

No. 13. THE TELEGRAPHS LAW, 1933.

LICENCE UNDER SECTION 3 (2).

H. R. PALMER,  
*Governor.*

In exercise of the powers vested in me by section 3 (2) of the Telegraphs Law, 1933, I, Sir Herbert Richmond Palmer, Governor of the Colony of Cyprus, hereby grant unto Cable and Wireless Limited, a Company incorporated in England whose registered office is at Electra House Victoria Embankment in the City of Westminster and whose chief place of business in the Colony is at Nicosia a Licence and permission to establish, construct, maintain and work a telegraph and telegraph lines within such parts of the Colony and to lay carry and maintain any poles or wires for the purpose of such telegraph and telegraph line in along through across and under any street or immovable property as may be necessary for the purposes of giving effect to :—

- (1) The Deed made the 8th day of November, 1933, between the Governor of the Colony of Cyprus of the one part and Cable and Wireless Limited under its then name of Imperial and International Communication Limited.
- (2) The Agreement made the 8th day of November, 1933, between the same parties being supplemental to the aforesaid Deed, and
- (3) Any agreement which may hereafter be entered into between the Governor of the Colony of Cyprus and Cable and Wireless Limited for the purpose of supplementing the aforesaid Deed and Agreement.

Given under my hand at Nicosia, this 14th day of January, 1939.

(M.P. 1052/33.)

No. 14. The Municipal Corporations Laws, 1930 to 1938.

BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE COUNCIL OF THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF  
LAPITHOS.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by the Municipal Corporations Laws, 1930 to 1938, and otherwise, the Council of the Municipal Corporation of Lapithos hereby make the following Bye-laws :—

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the Municipal Corporation (Lapithos) Amendment Bye-laws, 1939, and shall be read as one with the Municipal Corporations (Lapithos) Bye-laws, 1931 to 1937 (hereinafter called " the Principal Bye-laws ") and the Principal Bye-laws and these Bye-laws may together be cited as the Municipal Corporation (Lapithos) Bye-laws, 1931 to 1939.

2. The following Bye-law shall be substituted for bye-law 17 of the Principal Bye-laws,

*Gazettes :*

13.11.1931

16. 9.1931

20. 4.1934

30. 8.1935

*Supplement*

No. 3 of :

19. 2.1937

α. 51/565.

"17.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner or the person slaughtering any animal in the slaughter-houses, that is to say:—

(a) For every cow or ox not exceeding thirty okes in weight .. .. .	s. p.
	1 6
(b) For every cow or ox exceeding thirty okes in weight .. .. .	2 0
(c) For every goat or sheep not exceeding 10 okes in weight .. .. .	1 0
(d) For every goat or sheep exceeding 10 okes in weight .. .. .	1 4½

(2) Every such fee shall be paid to the Inspector."

3. The following Bye-laws shall be substituted for bye-laws 88 and 89 of the Principal Bye-laws respectively:—

"88. A fee of <sup>one</sup> shilling shall in every year ending 31st December be paid to the town clerk and treasurer to keep a dog, not being an unweaned puppy. *a. 21/565-20.3.*

89.—(1) Every dog—

- (a) in respect of which a licence has been refused,  
 (b) in respect of which a licence has been withdrawn,

shall be delivered forthwith by its owner to the kennels of the Municipal Corporation to be disposed of in such manner or destroyed by electrocution or by lethal or asphyxiating chamber, as the Mayor may in writing direct:

Provided that no such dog shall be disposed of or destroyed until the expiration of the period of seven days in section 181A (2) of the Municipal Corporations Laws, 1930 to 1938, prescribed or, in case of an appeal to the Commissioner thereunder, until the decision of the Commissioner thereon has been given and then only when such decision upholds the refusal to grant a licence or the withdrawal of a licence granted, as the case may be.

(2) Every dog found wandering within the municipal limits and not wearing either the numbered metal badge or a duplicate metal badge as required by section 181B of the Municipal Corporations Laws, 1930 to 1938, or a metal badge required under the provisions of any other Law may be seized by any person authorized in writing in that behalf by the Mayor or by any member of the Cyprus Police Force who shall deliver such dog to the kennels of the Municipal Corporation.

(3) When a dog is delivered to the kennels of the Municipal Corporation in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 89 (2), the Council shall hold the same for a period of twenty-four hours. If during the said period of twenty-four hours the dog is not claimed, it shall be disposed of in such manner or destroyed by electrocution or by lethal or asphyxiating chamber, as the Mayor may in writing direct:

Provided that if the dog appears to be of value and there is reason to believe that it is licensed although not wearing either the metal badge required by section 181B of the Municipal Corporations Laws, 1930 to 1938, or a metal badge required under the provisions of any other Law the period of detention may, if the Mayor so in writing directs, be extended to seven days before disposal or destruction.

(4) The owner of a dog that has been detained in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 89 (3) may recover the same within the period specified therein upon production of the licence and against payment to the Council of all seizure and custody charges. The custody charges shall not exceed the sum of three piastres per diem."

4. The following headings and Bye-laws shall be inserted in the Principal Bye-laws immediately after bye-law 106 :—

#### “ PART XIA.

#### HOTELS AND FEES, ENTERTAINMENT DUTY AND LICENCES FOR BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

##### *Chapter 1.—Hotels and Fees.*

106A.—(1) There shall be paid by every licensee of a hotel a fee of one piastre for every person of over 10 years of age in respect of every night or part thereof on which such person is provided with sleeping accommodation at such hotel.

(2) The total amount of such fees collected shall be paid to the town clerk and treasurer at the Municipality at least once a month.

(3)—(a) Every licensee of a hotel shall keep a special register in which he shall enter (i) the name of each of the visitors to such hotel, (ii) the age of such visitor, (iii) the time of arrival, and (iv) the time of departure of such visitor.

(b) The entries in the special register under headings (i) to (iii) shall be made as soon as the visitor enters the hotel and the entry under heading (iv) shall be made as soon as the visitor leaves the hotel.

(4) The licensees of hotels shall be bound to have the special registers at the disposal of the Municipal employees during all reasonable times.

(5) At the written request of the Mayor or some other person duly authorized by the Mayor on that behalf, any licensee of a hotel is bound to have true copies of the special register made and supply same free of any charge to the Council or to any other person duly authorized on that behalf by the Mayor.

Such copies shall be furnished 24 hours at the latest, after same have been asked for.

##### *Chapter 2.—Entertainment Duty.*

106B.—(1) (a) The Council shall charge a duty (hereinafter in this chapter called ‘entertainment duty’) on all payments made for admission to any public entertainment.

(b) The entertainment duty shall be at the rate of 1*p.* on each ticket for admission and shall be payable by the manager: provided that in the case of the entertainment known as ‘Punchinello’ the entertainment duty may, with the authority of the Mayor, be reduced to 0½*p.* on each ticket for admission to such entertainment.

(c) The entertainment duty shall be levied by special stamps to be printed by the Council and to be sold by the Council to managers.

(2)—(a) No person shall be admitted to any public entertainment except against a ticket, even though such ticket is issued free of charge: provided that no entertainment duty shall be levied or paid on any ticket issued free of charge.

(b) An inspection coupon shall be attached to each ticket and such coupon shall be detached from the ticket by the ticket collector upon entry of the ticket holder to the public entertainment. The ticket itself shall be kept by the ticket holder until the public entertainment is over.

(3) The correct price of each ticket shall be stated thereon.

(4) Any person selling tickets shall affix on each ticket, prior to its sale to any purchaser, the appropriate stamp, and such person shall cancel any stamp so affixed by him dating, sealing or otherwise making it impossible to re-use such stamp.

(5)—(a) The Council may grant any reduction of or exemption from the entertainment duty in respect of tickets:—

- (i) to any sports competition, or
- (ii) to any public entertainment the income of which is destined for religious or charitable purposes, or
- (iii) to any public entertainment of a wholly educational or scientific character, or
- (iv) to any public entertainment which is provided for partly educational or partly scientific purposes by a society, institution or committee not conducted or established for profit.

(b) Any person wishing to be granted any reduction or exemption under paragraph (5) (a) of this bye-law, in respect of any public entertainment, shall submit an application in writing to the Council prior to the sale of any ticket for such public entertainment.

(c) Any person who does not submit such application in writing prior to selling tickets or whose application has been refused by the Council shall pay the entertainment duty in full.

(6) The Council or a representative of the Council duly authorized in that behalf in writing by the Mayor shall have the right to enter any public entertainment and examine any ticket whether at the cash desk, with the ticket collectors, orderlies, purchasers or otherwise in order to ascertain whether the provisions of this chapter are being complied with.

(7) Any person who—

- (i) sells or offers for sale any ticket the price of which has not been stated at all or the price of which is stated incorrectly or sells or offers for sale any ticket at a price higher than that stated on the ticket, or
- (ii) sells any ticket (not being a free ticket) not bearing a stamp or bearing a stamp of insufficient value, or
- (iii) in any way whatever hinders the Council or its representative from entering any public entertainment or examining the tickets or renders such examination nugatory by not returning the ticket to the purchaser upon entry in accordance with the provision of paragraph 2 (b) of this bye-law, or

- (iv) admits any person or allows the admission of any person to any public entertainment without a ticket or against a ticket which is not in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, or
- (v) takes off from any ticket a cancelled stamp for the purpose of re-using such stamp or affixes a stamp that has already been used once to any ticket, or
- (vi) otherwise contravenes the provisions of this chapter, shall be guilty of an offence against these bye-laws.

(8) For the purposes of this chapter 'manager' means the person in whose name the licence for a public entertainment is granted or any person under whose supervision, care or management, the public entertainment is carried out or the person who is the owner or occupier of the land or building in or on which the public entertainment takes place :

Provided that if the licence for public entertainment is granted in the name of two or more persons each of them shall be severally and jointly responsible for the carrying out of the provisions of this chapter.

106c. The provisions of this chapter shall apply, with such modifications as the Council may allow in writing to suit the nature of the case, to any tent, field, open space or place used for any stage play, cinematograph exhibition, or public meetings, as if it were a theatre.

### *Chapter 3.—Licences for Bicycles and Tricycles.*

106d. From and after the 1st day of January, 1939, no person shall ride a bicycle or tricycle on any road within the municipal limits, unless such bicycle or tricycle has been licensed in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws and bears a number-plate issued in respect thereof and attached thereto in such manner as may be required by the Council or unless such bicycle or tricycle is duly licensed for the time being by some other Municipal Council.

106e. Every person who desires a licence and number-plate in respect of a bicycle or tricycle shall make application therefor to the Council and the Council shall issue to such person such licence and number-plate upon payment of the fee prescribed in bye-law 106f of these bye-laws.

106f. The fee to be paid to the Council in respect of each licence and number-plate for a bicycle or tricycle issued by them shall be two shillings : provided that where a licence is issued after the 30th June in any year a fee of one shilling shall be charged.

106g. All licences issued under these bye-laws shall expire on the 31st day of December next following the date of issue thereof.

106h. Number-plates shall be used only during the year for which they are issued."

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The above Bye-laws have been approved by His Excellency the Governor. (M.P. 1686/08/2.)