
measure.*

	<i>Minimum Measure</i>	<i>Fees cp.</i>	<i>Paras per 100 or part thereof</i>
53. Lemons	100	2	40
54. Oranges (Jaffa)	100	2	40
55. Oranges (other kinds) and grapefruit	100	2	40

Fees shall be calculated on the actual weight of the goods weighed at the above rates :

Provided that—

- Fractions under 10 *paras* shall not be collected.
- For fractions of 10 *paras* and over and under 30 *paras* the sum of 20 *paras* shall be collected.
- For fractions of 30 *paras* and over and under 40 *paras* the sum of 40 *paras* shall be collected :

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing or measuring or testing shall be 1cp.

THIRD APPENDIX.

(Bye-law 2 (4).)

BYE-LAWS NOT APPLICABLE.

Bye-laws 5, 9, 11, 12, 53 to 58 (both inclusive), 171, 180 to 184 (both inclusive) and 191 to 215 (both inclusive).

The above bye-laws have been approved by the Colonial Secretary.

(M.P. 1099/51.)

No. 253. THE WATER (DOMESTIC PURPOSES) VILLAGE SUPPLIES LAW, 1948.

BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE WATER COMMISSION OF AYIOS THEODOROS VILLAGE UNDER SECTION 29.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by section 29 of the Water (Domestic Purposes) Village Supplies Law, 1948, the Water Commission of Ayios Theodoros village hereby make the following bye-laws :—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Village Domestic Water Supply (Ayios Theodoros) Bye-laws, 1951.

2.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this bye-law, the Village Domestic Water Supply (Elea) Bye-laws, 1950, published in the *Gazette* of 1st November, 1950, shall—

(a) be deemed to be bye-laws made by the Water Commission of Ayios Theodoros and to be incorporated herein, and

(b) apply to the village of Ayios Theodoros.

(2) The bye-laws set out in Part I of the Schedule hereto shall be substituted for the corresponding bye-laws of the Village Domestic Water Supply (Elea) Bye-laws, 1950.

(3) Those bye-laws of the Village Domestic Water Supply (Elea) Bye laws, 1950, mentioned in Part II of the Schedule hereto, shall not apply to the village of Ayios Theodoros.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

(Bye-law 2 (2).)

BYE-LAWS TO BE SUBSTITUTED.

Bye-law 2.—In these bye-laws, unless the context otherwise requires—

“Commissioner” means the Commissioner of the District of Famagusta and includes an Assistant Commissioner of that District;

“Law” means the Water (Domestic Purposes) Village Supplies Law, 1948, and any law amending or substituted for the same;

“Village” means the village of Ayios Theodoros;

“Water” means the water of the water supply;

“Water Commission” means the Water Commission of Ayios Theodoros village;

“Water Supply” means the supply of water for domestic purposes used or constructed under the Law in the village of Ayios Theodoros and includes all wells, bores, reservoirs, dams, weirs, tanks, cisterns, tunnels, filterbeds, conduits, aqueducts, mains, pipes, fountains, sluices, valves, pumps, channels, engines and other structures or appliances used or constructed for the storage, conveyance, supply, distribution, measurement or regulation of the water of such supply of water.

Bye-law 12.—The Water Commission shall, in every year, fix a uniform rate, not exceeding one pound, to be paid by every householder in the village for the maintenance of the water supply.

Bye-law 13.—The Water Commission shall, not later than the 31st day of March in each year, post or cause to be posted in two conspicuous places in the village a notice under the signature of the Chairman of the Water Commission specifying the rate fixed for the year to which the notice relates, and such rate shall be paid by each householder in the village to the Water Commission not later than the 15th day of September of the same year.