## THE QUARANTINE LAW, 1932.

## REGULATIONS MADE UNDER SECTION 6.

J. V. W. SHAW,

Acting Governor.

I, the Acting Governor in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred on the Governor in Council by section 6 of the Quarantine Law, 1932,

do hereby make the following regulations:—
1. These regulations may be cited as the Quarantine (Aircraft) Amendment Regulations, 1943, and shall be read as one with the Quarantine (Aircraft) Regulations, 1937, (hereinafter referred to as the principal Regulations") and the principal Regulations and these. regulations may together be cited as the Quarantine (Aircraft) Regulations, 1937 and 1943.

2. Regulation 28 of the principal Regulations is hereby revoked and

the following substituted therefor:-

"28.—(1) In the case of aircraft coming from a local area infected by Yellow Fever, the following measures may be applied:--

A .- The aircraft may be ordered to land at any prescribed aerodrome.

B.-Inspection of aircraft and cargo for mosquitoes and, if necessary, disinsectisation.

C.—Medical inspection.

D.—(a) if any person on board is not in possession of a valid yellow fever certificate, he will, without exception, be quarantined in properly screened quarters until six days have elapsed from the date of leaving the endemic area;

(b) if any person on board is in possession of a valid yellow fever certificate, he will be allowed to proceed without quarantine;

(c) if any person on board has been inoculated while staying in a local area infected by yellow fever for less than ten days efore entering it and leave it again—

before the expiry of nine days from the date of inoculation, he will be quarantined in properly screened quarters until six days have elapsed from the date of leaving the area;

(ii) after the expiry of nine days, but before the expiry of fifteen days, from the date of inoculation, he will be quarantined in properly screened quarters for the

balance of the fifteen days;

(iii) after the expiration of fifteen days from the date of the inoculation, or, if he has not been in a local area infected by yellow fever between the day of inoculation and the tenth day thereafter, he shall be allowed to proceed withdut quarantine.

(2) For the purposes of this regulation—

valid yellow fever certificate 'means a certificate certifying:-(a) that the bearer has been inoculated for the first time more

than fifteen days and less than two years previously; or (b) that the bearer has been re-inoculated within the past two

years; or

(c) that the bearer has recovered from an attack of yellow fever. and that his blood contains immune bodies against yellow fever as proved by a test carried out by an Institute regularly carrying out biological tests for yellow fever."

Made in Council, this 11th day of March, 1943.

(M.P. 1070/30/2.)

N. D. WATSON, Clerk of the Executive Council,

d. by 4/69

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