No. 184.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH (VILLAGES) LAWS, 1936 TO 1943.

RULES MADE BY THE VILLAGE HEALTH COMMISSION OF THE VILLAGE OF TAVROS UNDER SECTION 9.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by Section 9 of the Public Health (Villages) Laws, 1936 to 1943, the Village Health Commission of Tavros hereby make the following rules:-

1. These rules may be cited as the Village Health (Tavros) Rules, 1947, and shall come into operation on their publication in the Gazette.

- 2.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this rule, the Village Health (Karavostasi) Rules, 1938, published in the Gazette of the 4th March, 1938, shall-
 - (a) be deemed to be rules made by the Village Health Commission of Tayros and to be incorporated herein, and

(b) apply to the village of Tayros.

- (2) The rules set out in Part I of the Schedule hereto shall be substituted for the corresponding rules of the Village Health (Karavostasi) Rules, 1938.
- (3) Those rules of the Village Health (Karavostasi) Rules, 1938, mentioned in Part II of the Schedule hereto, shall not apply to the village of Tayros.

SCHEDULE. PART I. $(Rule \ 2 \ (2).)$

RULES TO BE SUBSTITUTED.

Rule 3. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms have the meanings respectively assigned to them, that

is to say:—
"Animal", save when in any part or chapter of these rules otheranimal cow goat, horse, kid, lamb, wise defined, means any ass, camel, cow, goat, horse, kid, lamb,

mule, ox, sheep or swine.

"Bakery" means any premises or place used for preparing or making or baking bread for sale to the public.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the District of

Famagusta, and includes any person who at any time is lawfully discharging the duties of the Commissioner of the District of Famagusta.

"Fresh meat" means the fresh meat of any animal.

"Household refuse" means any ashes, dung, dust, filth, paper, rubbish or any other waste matter.

"Khan" includes any room or place used as a khan or in con-

nection therewith.

"Medical Officer" means the District Medical Officer of Famagusta or his representative and includes any registered Medical Practitioner or other person authorized or appointed by the Director of Medical and Health Services for the purposes of these rules.

"Premises" means any building, structure, hut, shop, tent, land

or place situated within the area of the village.

- Public Notification" means a notification by the Chairman of the Village Health Commission and posted in at least two conspicuous places within the area of the village.
- 'Sanitary Convenience" includes any urinal, privy or cesspit. "Street" includes any square, road, bridle-path, pathway, blind-alley, passage, footway, pavement or public place situated within the area of the village.

"Village" means the village of Tavros.

"Village Health Commission" means the Village Health Commission of the village of Tayros.

Rule 20. The following fees shall be paid by the owner of, or the person	
slaughtering, any animal in the slaughter-house, that is to say:	
(a) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox of 40 okes and over 1s.	
(b) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox under 40 okes 5p.	
(c) For every goat or sheep $\dots \dots \dots \dots 3p$.	
(d) For every lamb or kid $\dots \dots \dots \dots 2p$.	
(e) For every swine of over 30 okes 1s.	
(f) For every swine of less than 30 okes $\dots \dots 5p$.	
Rule 21. All carcasses shall be conveyed from the slaughter-house to)
the meat market or pork market by the owner of or by the person	1
slaughtering such animal in such a manner as the Village Health	J
Commission may from time to time direct.	
Rule 32. The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for	r
sale any perishable goods in the market of perishable goods, that is to say:	
(a) For every load of such goods of 30 okes or over, per day $2p$.	
(b) For every load of such goods under 30 okes, per day 1p.	
Rule 46. The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing	g
for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, that is to say:—	
(a) For every carcass of sheep or goat or part thereof 2p.	
(b) For every carcass of a young lamb or kid or part thereof 1p.	
(c) For every carcass of ox, camel, swine, cow or bullock	
or part thereof $\dots \dots \dots$	
Chapter 4.—Animal Market.	
Rule 55. The Village Health Commission may from time to time	_

Rule 55. The Village Health Commission may from time to time appoint any premises or place within the area of the village to be the market of animals.

Rule 56. The control and management of the animal market are hereby vested in the person appointed from time to time by the Village Health Commission to be the Inspector of the animal market (hereinafter called the "Inspector") subject to the instructions which he may from time to time receive from the Village Health Commission.

Rule 57. The following fees shall be paid by any person exposing for sale any animal in the animal market, that is to say:—

Rule 66.—(a) All bread exposed for sale within the village must be properly baked and be kept clean from flies and dust.

- (b) All bread exposed for sale within the village shall be made into loaves of 400 drams and half loaves of 200 drams each.
- (c) Any bread exposed for sale badly baked or of short weight shall be confiscated by the Inspector and be dealt with in such manner as the Village Health Commission may direct.

PART II. (Rule 2 (3).) RULES NOT APPLICABLE. Rules 1, 2, and 78.

The above rules, in so far as they relate to matters referred to in paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of section 9 (1) of the Public Health (Villages) Laws, 1936 to 1943, have been approved by the Commissioner and in so far as they relate to matters referred to in paragraphs (a) and (e) of the said section of the said Laws, have been approved by the Commissioner and the Director of Medical and Health Services.

(M.P. 1347/37/9.)